The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1035

RECRUITS TO SERVICES

High Ranking Candidates Join Training School

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): The first test of selections to the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service through the recently appointed recruitment board are announced.

A press note issued today said:

The Special Recruitment Board which is selecting candidates for the Indian Administrative Service, the Indian Police Service and certain other services has completed the interviews of candidates in the provinces of Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bihar, Orissa and Assam, and is at present engaged in interviewing candidates in Madras. It will visit the remaining provinces in the course of the next three months, and the final selection of candidates for appointment will be made thereafter.

In advance of the complete list of selections to be made eventually, and with a view to commence training of selected candidates as early as possible, the Government of India have decided to offer appointments to candidates who have been ranked sufficiently high by the Special Recruitment Board. Accordingly offers of appointments have been issued to the following candidates:—

INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE

D. Purkayastha, S. N. Dutt, D. N. Madan, G. H. Lalwani, H. T. Sadhwani, L. S. Lulla, Madho Das Bajpai, S. B. Kulkarni, V. Subramanian, F. J. Heredia, P. D. Kasbekar, J. H. Patwardhan, D. B. Kamble, B. Shukla and Lt. T. N. Bahel.

INDIAN POLICE SERVICE

Aswini Kumar, Captain J. M. Shukla, Mahabir Prasad Singh, Eric Martin Bede, N. A. Kamble, C. J. V. Nanda, Captain S. P. Marathe, S. G. Gokhale, B. K. Lokhande, Captain W. K. Patil, John Lobo, P. J. Lewis, R. N. Haldipur, P. Y. Godbole, Major B. K. Gowardhan, Captain J. C. Kikshit, Captain Prakash Chandra Rai, P. A. Bombawale, Ranjit Singh, Damodar Chhotry and Ghanshyam Das.

The candidates selected for the Indian Administrative Service commenced their training in the Indian Administrative Service Training School, Delhi, on Monday, the 17th January 1949. The training of candidates selected for the Indian Police Service will commence next month in the Central Police Training College, Mount Abu.

BUNDELKHAND STATES MERGER

ORAI (U. P.), Jan. 18, (U. P. I.): Representatives of the States of Rewa, Datia, Samathar, Nadigaon, Sojora, Baoni, etc., met on January 16 at Datia under the chairmanship of Shri Chaturbhuj Sharma, M.L.A., and unanimously resolved the merger of the Bundelkhand States in the United Provinces on geographical and economic grounds.

The meeting welcomed the recent decision of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, regarding the 'Vindhya Pranth'.

French Writers Influenced By Indian Thought And Culture

SANTINIKETAN, Jan. 17, (A.P.I.): Prof. Louis Renou of Paris University, a leading disciple of the indologist M. Sylvan Levy, told a meeting at Santiniketan today that India should be restored to her central position in the cultural heirarchy of Aisa.

Professor Renou stated that the best writers and thinkers of France had been influenced by Indian thought and culture, and the intuitive sense of affinity between France and Indian culture had developed into devotion with the publication of Poet Tagore's works in France. The Professor pleaded for close collaboration in the cultural domain between France and India.

Sahobuddin Inaugurates Police Conference At Dacca

DACCA, Jan. 17, (A.P.I.): Mr. Khwaja Sahabuddin, Pakistan's Minister of the Interior, inaugurated today the All-Pakistan Conference of Inspectors-General of Police in the East Bengal Secretariat.

It is understood that the conference, among other matters, discussed the location of the Central Police Training School for Pakistan. The Inspectors-General of Police of all the different Pakistan Provinces are here, and they and the Minister will visit the East Bengal Police Training College at Sardah in this connection.

JAGJIVAN RAM INAUGURATING A. I. LABOUR MINISTERS CONFERENCE

The Hon'ble Shri Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, Government of India, inaugurated the All-India Labour Ministers' Conference in New Delhi, on Monday. Among those present at the Conference were Ministers from various Provinces and States and some of the Ministers of the Central Cabinet including the Hon'ble Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, Hon'ble Shri N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, the Hon'ble Shri K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Transport and Railways and the Hon'ble Shri Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Minister for Transport Government of India.

RECLAMATION OF WASTE LAND

Provincial And States Ministers Conference Approves Scheme

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18 (API): The land reclamation scheme drawn up by the Government of India to meet India's food shortage was approved in principle by the Ministers and representatives of the Provincial and States' Governments at a conference held here today under the presidentship of Mr Jairamdas Daulatram Food and Agriculture Minister.

The Minister for Finance, Dr. John Matthai, and high officials of the Ministry of Agriculture including Mr B R Sen, Mr. K. L. Punjabi were present. Among the ministers and representatives of the Provincial and States Governments who attended the Conference were: Mr. S. K. Patil (Bombay) Mr. C. S Jha (U P) Mr Anugrahanarain Sinha (Bihar), Mr. R. K Patil (C.P), Giani Kartar Singh (East Punjab), Mr. Kanungoo (Orissa), Mr. Parulekar (Madhya Bharat), Sardar Narbada Prasad Singh (Vindhya Pradesh) and Sardar Indrajit Singh (Patiala). Jaipur and Bhopal were also represented.

PARTITION AND AFTER

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, in his inaugural address, explained the background of the present scheme of the Government of India and said that after the partition of the country, India had been placed in a difficult position with regard to her economic assets. The result of this uneconomic partition has been, it is emphasised, the cause of an artificial food shortage which has got to be overcome as soon as possible. Otherwise the adverse balance of trade, which India has been facing since 1946, will become chronic.

To retrieve the unhappy economic situation and to wipe out the needs of imports, reclamation of cultivable but waste land is essential. The Foodgrains Policy Committee, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said, had recommended reclamation of nine million acres of land but considering the resources that were available or are likely to be availble, the Government's plan was to reclaim 6.2 million acres during the next seven years of which four millions were weed-infested area and the remaining 2.2 millions were new land.

ESSENTIAL NEEDS

In pushing through this reclamation scheme, the Minister observed, the essential needs were: firstly—and which is most important—was money to import machinery and equipments to carry on large-scale reclamation work. Giving the financial aspects of the scheme, he said that the total cost would be Rs. 136.35 crores of which 31.62 crores would be required in Dollars, 21.97 crores in Sterling, both being incurred abroad and the balance, Rs 82.76 crores would be expenditure in India. The Government propose to apply for a loan to the International Bank for Dollar requirements of the scheme and officials of the Bank were expected in India within the next few days, he added.

The Conference continued discussion in the afternoon when the schemes of tube-well construction supply of fertilisers and fishery development were considered.

"INTERESTED PERSONS BEHIND IT"

Kher On Move For Bombay Tenancy Act Amendment

Questioned whether members of the Khedut Sanghs of Gujerat had approached Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to intervene and get the Bombay Tenancy Act, amended, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay told reporters that the Sardar had told them that if they could sufficiently convince the Bombay Government that the Act needed to be amended, there was no doubt that it would be done.

The demand was characterised by the Premier as that of interested persons. However, he said Mr. Morarji Desai who was seeing the Sardar today would discuss the matter with him and also with the parties concerned.

DECISION ON MERGER RESTS WITH PEOPLE

Dr. Jivraj Mehta's Reply In Baroda Assembly

BARODA, Jan. 18 (U.P.I.): "The present Government of Baroda is not an Interim Government but a fully empowered body entitled to adopt any measure it likes in the interests of the people" said Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Prime Minister of Baroda, speaking on the issue of sale of the Baroda Radio station to the Government of India, in the State Legislative Assembly yesterday.

The Prime Minister further referred to a resolution moved by Mr. Nagjibhai Arya on the issue of merger of the State and said that it would be decided by the State Constituent Assembly, and the coming election would decide whether the people were for or against it. The views expressed by him on various occasions for merger were his individual views only and he thought that they were in the interests of the people. The question of merger of the State, he added, had not been raised by the Government of India so far and he assured the Anugrahanarain Sinha that the people of the Baroda State would ultimately decide it.

The resolution was thereafter withdrawn.

Mr. Kher Has No Knowledge

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay when asked by a reporter of this paper whether there was any truth in the report that Baroda and Saurashtra were to be merged in the province of Bombay said he had no knowledge.

Governor At U. S. Text-Book Exhibition

Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, signing his name in the visitor's book at the Town Hall American Text-Book Exhibition. Standing behind the Governor are, from left to right: Russi Modi, A.D.C., to the Governor, G. Edward Clark, U.S.I.S. Public Affairs Officer, Richard L. Bricker, U.S.I.S. Press Officer, and Clare. H. Timbarlane, American Consul-General.

"GRANT MORE FINANCES TO SELF-GOVERNING BODIES"

S. K. Patil's Appeal To Provincial Government

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Resuming the debate on the Municipal Budget at a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today Mr. S. K Patil congratulated the Municipal Commissioner on husbanding the resources of the Corporation in an efficient manner and thereby producing a sound budget. Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor, presided.

Mr. Patil attributed the present deficit budget to what he called, the distrustful attitude of the provincial Government. He stated that whenever there was a surplus budget the Government would always presume that the Corporation was rich, and on that ground would always refuse to allot to the Corporation further sources of revenue. This duel between the Government and the local self-government bodies which clamoured for more finances was going on for a long time. It was a vicious circle of distrust which Mr. Patil called upon the Government to break.

Mr. Patil wanted the Government to realise that things had changed remarkably in a free India, and it was therefore desirable to strengthen the hands of the local self-governing institutions like the Corporation by allocating to them powers of taxation.

SLOWNESS OF MUNICIPAL MACHINERY

Mr. Patil complained that the slowness of the municipal machinery was unbearable. He pleaded that steps should be taken to activate it and accelerate its pace. For instance there was a cry for water everywhere. There were big schemes which had so far produced no result. The scheme sanctioned by the Corporation was held up as the necessary quantity of steel was not available. It was their duty to tell the government unanimously that they wanted steel. That way alone they could forge ahead. Similar was the case with their housing programme. Sanitation was also bad, and there were heaps of garbage everywhere. It was high time that methods of sanitation in the city were modernized.

Referring to primary education Mr. Patil stated that a special officer was appointed to inquire into the prevailing conditions and report on them. His report would be out soon and he hoped that his recommendations would be implemented at once.

Concluding Mr. Patil pleaded for an increase in the number of recreational and welfare centres health clinics, libraries, gymnasiums and other civic amenities including a municipal treatre.

MORE FINANCES NEEDED

Mr. Dinker Desai said that owing to the rigid nature of the municipal resources the task of framing the budget was reduced to the position of "swimming in a tub." He pleaded that if local self-government was to be a success, adequate sources should be made available.

Mr. Desai argued that on account of enormous increase in the population of the city the Corporation had to spend much larger amounts on public health, water works and scavenging and drainage departments. They would have also to undertake heavy programme of revenue and capital Works. All this required money and indicated that if they were to maintain a proper standard in civic amenities the present deficit of Rs. 59 crores would increase every year. He agreed with the Commissioner that the Corporation had a strong case for additional sources of revenue or for subvention from the government for meeting the growing expenditure.

Describing the budget as rickety child of inflation Mr. Desai went on to point out that proportionately a large part of the total income of the Corporation was claimed by Establishment and Labour. In spite of this they were not doing justice to the employees. They were thus in a serious predicament. The income was not growing in proportion to the expenditure which was increasing day by day on account of inflation.

INJUSTICE TO THE CITY

Mr. Desai further complained that the Government of Bombay had done injustice to the Bombay city by refusing to give additional sources of revenue to the Corporation. During the last ten years, he said, the Government had drawn a large portion of its revenue from the citizens of Bombay. For instance, in 1938-39 the share of income-tax received by Bombay Government was only Rs. 30 lakhs while in 1947-48 it was 833 lakhs. It was to be remembered that a major portion of the income-tax was collected from Bombay City. Similarly, the taxes under the head "Other taxes and Duties" which mainly included entertainment duties, betting tax, electricity duties, urban immovable property tax and sales tax had increased from Rs. 63 lakhs in 1939-40 to Rs. 834 lakhs in 1947-48. A large portion of this sum also was collected from Bombay. The government, said Mr. Desai, had failed to concede the just demands of the Corporation asking for a share of these taxes. He wanted the Government to remember that like urban areas of the porvince, the city of Bombay was also in need of improvement and development. There were as much poverty and disease in the city as they were in the villages. The slum problem was essentially a city problem which required Government's assistance for its solution.

Mr. Desai added that the Government of Bombay were building up annual surpluses to the tune of Rs. ten crores. Since the revenues making these surpluses were mainly derived from the Bombay City, Mr. Desai contended that Government should hand over at least a substantial portion of these revenues to the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

Further discussion on the budget was adjourned.

Kala Venkata Rao For Consembly Seat?

MADRAS, Jan. 18, (A. P. I.): The Madras Legislature Congress Party resolved at its meeting tonight to set up Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the Congress, for the seat in the Constituent Assembly rendered vacant by Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister.

It is learnt that Mr. Kala Venkata Rao after handing over charge as Minister will continue to be a member of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

Survey Over E. I. Railway

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18, (A. P. I.): The Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey for a railway line on the broad-gauge from Chopean to Mirzapur Via Robertsganj, a distance of sixty-five miles, in continuation of the previously sanctioned survey for a line between Pipri and Chopan, according to a Press Note issued today. This survey, which will be known as Mirzapur-Chopan-Pipri survey, will be conducted by the E. I. Railway Administration.

WORLD HOUSE OF COMMONS

Evatt Sees It Emerging From U N.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 18 (Reuter): Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian External Affairs Minister and President of the United Nations General Assembly, said today he saw emerging from the United Nations a House of Commons of the World—"unless a great catastrophe overtakes us."

Addressing the United Nations Association, he said those who would destroy the United Nations are pointing the road to chaos." Three years was a brief time, he declared and too much should not be expected from the United Nations.

"Some people point to acute international problems, blindly attributing their existence to the United Nations" he said.

"This inference is utterly unjustified. Despite unexpected burdens and difficulties, the United Nations is proving that one institution is capable of minimising and settling international disputes." It had alereadv prevented war and much bloodshed. Many problems arose from unresolved great power differences, not produced by the United Nations, which was being called upon to handle them. "These include Korea, the Italian Colonies, and Berlin."

BUT FOR U.N.

"Had there been no United Nations in Palestine, the sporadic fighting would probably have been full-scale war, possibly involving many nations. The presence of Soviet troops in Iran would have led to acute difficulties, possibly fighting.

"In Kashmir United Nations intervention helped to prevent a struggle which might have convulsed Pakistan and India."

In Indonesia, he added, United Nations intervention had eased friction and prevented much conflict. "All these things have been done without appeasement of the aggressors."

CRITICISM AGAINST U. N. O. UNWARRANTED

Setalvad Stresses Need For Goodwill Among Nations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The U.N.O. as an instrument of peace could undoubtedly achieve its end if there was trust and goodwill between the nations of the world, said Mr. M. C. Setalvad, Indian delegate to the recent session of U.N.O at Paris, addressing a gathering under the auspices of the Progressive Group.

It was wrong, he said, to say that, that organisation was a failure, since it had succeeded in doing a good deal of really useful work. Having drawn up the Charter of Human Rights, the U.N.O. was now contemplating a convention on genocide, when the problem of racial massacre and the means of preventing it would be exhaustively gone into.

CRITICISM INCORRECT

Continuing the speaker said though U.N.O. was not sailing in untroubled waters, it was incorrect to criticise it as having achieved nothing during the past years. Its most laudable efforts were directed towards the prevention of bloodshed, and in this it had succeeded on several occasions. A striking example of this fact was the case of Palestine. The deliberations of the Security Council as well as those of the General Body had a definite influence in restraining the actions of its members and in shaping foreign relations.

If the U.N.O. had not succeeded fully in achieving its aim, this was merely because of the ideological conflict within it. Hence the lack of perfect harmony among member countries. The distressing consequences had their prelude in the spirit of no compromise evinced by some of the nations.

AMITY AND GOOD FAITH NEEDED

Without amity and good faith in the intentions of others no body could work. The speaker felt that a prerequisite of world peace was the will to work and compromise, and the spirit of give and take.

It had been laid down in the constitution of the U.N.O. that unless there was agreement on any issue among the Big Five no move could be made by the organisation. The Security Council was concerned with maintaining peace. Under the existing circumstances no set of rules would be of any avail in bringing about international peace.

TRIBUTES TO VYSHINSKY

Paying a compliment to the Russian representative on U.N.O. Mr. Setalvad stated that Monsieur Andrei Vyshinsky was a master of oratory and verbal pyrotechnics. He was the most powerful personality on the Assembly floor, attracting a full house when he spoke.

Among the other notables were Dr. Spaak, the originator of the Western Union, Dr. Evatt of Australia and Mr. George Marshall of the U.S.A. The personalities of these men, concluded the speaker, would certainly have a benevolent influence in international relations.

A vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. M. D. Japheth, Secretary of the Progressive Group.

MANNHEIM: German police believe they have smashed an international arms smuggling ring, with the arrest of "11 Germans and three Frenchmen charged with the illegal possession and attempted sale of war materials to certain foreign powers". Twenty new Junkers plane engines were seized in their headquarters.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff May Be Old But He Has Young Ideas. By BUD FISHER

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REMEMBRANCE DAY CELEBRATIONS

Jai Prakash Criticises Congress Stand; Directive To Socialist Party

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18 (UPI): Giving a directive to all branches of the Socialist Party to observe the 30th January as a day of dedication to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi and of service to the ideals of human equality and fellowship, Shri Jai Prakash Narain, General-Secretary of the Socialist Party, has issued the following statement to the Press.

"The Congress Party has decided to celebrate the 26th January as 'Remembrance Day'. I have been asked by members of the Socialist Party what should our attitude be. This day was observed in the past 20 years as a day when we renewed our pledge to complete independence. The Jaipur decision of the Congress to preserve India's link with the British Commonwealth is a denial of that pledge. Therefore, the 26th of January, instead of being celebrated as a Day of Remembrance, should rather serve to remind the Indian people of the unfulfilled pledge and spur them on to its fulfilment and to achievement of that full stature for their country which is the meaning of independence Accordingly, it should be our duty to see that the people are not guiled by official circuses and celebrations and that we utilise this day to remind the people of the task that remains undone.

"I have also been asked to define the Party's attitude towards the observance of January 30 This day above all should be a Day of Remembrance, a day of which millions of hearts in the country should in humility and truth call into devoted remembrance the Father of the Nation, his life and his teachings, his supreme sacrifice, his undying message On this day should India dedicate herself anew to the memory of her master and to the service of truth, love and Daridranarayan'

'Mahatma Gandhi was not of a party, but of India and of the world So it is wrong to confine the observance of a day dedicated to him within partison bounds In issuing its recent instructions regarding this matter the Congress Party again made the mistake of equating itself with the nation The Working Committee of that Party went so far as to propose a message to be read on this day There are millions in this country outside the fold of the Congress Party who too love and regard their Bapu.

But they should not like on this day to listen to the so-called message of merely one of the political parties in the country but only to the message of Bapu himself Incidentally, the more the Congress Party deviates in action from the path of Gandhiji the more anxious it is to deliver high-sounding messages in his name

"Be that as it may, I should like to direct all branches of the Socialist Party to observe the 30th January as a day of dedication to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi and of service to the ideals of human equality and fellowship Quiet and reverent processions should be taken out, with banners carrying Gandhiji's words, and public meetings should be held where appropriate passages should be read from his writings There should also be activities organised as a token of our preparedness to put into practice the ideals of the master"

Visual Aids Exhibition In February

A Visual Aids Exhibition is to be held from the 11th to the 16th of February in the New Era School Hughes Rd. Shreemati Indumati Seth, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education will preside and Mr. K. G. Saiyidain Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay will inaugurate the Exhibition

This Exhibition aims at creating and stimulating interest in Visual Aids

It is also proposed to arrange talks and discussions on Visual Education during those days

Care Of The Eyes

BOMBAY, Jan 18

Addressing a meeting in the premises of the Superintendent Victoria Gardens, Dr R S Agarwal of Delhi explained several simple methods by which one could improve his defective vision and discard glasses

Dr. Agarwal said that the eye being a sensory organ functioned without effort. When an effort was made to use it, it lost its proper function and a defect was caused. The process of blinking, but not winking, gave relaxation to the eye

The lecturer then explained the right and wrong ways of reading writing and explained the value of the sun rays to the eyes He advocated the practice of reading fine print, as a powerful aid to better vision

Dr. Agarwal will address another meeting at the Government Law College on Thursday January 20 1949 at 1 p.m.

An Englishman Looks At New India

(Continued from Page 6)

Commonwealth. But there was feeling in influential quarters that India need not be in hurry to quit the Commonwealth. In any case, there was nothing but goodwill in India towards Britain. Some had feared that the attitude that the British press adopted towards the Hyderabad question might lead to the deterioration of the relations. That danger had passed away Sir Percival appeared to be labouring under the impression that India resented criticism and made the observation that the press could not sacrifice freedom of opinion even in the interest of friends. He perhaps did not know that what the British press did on the Hyderabad issue was not to offer criticism of Indian action, but indulge in a campaign that was malicious and unfriendly Reasoned criticism is a right which no newspaper can be expected to sacrifice. But the criticism in which the section of the British press indulged was an abuse of that right.

Judge Deplores Curtailment Of Public Rights

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar.)

Observing that the Legislature had given powers to the Provincial Government which could not be found in the statutes of any democratic country in the world his Lordship dismissed three petitions in which requisition orders had been made under Section 5 of the Bombay Land Requisition Act on the ground that requisitioning under that section "for any purpose" was an executive act which could not be questioned in a court of law either by a writ of certiorari or by a writ of prohibition.

His Lordship referred to a recent judgment of an appellate bench of this High Court to which his Lordship was himself a party, and traced the origin of requisitioning as an emergency measure under the Defence of India Rules. By Ordinance 5 of 1947 this power of requisitioning was extended to requisitioning for "public purposes". The present Requisition Act of 1948 has extended it still further and under Section 5 of that Act the Government can now requisition for "any purpose". In his Lordship's opinion this curtailment of the rights of the people was a matter to be deplored, and it was incumbant on Government to exercise these very wide powers with dignity, with restraint and with discretion. The facts brought to light before the Court, however, showed a lack of observance of these principles.

Referring to one case in which the Government had taken possession of requisitioned premises at night, his Lordship observed that dark hours were associated in the public mind with dark deeds and one wondered why the legitimate activities of Government could not be carried on in broad daylight.

As the Government could under Section 5 requisition for "any purpose", there was no legal duty on it to act judicially and the act was a purely executive act and could not be challenged in a court of law. In the result his Lordship dismissed the petitions but the Advocate-General assured his Lordship in all cases which would result in hardship he would give proper advice to Government His Lordship hoped that such advice would be acted upon.

READJUSTMENT OF DISTRICTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

The Government of Bombay has under consideration a scheme of reorganization and readjustment of Districts as a result of the merger of the various States with the Province. The draft of a notification in this respect, which the Government proposes to issue, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by Section 7 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, has been published for information of all the persons likely to be affected thereby, in the Bombay Government Gazette Part IV-A of Jan. 13, 1949 (pages 1-118) under Political and Services Department No. 2755/48, dated the Jan. 5, 1948.

The draft notification will be taken into consideration by the Government on or after Feb 15, 1949. Any objections or suggestions received by the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay in Political and Services Department with respect to it before Feb. 15, 1949, will be considered by the Government.

The I.P.T.A.

Mrs. Durga Khote, Indian People's Theatre Association writes:—

"A large number of your readers have seen an I.P.T.A. show some time or the other Many others have read about I.P.T.A in the "Bombay Chronicle" which has often appreciated as well as criticised our work in its columns

"They will be glad to know that the 6th Annual Conference of All-India Peoples Theatre Association will be held in Allahabad from 4 to 8 February, 1949. Delegates and performing troupes from all Provinces will participate. The multi-coloured pattern of our natural culture emerging from the folk-songs, plays and dances will unfold itself as it did at our last year's Conference in Ahmedabad.

"Those who are interested in the Theatre Arts of India and wish to know what the I.P.T.A. is doing towards their development should definitely attend this Conference.

"As is well known, our members are all amateurs who work for I.P.T.A. without any remuneration. Most of them are poor people. Bombay IPTA needs at least three thousand rupees in order to make its contribution towards the expenses of the Conference.

"I therefore appeal to the citizens of Bombay through your generous coulmns to send in big and small donations to the General Secretary, Bombay I.P.T.A. Deodhar School of Music opposite Opera House, Bombay 4"

New Information Officer

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18 (API): Mr. A. S Iyengar, Principal Information Officer to the Government of India, handed over charge of his office today to Mr. A. R Vyas, Deputy Principal Information Officer, and proceeded on a month's leave preparatory to relinquishing his post. Mr Iyengar has been the P.I.O. for the last three years.

Mr. B. L. Sharma of the Information Ministry is expected to take charge as the Principal Information Officer from February.

ASIAN BLOC TO COUNTER UN

Sarat Bose's Suggestion

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

BOMBAY, Tuesday (UPI):

"I do not think that we shall be able to bring about a change in the position of Indians in South Africa and other parts of that continent as long as we remain a part of the British Commonwealth of Nations It is only as an independent republic that we can solve this problem. I shall go further and say that if we become an independent republic in theory as well as in fact and develop our military strength, Britain, and other Commonwealth countries, will become depedent upon India", observed Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose in an interview to the United Press of India today.

Mr. Bose stated that he had sent a telegram to Pandit Nehru on Jan. 14, in which he had said that it would be undiplomatic and unwise not in invite Russia and Japan to the Asian Conference to be held at New Delhi on January 20.

"I said in Geneva and other places recently that the UNO was going the way of the League of Nations. It is absolutely clear now that the UNO, which is at present dominated by the Anglo-American Bloc, will do nothing to liberate Indonesia, because, after all, all imperialisms—whether British, French, Dutch or American,—are one. The only hope for the salvation of Asiatic countries lies in our forming a strong Asiatic Bloc which will compel the UNO to function according to its declared ideals. It is only then that the Dutch in Indonesia and the French in Indo-China will realise that their time is up. Otherwise all that we shall have at the Asiatic Conference and the sessions of the UNO is pious resolutions without any political or economic sanctions to enforce them."

Mr. Bose believed that nothing could now be done about Kashmir. "The irrevocable blunder was committed," he pointed out, "when the Government of India, acting on the advice of Lord Mountbatten,—who is the cleverest British imperialist and diplomat that ever came out to India,—referred the Kashmir issue to the UNO. We shall pay the penalty for this blunder by the loss of Kashmir."

Referring to India's performance at the third session of the United Nations' General Assembly at Paris, Mr. Bose said: "In my opinion India's prestige has not gone up in the UNO as a result of her stand, or rather want of stand, on the various international issues. This is what I gathered from what I saw and heard at the United Nations' palace at Geneva and at the Palais de Chaillot at Paris."

U. S. Move Against Asian Conference

(Continued from Page 1)

W. R. D. Bandaranaike (Ceylon), H.E. Dr. Lo Chia-Luen (China) H. E. Ismail Kamal Bey (Egypt), Dr. Orya-nuel Abgaham (Ethiopia), H. E. Nuri Esfandiari (Iran), M. Abul Kadar El Gilani (Iraq), H. E. Mohamed Ali Hamade (Lebanon), H. E. Commanding General Shingha Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana (Nepal), R. Foss Shanahan (New Zealand), H. E. Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan (Pakistan), H. E. Carlos P. Romulo (Philippines), H. E. Sheikh Mouvaffak El Aluossy (Saudi Arabia), Dr. Thanat Khoman (Siam), H. E. Dr. Nazim El Kudsi (Syria), H. E. Kadi Mohammed El Amry (Yemen).

Some of the delegates have already arrived in Delhi and the others are expected in the course of the next two days.

The first session of the Conference, which will take place at 10-30 a.m. on Thursday, January 20th, in the Council of State Chamber, will be public, but admission will be restricted to ticket holders. Thereafter, the Conference is expected to meet in private session at Hyderabad House.

The Conference will determine its own procedure and agenda".

AUSTRALIA'S ROLE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. (A. P. I.): Dr. J. W. Burton, Secretary, Australian External Affairs Department and Mr. C. T. Moodie, Political Adviser, who will represent the Commonwealth Government at the Asian Conference on Indonesia said here today that it was "appropriate" that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had called the Conference.

According to informed quarters, Australian representatives to the Conference will fully represent their Government in the discussions which take place during the Conference in the same way as other delegates. Australia, it is stated has a direct and significant part to play in regional affairs. Aurstralia's attitude to Indonesia and regional co-operation is that of all the Commonwealth countries in South-East Asia, and is in line with the policy of Commonwealth members, agreed upon at the recent London meeting, to support the United Nations.

Asian Conference Proceedings On A.I.R.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. (U.P.I.): The All-India Radio has made special arrangements to report the proceedings of the Asian Conference on Indonesia which commences its session on January 20, in New Delhi.

The opening proceedings of the Conference will be relayed at 10-30 a.m. and can be heard on the 16 and 19 metre band. Subsequent newsbulletins in English as well in Indian and foreign languages will provide special coverage in the home and external services. Delhi station will broadcast a radio report at 8-30 p.m. which will be heard on 338.6, 85 84, 19.62 and 25.32 metres.

Five special bulletins on the opening day and three on succeeding days beamed to foreign countries, will supplement the external services and provide an upto the minute service for overseas listeners.

Konkani Conference In Session

The fourth session of the Konkani Conference was held at Potdar College on Saturday and Sunday at which the Mayor of Bombay, Dr. Mascarenhas presided. His Holiness Shrimant Anandasram Swami of Chitrapur is seen .. delivering the inaugural speech, ..

BOMBAY CHARCOAL CONTROL ORDER

BOMBAY, Tuesday

In compliance with the repeated demand by the public to regulate the trade of charcoal and firewood the Government of Bombay have promulgated the Bombay Charcoal and Firewood Trade Licensing Order, 1949. The Order comes into force in Greater Bombay and the 47 villages (of Old Bombay Suburban District) now transferred to Thana District, with effect from 18th January 1949.

In accordance with that Control Order no person is eligible to carry on the business of retailer, importer, wholesaler or producer in charcoal and firewood without a valid licence after fifteen days of the promulgation of that Order. The Order has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette (Extra-ordinary) Part I—dated 18th January 1949. The Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Charcoal and Firewood) has been appointed as the Licensing Authority in the above area.

All persons who intend to carry on the business of charcoal or firewood — wholesaler, retailer producer or importer—must apply immediately for the requisite licence. Licences will ordinarily be issued to those retailers and wholesalers who can prove that they have been continually in business for any 12 consecutive months during the calendar years 1943 to 1947. Persons applying for wholesaler's licence shall have in addition to prove that they hold a licence in that behalf under the City of Bombay Municipal Act of 1888 or are in occupation of a plot for storing charcoal or firewood as the case may be. Likewise persons applying for importer's licence will have to prove that they hold a Municipal Licence and are in occupation of a plot for storing charcoal or firewood.

The fee for a licence will be as follows:—

Producer's licence	Rs. 10/-
Importer's licence	Rs. 250/-
Wholesaler's licence	Rs. 100/-
Retailer's licence	Rs. 50/-

The fee for licence applied for should be remitted in cash with the application. Application should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Charcoal and Firewood), 10, Queen's Barracks, near Japanese Gymkhana, Bombay. It may be noted that a producer, importer, wholesaler, or retailer who is granted a licence for charcoal under this Order shall not be liable to pay a licence fee for a similar licence for firewood or vice versa should the same be granted to him.

All importers, wholesalers and retailers will be required to deposit with the Licensing Authority the following sums of money as per clause 10 of the Control Order:—

Importer	Rs. 2000/-
Wholesaler	Rs 1,000/-
Retailer	Rs. 100/-

The consumers must note that it would be an offence under the Order to keep in Greater Bombay and the 47 Scheduled villages more than 5 Bengal maunds of charcoal and 15 Bengal Maunds of firewood during any month. Any hotel or institution which desires to keep more than the above quantity in stock should submit an application immediately stating the quantity intended to be kept in stock with reasons thereof so that necessary orders may be issued. Charcoal includes (a) trade quality charcoal (b) charcoal Khar (c) charcoal dust (d) charcoal powder and (e) badami charcoal. Firewood includes (a) trade quality firewood, (b) saw dust and (c) scrap and waste wood used as fuel.

INCOME TAX CLERKS BOYCOTT EXAM

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Four hundred and twenty seven clerks of the Income-Tax Department who were asked to appear for a departmental examination refused to do so and have boycotted it. It is learnt only 13 have appeared.

The examination which is known as the Upper Division Clerks' examination commenced yesterday with an almost empty hall.

The discontentment among the staff, it is stated, is due to an alleged wrong policy adopted by the I.T. Department as a whole for a number of years and, no one authority is to be blamed for the whole mismanagement. The responsibility of the Central Board of Revenue does not however, end by merely ignoring the feelings of the staff, as the staff has already promised to give complete cooperation in the administration in the resolution passed by it on the 5th of January 1949.

NO MORE OF HOUSING REQUISITIONING

Government Likely To Wind Up Department

BOMBAY, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): As a result of the Bombay High Court's criticisms of the Requisitioning Act and its operation, the Government of Bombay are seriously considering the question of winding up the housing requisitioning department, it was reliably understood today.

Government, it appears, may not now use their requisitioning powers except in rare cases of public necessity.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Trend

LONDON, Jan. 18, (Reuter): Parliament reassembled in London today and trading in Stock Exchange was small with operators awaiting the outcome of the debate on foreign affairs.

Prices in most sections held quietly steady with occasional slight irregularity.

British Government stocks showed little alteration on the day but were easier for choice.

Industrials were irregular with building shares firm and small declines in Irons, Steels and store shares.

Oils notched an occasional gain in a very small turnover.

Brewery section featured the start of dealings in teacher distillers ordinary and preference and a sharp gain over issued price was recorded by both

Foreign bonds were idle and without movement Foreign rails showed selected firmness in Brazilians.

Today was the last day of the present account and this, as usual, restricted trade.

Gold mining shares received little attention but there was irregularity in Kaffirs. Undertone in this section remains sensitive.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Jan. 18.

Coiryarn Beyporte 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 100, Ungarbled 90, Cocoanuts Raw 155/157/8, Dry 140/160, Cocoanut Oil 570, Copra Office 380, Dilpasand 390, Madrasnottam 415, Pepper Wynaad 1100, Country 1100, Dry Ginger Chernad 470 Ernad 425, Coffee Robusta 145, Timber Pali 70/80, Junglewood 35/40, Vellapine 60/70, Benteak 40/55, Teak 75/120, Mango 3/4, Teak 10/20, Rosewood 10/20.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS.

During the week ended the 14th January, 1949, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,32,50,000 (Rupees one crore, thirty-two lakhs and fifty thousand only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Saurashtra Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Jan. 18.

Rajkot Silver Maha 181/6/0, Rajkot Sugar Maha 88/2/0, Rajkot Aranda January 132/10/0, Dhoraji Silver Maha 181/4/0, Dhoraji Aranda January 132/10/0 Jamnagar Silver Posh 181/2/0, Jamnagar Aranda January 132/8/0.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 34-1/2
General Motors dol. 59-3/8.
United States Steel Common dol. 71-3/4.
United States Steel Preference dol. 139.—(Reuter).

Cutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHUJ, Jan. 18.

Hindi Buying	293
Hindi Selling	294
Gold	Rs. 109-0
Silver	Rs. 175-0

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

The following were prices of seeds on the New York Market today:

Castorseeds dol 125 asked per ton F.O.B. Brazilian ports:
Cottonseeds dol. 75 nom per ton Memphis basis:
Linseed dol. 6.00 per bushel, Minneapolis:
Linseed Oil 27.8 cents per pound:
Groundnuts 18.50-.75 cents per pound;
Groundnut Oil 17-1/2 cents asked.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Previous Closing	32.37
Today's Opening	32.38
Difference	+1
Today's Closing	32.54
Difference	+17

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

	Rs. as.
Silver Bullion Ready	182 0
Gold Ready	115 8
Sovereign	74 4

EXPECTATION:

Cotton Jarila May Rs. 618-4.

TREMENDOUS POTENTIAL TALENT FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH IN INDIA

Govind Bihari Lal's View

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Such interesting facts as that in America nearly half-a-million persons died annually of cancer that more persons died from heart disease and allied complaints, while deaths from mental troubles were nearly a million a year, were revealed by Mr. Govind Bihari Lal, Science Editor of the nine million circulation magazine, "American Weekly," to a party of pressmen who met him this evening.

Mr. Lal came to India a few weeks ago, after an interval of nearly 30 years to attend the Science Congress at Allahabad. He is the only Indian in America, who won the "Pulitzer Prize" for Science journalism. Another purpose of his tour in this country is to collect and collate material for a treatise on the history of Indian Science from historic times. He has undertaken this work at the instance of the Watumall Foundation.

Mr. Lal said that he saw tremendous potential talent for scientific research in this country. Men like Raman and Bhabha would have been outstanding in any part of the world. But, to truly advance scientific thought in this country, it was necessary that the country showed the same sustained enthusiasm, devotion and effort which it had shown for the attainment of freedom.

NEED FOR SCIENTIFIC ORIENTATION

Only a scientific reorientation of the national life could counter such factors as large-scale malnutrition, low life expectancy, and a fatalist attitude to life.

He also said that atom research had already helped the field of medicine considerably in U.S. In that country most of the common disease had been brought under control. This explained the high-scale mortality due to cancer and cardiac troubles.

Madras Foreign Trade Declines

MADRAS, Jan. 18, (A. P. I.): The foreign trade of the Madras province for the month of Nov. 1948 amounted to Rs. 10.86 crores showing a decrease of 1.67 crores compared to that of the corresponding period in the previous year. Imports totalled Rs. 4.97 crores and exports Rs. 5.85 crores as against Rs. 6.06 crores and Rs. 6.46 crores respectively for the same month in 1947. The total value of re-exports increased from Rs. 1.39 lakhs to Rs. 3.28 lakhs.

On the import side, appreciable increases were noticed in the supplies of electrical and textile machinery from the United Kingdom and the United States of America. On the export side, there were increased shipments of tobacco to the United Kingdom, Egypt and Belgium of white cotton piecegoods to the Western Pakistan and Ceylon, of cashew kernels to the United States of America and of groundnut oil to Italy and France.

Revival Of Food Committees In Madras Province

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): In view of the reimposition of food control, the Government of Madras have decided to revive the distrit and taluk food committees in the Province.

This was announced by Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Food Minister, at questiontime in the Madras Assembly which met today after an interval of two months.

The Minister said these committees would help the local authorities in the procurement and distribution of food grains. He added that the government did not propose to revive the village food committees as they had not functioned efficiently in the control days of last year.

Replying to supplementaries, Dr. Rajan said that the collectors had been instructed to consult the local Congress Committees and trade organisations in forming the district and taluk food committees so that they might be truly representative bodies.

Agricultural Credit Corporation For Madras

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): The question of establishing an agricultural credit corporation on the lines suggested by the Government of India policy committee on agriculture is under the active consideration of the provincial government, said Mr. K. Chandramouli, Minister for Local Administration, in the Assembly today.

The Minister also stated that the Government were considering a scheme for subsidising financial agencies to enable them to reduce the rates of interests on short and medium term loans to ryots in the province.

Another proposal under the consideration of the Government, he said, was to subsidise the land mortgage bank throughout the province in order that they might advance loans to agriculturists for land improvement purposes under the grow-more food scheme at a specially low rate of three per cent interest.

WORLD SILVER CONSUMPTION

NEW YORK, Jan. 17, (UPI). While the industrial demand of silver in the United States has reached a peacetime peak of 110,000,000 ounces in 1948, at the same time authorized silver imports into India shrunk to a nominal amount in response to the embargo which is still in effect.

Figures released by local bullion dealers, Handy and Harmon, placed India's internal consumption of silver at 25,000,000 ounces.

The consumption of silver in other countries included: Mexico, 28,400,000 ounces; Saudi Arabia, 8,350,000 ounces; Sweden, 1,000,000 ounces; England, 14,000,000 ounces; Canada, 450,000 ounces.

According to these dealers the 1949 prospects depend upon the continuing action of the Bank of Mexico in buying up surplus silver. The report said, "It has been demonstrated that the industrial edmand in the U. S. is even at the present high levels is inadaquate to absorb all supplies without additional support This support once again has come from the Bank of Mexico and we believe the Bank's future policy will be the key to the 1949 market.

FIGHTING PLANT PESTS AND DISEASES

Government To Initiate All-India Scheme

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): The Government of India will shortly initiate on an All-India basis a scheme to fight the plant pests and diseases it is learnt. Apart from the maintenance of a central pool of power operated plant protection machinery, details have been worked out to show how pests of a regular nature and plant epidemics should be fought.

The Government is likely to accept the recommendations made by the recent Conference of the Central and Provincial Government's officials with regard to plant protection work. As most of the machinery, equipment and insecticides are imported, the central Government will arrange for their importation and maintenance of stocks with firms as well as at substations at Asansol, Ajmer and Nagpur from where transportation to an emergency area could be effected at the shortest possible time. Such provinces and areas which have no plant protection organisation have been urged to set up such bodies. The Central and Provincial Governments will take steps to train personnel in plant protection work.

A quarterly bulletin, which may later be developed into a monthly Bulletin, giving an All-India appreciation of the pests and disease situation will be published.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Quietly Steady

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18

Market ruled quietly steady. Bombay professionals were sellers in Calico but offerings were well absorbed due to a rumour of Calicos meeting on Thursday. In Deffered there is no followup at rise except bear covering. Chief interest in market has now centred round the prospect of an announcement regarding steel prices as well as announcement about Calico's dividend policy for which Government's permission has been asked. For steel prices bulls expect an increase of Rs. 10 per ton and decontrol of steel at any moment. Bulls consider Deffered under 1600 a good buy on its intrinsic merits too. Bears see no possibility of substantial increase in price of steel as well as decontrol in view of Government's anti-inflationary policy. General public and investors are hesitant to buy at rise and unload their noldings at every rise waiting for an opportunity for short sales. In Calico even ardent bulls does not expect a rise more than 30 rupees even amidst good announcement in view of long term outlook.

Closing quotations:—

Arvind 1464, Ambika 386, Calico 1217, Deffered 1644, Anu 47, Marsden 187. Saraspur 575, Monogram 178.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Weak With A Limited Business

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18 (API): The market ruled weak and only a limited business was put through.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 99 three per cent loan 1951/54 101/5 S Lot three per cent loan 1957 100/12 S Lot three per cent loan 1953/55 101/7 three per cent loan 1963/65 100 three per cent loan 1966/68 99/14/6 three per cent loan 1970/75 100

BANKS: Hindustan Commercial Bank 25/8 United Commercial Bank 57 CT.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10/8 Elgin Mills 17/10 New Victoria Pref. 5/4 CT.

COALS: Amalgamated 24/12 Bengal 432 Burrakur 23/8 Deoli 8/8 South Karanpura 27/8.

JUTES: Alliance Pref. 133 National 26/11 Standard 212.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 3 Consolidated Tin 1 Indian Copper 2/6 Tavoy Tin annas twelve.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 6/2 Sone Valley Cement 6/6 Reliance Firebricks 20/2 Calcutta Electric 21 Jessop and Co 17 Steel Corpn. 21/11 Textile Machinery 7/5 BIC 8/2 Indian Cable 40/6 British Burma Petrol 1/5 Titaghur Paper 36/14 India General Navigation 83 India Steamship 8/13.

SUGARS: Buland 20.

TEAS: Bishnauth 37 Gillapukhuri 19/6 Singtom 5/5.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (API): Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cent paper 99/4 Three per cent 1970/75 100 Three per cent 1966/68 100 Government of Travancore three per cent 1952/54 102/8 Government of Madras three per cent 1956 100/14 three per cent 1960 101/2.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan (X D) 14/15 Mysore 47/12 Travancore 9/4.

PLANTINGS: Blue mountain 5/6 Chembra 4/12 Cochin Malabar 4/12 Midland 6 Ouchterlony 5/8 Periakaramali (X D) 21/9 Pullangode 1/3 Puththottam 2/5 Thirumbadi 2/8 T R and T Co. 6/13 Vaikundam 7/2.

TEXTILES: Balasuramania 41 Bangalore Woollen 240 Buckingham 164 Cambodia 9/1/6 Coimbatore Pioneer 109 Coimbatore Spg. 45 Janardhana 46/8 Lakshmi 64 Madura CD 44 Mettur 312/8 Radhakrishna 134/8 Rajalakshmi 55/8 Ranga Vilas 4 Trav Rayons 4/14 Trichinopoly 11/2 Vasantha 102.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 65 FACT 5/4 Mettur Chem 8/1 Mysore Chem and Ferts 7/9 Mysore paper 11/8 Spencer 71/12.

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Jan. 17.

London Australian wheat
F.O.B. (Bulk) 99/3 Jan/Feb qtd.

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Business MAN'S DIARY

Great Opportunity For Bombay

The City of Bombay has a Great opportunity to be the fininancial centre for the whole of Asia. The downfall of Japan offers unique scope for banking developments. Calcutta is an industrial port but, after partition of the country, it has lost much of its importance. The nationalised Reserve Bank, if it acts appropriately, will being a fortune to this country. India in now a creditor country and the Reserve Bank provides a broad bills market and, if the Government provides extensive dock facilities, the task becomes easy. The Government has a plan to float three shipbuilding corporations but equal attention must be paid to enlarge dock facilities: Both London and New York became world financial markets on development, of docks and creating broad Bills market. The new Governor of the Reserve Bank who must have enough experience of New York, will we hope not miss this great opportunity.

Tenancy Act

The possibility of the Bombay Tenancy Act being subjected to certain amendments is envisaged as a result of result of talks which Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister of Bombay is having with Sardar Patel and representatives of peasant proprietors. It seems that the Government with a view to do something like the U. P and Madras Governments hurriedly passed the Land Tenancy Act. It did gross injustice to peasant proprietors most of whom have invested the fruits of their labour in land They are not mushroom millionaires like some of our industrial magnates. Instead of punishing absence landlordism, the Act is out to destroy honest and hard-working peasant proprietors.

Booms And Slumps

Everybody knows that there are booms and slumps and almost everybody agrees that a budget deficit is right in a slump and a budget surplus in a boom. Let us now await Mathai's budget but I do know that there is no economic policy that is right at all times. The economic climate alters as completely, though not quite as rapidly and regularly, as the natural seasons and a policy that is entirely correct at one time may at another be as foolish as making hay in monsoon, there is no sovereign remedy or economic policy which will prove infallible for all times.

City Markets

The small improvement recorded on Monday in Dalal Street met increased profittaking on Tuesday Bulls are making attempts to push up prices but outsiders are not anxious to follow them as the bulls instead of themselves buying in advancing markets, invite others to make their position so they can lighten a portion of their burden. Government's order for licenses to merchants who keep more than 24 Bales of raw cotton, failed to influence market sentiment. The approach of the marriage season is broidening the demand for Gold. Oilseeds market was quietly steady as professionals are against movement of prices.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98 9
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 10
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 15
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 1
2 3 4 per cent 1960	99 10
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 12
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98 3
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99 4
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98 14
3 per cent 1961-64	100 10
3 per cent 1953-55	101 7
3 per cent 1957	101 6
3 per cent 1959-61	100 14
3 per cent 1963-65	100 2
3 per cent 1966-68	105 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	99 15
4 per cent 1960-70	110 12
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112 4
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	115 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 3/4 per cent U P 1961	98 2
3 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98 2
3 per cent Punjab 1948	98 14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 12
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 4
3 per cent U P 1952	100 4
3 per cent C P 1955	100 8
3 per cent N W P 1952	99 10
3 per cent U P 1961-66	100 0
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D.	111 0
5 per cent Bom Mumi 1959	114 8
6 per cent Bom Mum 1954	114 8
3 1/4 per cent Municipality	
6 K. P. T.	114 0

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BOMBAY Stock Exchange

STEEL SHARES REACT AFTER STEADY OPENING ON PROFIT-TAKING

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

The Share Bazar opened very steady but there being no follow-up on the buying side, prices sagged on scattered realising sales. There was restricted business and after the recent improvement to-day's quietness suggests nothing beyond technical re-adjustment.

As pointed out before outside participation is very small and Steel shares being manipulated, there is very inclination to operate pending the Tariff Board report on Steel and Iron prices.

At the opening Tata Steel Defds were quoted Rs. 7/8 higher at Rs. 1662/8. At the opening rise there was no buying support and the market declined at Rs. 1650 on moderate profit-taking. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 301 and declined at Rs. 298. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 976/4 and quietened at Rs. 972/8, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 280 and lost 2 points at Rs. 278, Scindia shares opened at Rs. 20/13 and declined at Rs. 20/7.

Later on there was further unloading by bulls and Tata Steel Defds. declined at Rs. 1645. While Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 297-8.

Cotton Mill shares were quietly steady. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 973 while Kohinoors stood at Rs 277-8. Nagpurs were done at Rs. 248 and Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 278-8. Simplex shares stood at Rs. 180 and Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 269.

Associated Cements were quiet at Rs. 154-12. Bombay Burmas were down at Rs. 317-8, Bellapurs were placed at Rs. 230 and Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 20-6-6. Closing tone of the market was quiet.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	971 4
Kohinoor Mills (6)	277 8
Swadeshi Mills (22)	278 8
Central India Mills (4)	247 0
Simplex Mills (S) XD	179 0
New Great Eastern (10)	159 0
Meyer (12)	127 8
Indore (9 plus 3)	180 10
Gokak Mills (20) XD	270 0
Century-Spinning (15)	230 0
Gokak Mill (20) XD	269 0
India Bleaching (6)	155 0
Swan Mills (20)	315 0
Finlay Mills (1)	272 -
Morarji Goculdas (6) XD	485 0
Edward Sassoon (3) XR	240 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 9
India United Defd.	1-10-6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	200 0
Podar (S)	150 0
Khatau Makanji (8)	222 8
Indore Coupon	86 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	297 8
Tata Steel Defd (84-15-0)	1647 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	136 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (5)	154 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	317 8
Belapur Sugar (12) XD	229 8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-4)	29 0
Scindia Steam (1-4)	20 /
Premier Construction	139 8
Tata Chemical	12 14
Tata Oil (2)	56 4
Indian Iron (0-12)	24 8
Bengal Steel (08-0)	21 8
British India Corp (0-10)	8 0
Wimco XR	193 12
Alcock	288 12
Belapur Coupon	61 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	68 0
Phoenix Mills (50) XR	222 8
Indian Manufacturing XD	4350 0
Kooria Mills (S)	131 4
David Mills (6)	191 4
New City Mills (10)	181 4
Minerva Mills (12)	125 0
Bradbury Mills (12)	587 8
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	5 0
Bharat Mills (2)	33 12
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	172 8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	15 0
Model Mills (12-8) XD	178 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25) XD	606 4
Vishnu Cotton (8) XD	222 8
Western India (40) XD	4085 0
Standard Mills (15)	245 j
Sholapur Mills (200)	3900 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	10 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4290 0
Tata Mills (3)	54 12
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270 10
Ahmedabad Advance New	196 j
Sassoon Silk (3)	77 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	13 1
Madhusudan B (2-8)	47 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	175 0
Rao Bahadur Poona (4)	100 0
Berar Mills	280 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
Colaba Land Coupon	42 0
New Great New	142 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (4-4-0)	155 0
Andhra Valley (45)	1417 8
Tata Power (50)	1515 0
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116 4
Ahmedabad New	12 6
Surat Electricity (2-8)	142 8
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-8)	10 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 7
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	150 0
Bombay Suburban (3) XD	143 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1820 0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	445 0
Central Bank Old (1-8)	90 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	88 0
Bank of India (4) XR	191 8
Union Bank of India (0-5)	7 9
Bank of Baroda	140 0
Hadib Bank (4)	158 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52 0
United Commercial (1-8)	59 0
Hindustan Commercial	38 12
Jaipur Bank (176)	35 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	29 8
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125) XD	4260 0
Empire (10)	675 0
New India (1-8)	55 0
Jupiter (1-4)	21 0
Vulcum (0-10)	11 12
Indian Merrantile (2)	39 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	17 8
Industrial and Prudential	29 4
Neptune Assurance	9 8
New Great	28 0
All-India General	17 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
Central Provinces (1-14)	111 4
Parbhoa Jamner Rly (2-8)	120 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Bombay Steamer (10)	390 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	118 12
Burma Petrol	1-5-6
Mackenzie (8)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	67 0
Kemp and Co (30)	442 8
Kemp and Co (New)	462 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	89 8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	32 4
Mukund Iron	10 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	21 0
Alembic (15)	203 12
Associated Cement New (1-4)	146 0
Supreme India XR	193 12
Jam Wire (6)	67 8
Bombay Uganda	69 0
Bombay Motor Cycle	34 0
Indian Cement (1937)	25 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	145 0
United Motor	74 0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	144 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	1002 8
Hycary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	95 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	61 0
Prince of Wales Press	610 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	190 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1255 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1302 4
Hydro Electric (7)	120 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	308 12
Central India (5)	632 8
Swadeshi Mills	128 12
Vishnu Mills (7)	635 0
Lakshmi Mills	276 4
New Great Mills (5-8)	227 8
Podar Mills (4)	108 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	117 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	317 8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	136 4
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120 0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	116 4
Amalgamated (5-8)	122 2
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical (5)	133 12
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130 0
Jupiter General	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 4
Mackenzie 1st	85 0
Mackenzie 2nd	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mills	50 0
Standard Mills	101 0
Madhusudan Mills	12 0
Khatau Mills	104 0
Morarji	104 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952 (4)	103 8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101 10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	106 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchand Nagar (6)	112 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Indian Copper (1-9)	2-5-6
Burma Corporation	3 0
New Victoria Mill	2 12
New Victoria Pref.	5 1
Phalton Sugar (8)	122 0
Gold Mohur (20)	280 0
New Kaiser-Hind	390 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	150 0
Osmanshahi Mills (10) Nom.	280 0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	330 0
Air Service XR	8 0
Ambica Air Lines	7 0
Air India (100)	100 0
Hind Motor	5 6
Indian Steam	9 0

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

U. S. price of foreign silver 70 cents.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Jan. 17.

Silver spot and forward both 42-1/2 d

Gold bars fine per oz £8/12/3

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The local cotton market was again steady with moderate business passing mostly of covering nature. There being scarcity of contracts naturally the market is keeping steady.

To-day the market opened quiet as a result of new order of the Bombay Government. In order to keep a check over the stocks of raw cotton, so as to make it possible to requisition them for the use of mills if and when found necessary it has been decided to license all persons who hold stocks of cotton or with whom cotton is hypothicated or pledged exceeding 24 bales or boras of cotton.

The market opened quiet at Rs. 617-8 for May delivery and improved at Rs. 618-4 on moderate buying.

The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:

L. C. C. February	620	0	0
I.C.C. May	618	4	0
L. C. C. July	618	0	0
L. C. C. September	617	12	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan. 17.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4-30 p.m.
May	618½	617½	618½
July	618	617½	618½
Sept.	617½	617½	617½

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton February Contract is 827 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, January 18.

With the approach of marriage season there is improved demand for Gold and arrivals being below daily offtake, prices are moving up.

It is understood that yesterday's arrivals were about 5,000 tolas against the demand of 7,000 tolas. This shortage of 2.000 tolas hardened Gold prices.

The same situation continues in Silver market and with higher prices in upcountry markets, local market is keeping very steady.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	182	4	0
Ready Gold	115	12	0
Sovereigns	74	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

The Produce market was steady today with moderate business passing. Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 133 and improved at Rs. 133/2 on scattered buying. At this level there was moderate realising and the market reacted at Rs. 132/11 but again rallied at the 132/11 on bull support.

Groundnuts and Linseed Sections were also steady on continued demand. Oils were also steady.

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	34	14	0
Coromandal	34	8	0
Bold ready	34	4	0
Bold Dec-Jan.	34	2	0
Bold Feb.-March	34	4	0
CASTOR SEEDS—			
May delivery	132	11	0
Ready	28	0	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	26	10	0
Feb.-March	26	12	0
April-May	26	10	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready Receipts	19	10	0
January	19	12	0
February	19	13	0
March	19	14	0
Linseed Oil	16	8	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8	0
Gingellyseed	225 to 230		

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 18

Tata Ordinary 297/8 Tata Deferred 1647/8 Indian Iron 24/8 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21/8 Bombay Dyeing 971/4 Central India 247/8 Gokak 269/6 Kohinoor 271/4 Simplex 17 Swadeshi 278/12 Tata Power 1515 Associated Cement 154/6 Belapur 229/6 (Ex Div) Bombay Burma (Old) 317/8 Scindia 20/7 Central Bank 90 New India 55 Tata 2nd Pref 136/4

SUGAR PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

Imperial Quality	87	8	0
Medium Quality	92	0	0
B.g Size	96	0	0
January dely.	31	4	0
March dely.	30	14	0
Arrivals Bags	5000		

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

	Pies
45X1- per yd.	
Ready	110
Jan./March dely.	109
April/June dely.	108-1/2
40x26 per 100 Bags	
Ready	129 0 0
Jan/March dely.	129 0 0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

MILLS.

Apollo 3 2/15/6 2/15/9 2/15/6
Bharat 33/12 33/8
B. Dyeing 976/4 72/8 73/2 71/4
C. India 250 47
Colaba 160
E. Textiles 245 40
Gokak 271/8 68/8 69
I. U. Defd 1/10/6
I. U. Ord. 11/10/6 11/9
Indore 180 20/10
Kohinoor 280 77/8
Model 178/12
Morarji 485 (Ex Div)
Phoenix 222/8
Podar 150
Sassoon Cotton 10/8
Simplex 181/8 79
Svadeshi 281/8 78/8
Tata Mills 55 54/12 55/8 54/12
C. P. Rly. 111/4

STEAMER.

B. Steam 390
Scindia 20/11 20/13 20/6/6 20/7

BANKS.

Baroda 141 40
Central 90 90/8 89/4 90
Central A 88
Imperial Old 1817/8 20
Imperial New 445
India 192 91/8
Union 7/9 7/8 7/9
U. Commercial 59

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 116/8
Andhra Valley 1417/8
Suburban 143/4
Hydro 153
Hydro Pref 120
Power 1515
Power Pref 1277/8

INSURANCE

B I General 17/8
New India 55

STEEL

B Steel 21/15 21/8 21/10 21/8
I Iron 24/15 24/8 24/9 24/8
Tata Defd 1662/8 65 60 52/8 45 47/8
Tata Ord 301 297/8 98/4 97/8
Tata 2nd Pref 136 86/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 290 88/12
A C C Old 155/12 54/8 55 54/8
A C C New 145/8 44/4 44/12 44/8
Belapur 232/8 33 31/8 32 29/8 (Ex Div)
B B Old 323/12 24/6 15 17/8
B B New 118/12
B B Petrol 1/5/9 1/6/6
B I Corporation 8/3 8/2
I Bleach.ng 155
India Copper 2/5
I I Trust 89/8
P Const 142 39/8
Shivrajpur 29
Tata Chem 12/15 12/14
Tata Oil 56/8 56 56/4
Walchand Nagar 146
Wimco 194/6 93/12

SPECIAL

Belapur Coupon 60 61
Indore Coupon 86
Berar Mfg. 280
Poona Electric 180
Ahmedabad Elec New 12/8 12/8

SMALL SELLING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Futures 7 Pts. Lower To 4 Pts. Up

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

Cotton futures maintained an overtone steadiness on the New York Cotton Exchange today although actual dealings continued at a slow pace.

The Economis Co-operation Administration action over the week-end restricting future shipments of wheat and flour to China because of the lack of storage space in certain Chinese cities worried cotton traders that the same course might be taken for future cotton shipments. It is believed China wants approximately 100,000 bales.

It is explained that ECA cotton to China is mostly consigned to Shanghai and involves no storage problems.

The cotton market opened three lower to one point but was subsequently substituted by slight gains and finally closed seven lower to four higher.

Russia's reported entry into the cotton market brought attention when it was reported that Russia's current cotton crop was not too good since a portion was harvested under unfavourable weather conditions. The Russian crop estimate was placed at 2,600,000 bales.

The Cotton Exchange says that if the lag in American cotton consumption, evident through December, should not be added to between now and July 31, the total use of cotton for the full current season would approximate 8,750,000 bales while, on the other hand, if the estimated daily rate for December should be maintained throughout the balance of the season, then a total of 8,500,000 bales would be the prospect. Last season 9,354,000 bales were consumed in the United States while an all-time record of 11,170,000 bales occurred in the 1941-42 season.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

March	32.37—03
March Highest	32.45+05
March Lowest	32.31—09
May	32.11—07
July	31.10—
October	28.08+04
December	28.38+03
Middling Spot	33.25+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

March	32.37—01
May	32.13—04
July	31.07—06
October	28.56+03
Middling Spot	32.40—

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 17.

KARNAK	
January	98.40+35
March	95.00+70
ASFOUNI	
February	59-00—15
April	58.93+03

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULARLY HIGHER

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

Buyers found little in the week-end developments to encourage more aggressive attitude and prices were shaky. In quite trading the market showed an irregularly lower tendency, mostly limited to fractions. The averages were Industrials 178.53 and rails 52.54.

In the afternoon steadier tendencies developed although the volume of trade showed no particular improvement with many traders awaiting further Washington developments.

Light shortcovering and replacement demand served to reduce or more than erase numerous earlier losses. In late trading the market showed fairly equally balanced changes of mostly fraction with leading containers, rails, steels, oils, motors, textiles and utilities heading improvement. The upward movement was extended up to final dealings and the close was very steady with irregularly higher but fractional gains recorded.

American Telephone and Telegraph 146, Amerex Holding Co. 22-1/2, Anaconda Copper Mining 34, Chase National Bank 34, Sinclair Oil 22-3/4, Firestone Tyre & Ruber Co. 46-3/8, General Electric Co. 39-3/8, General Motors 59-3/8, Ingersoll Rand 61-1/8, International Nickel 30-1/2, National City Bank of New York 39-1/8, New York Central Rail Road Co. 12-5/8, Socony Vacuum Corporation 16-7/8, Texas Corporation 54, Union Carbide 40-7/8, U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. 44-7/8, U.S. Steel Corporation Common 71-3/8, Western Union Telegraph 15-1/4.

CHICAGO GRAINS WEAK

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.

Prices closed lower on the Chicago Board of Trade today after a mid-day rally failed to hold back general liquidation and selling.

Part of the weakness was attributed to the tapering off in commercial and export buying with he lack of export buying particularly the bearish factor on the present market.

Closing prices included:

WHEAT	
May	2.23-7/8 - 2.24
July	2.08 - 2.08-1/8
September	2.08-1/8 - 1/4
December	2.10 - 2.09-7/8.

LONDON PEPPER LIFELESS

LONDON, Jan. 17, (U.P.A.): Extremely idle conditions prevailed in the London pepper market today. Black was quoted 3/3 and white at 3/10-1/2, but both without buyers. Malabar pepper remained unchanged.

NEW YORK PEPPER LOWER TWO CENTS IN SPOT

NEW YORK, Jan. 14, (Delayed) (UPA)— In the spot market in New York today, sellers shaded black pepper to 64 cents per pound, representing a loss of two cents per pound from the previous level, without attracting interest. White pepper eased one cent to 74 cents.

Pepper due to arrive on January 27th was offered at 63 cents, that scheduled to arrive on February 10th around 61 cents per pound.

In the shipment market, resellers offered January position at 58-1/2, February 56, March 53, April 52. May 51-1/2, all ex dock

In the futures market on the Produce Exchange prices remained nominally unchanged on Friday.

The market was inactive.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, January 18.

S. S. PACIFIC OCEAN

From Alexandria: 2,747 bales raw cotton.

S. S. HERBORG

From Basrah: 4,130 bags moong.

From Khoramshanr: 32 bags cumin seed.

S. S. CHOPRA

From Sydney: 757 bags fodder oats, 610 bags stearic acid, 250 cases chali cutter knives, 522 casks tallow, 37 cases synthetic resins, 67 ctns solvents, 179 cases S. R. flour, 200 ctns cornflakes 809 cases nespray 500 cases nestomait, 70 cases orange juice, 100 cases synthetic wax, 2,000 bags flour 50 cases semoline, 175 cases hinges, 50 cases honey, 80 bags starch.

From Melbourne: 437 cases canned fruits, 445 cases provisions, 1,188 bales scoured wool, 213 bales wool tops, 360 cases macaroni products, 167 cases drugs, 100 cases tomato sauce, 136 cases honey, 100 cases rolled oats, 300 bags pearl barley, 178 cases plating compound, 230 cases wheat, 410 cases honey, 250 cases condensed milk, 5,599 cases milk powder

S. S. PAY BANK

From Philadelphia: 1,848 drums lubricating oil, 1,100 boxes infant milk food, 100 drums diesel fuel oil, 100 cases mineral coalza.

From New York: 156 skids tinplate waste 65 drums white petroleum oil 40 cases door sedans, 6,670 drums lubricating oil, 75 cases assorted files, 35 drums caustic soda, 28 boxes steel bars, 238 cases typewriters, 59 ctns bulbs.

S. S. JALA AZAD

From London: 100 cases cement, 142 cases embrocation, 49 bundles brass rods, 33 bales upholstery springs, 2,099 packages biscuits, 196 pieces sanitary earthenware, 200 carboys hydrogen peroxide, 40 packages citric acid, 200 cases Gordon's dry ginger, 80 packages steel butt hinges, 50 drums bleaching powder, 134 cases pharmaceuticals, 80 cases preserves, 422 ctns. boot polish, 80 cases crown corks, 206 drums electric lamps, 40 cases radio receiver, 60 packages citric acid, 56 cases formalin, 73 cases mercolised wax, 550 drums nickle silvers, 204 bags scrap, 165 bundles bicycle rims and accessories, 30 cases medicines, 72 loose anvils, 100 drums sodium sulphite, 41 packages harmless drugs 46 cases plough spares, 197 ctns cable, 94 packages sanitary towels, 1,082 bags soda bicarbonate 100 drums cement 218 packages grand lactic casein.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

S. S. ANNENKERK

To Melbourne: 55 bales cotton waste—Dhulia & Co.

To Sydney: 55 bales cotton waste—Dhulia & Co. 5 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textiue Waste Co.

To Fremantle: 5 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textile Waste Co.

S. S. HOEGH MERCHANT

To Vancouver: 70 bales cotton waste The Bombay Textile Waste Co.

To Singapore: 25 bags chalk—A. G. Abdulla.

S. S. MARTIN CARL

To Karachi 21 bags myrabollam—S. A. Gaffar. 330 lumps jaggree—J. Pitamber.

S. S. GAMARIA

To London: 100 bags soapstone lump Shaw Wallace & Co., Ltd.

S. S. VARSOVA

To Karachi: 50 cases glassware—Mahaluxmi Glass Works. 262 jotias wet dates—H. A. A. Sathe & Bros.

S. S. STEEL VOYAGER

To New York: 320 bags gum karaya—S. D. Dharsi 1,778 bags myrabollams—K. Trikamji.

S. H. HOEGH SILVER STAR

To Sydney: 100 bales cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

S. S. EXAMINER

To Boston: 150 bales cotton waste Champaklal & Co.

To New York: 25 bales cotton waste—Champaklal & Co.

S. S. RIZWANI

To Aden: 15 bundles coir yarn—M. A Husein.

S. S TREVINCE

To Hongkong: 250 bags soapstone powder—N. Manseto & Bros.

S. S. VAL HALL

To Rangoon: 37 cases aluminium ware—Bhimji & Co., Ltd.

EXPERTS PREDICT LOWER PRICES FOR PEPPER

Consumption Likely To Fall If Higher Levels Maintained

NEW YORK, Jan. 17, (U.P.A.): Black pepper closed inactive and nominally unchanged to 100 lower on the New York Produce Exchange today. In the spot market, prices generally were quoted at 64 cents for black and 74 cents for white.

In the shipment market March was quoted about 55 cents.

Closing prices included, all nominal: January 65, March 55, May 51, July 47, September 46 October 45.25, December 43.

Meanwhile, although spot pepper is currently quoted nearly 32 cents below the November peak of 96 cents per pound, spice experts predict pepper prices will go still lowerif sufficient buying power cannot be generated to reverse the trend. While unwilling to quote any probable bottom, many say 35 cents will be reached.

PRICE FACTORS

Price shaping factors included: firstly, stiffening price resistence among consumers; secondly, re-filling the world supply pipelines; thirdly possibilities that Indonesia will again become the leading exporter to the world.

Statisticians locally calculated that the world supply would be approximaetly 40,000 tons. The supply picture includes the expectation that India will produce this year nearly 30,000 tons and Indonesia at lease 10,000 Dealers refer to usually reliable sources when quoting that the Alleppey crop will be 15,000 tons, that in Tellichery 11,500 and old crop carryover 3,200 totalling 29,700.

CONSUMPTION OUTLOOKS

The consumption picture includes the expectation that the world use is anticipated to fall to 25,000 tons if the price keeps high. Many hold to 40,000 tons if the price declines.

Illustrating the effect of the consumer price resistence, dealers here estimated that U. S. imports last year fell to 13,000 tons from 18,000 tons in the previous year. The sharp fall raised the question as to whether pepper is losing its ground to substitutes One big Chicago meat packer is reported to have been converted to using the substitute almost entirely. Imitation pepper prices are 18 cents per pound which is 46 cents below current spot price for the genuine article.

Grinders currently use one ounce package instead of 1-1/2 ounce package.

Well known local firm, Johnson & Cross, summarizing the situation said: "It is impossible to predict the market's future because pepper is the most unstable commodity and is subject to strong influences in various world markets and not subject to ordinary laws of supply and demand. If all commodities continue to decline as has been the case lately, it may be possible pepper will again become amenable to the laws of supply and demand."

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 17.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	80-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	106-15/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	114-3/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	103-1/2
National Bank of India	39-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 8,211

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan 18.

Maha dely. (Per cwt.)	188 to 190
Pagan dely. Per candy	968 to 970

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY Jan. 18.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Mos.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 upto 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 5th-6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month

New York & Montreal B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldr. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52.57-58-48; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19 32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128/130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1

"NO BAN ON REMITTANCE TO PAKISTAN"

Gopal Reddi Clears Doubt In Madras Assembly

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (API): The Government of Madras "had no specific information" on a report that "prominent Muslims" of Malabar had collected and sent money to Pakistan, said Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister of Madras and leader of the Madras Legislative Assembly replying to a question in the House today.

From enquiries made, he said, it was gathered that a sum of Rs. 80 000 was collected from Malabar in 1945 and 1946 by public subscription towards the election fund. Half of the amount was utilised for election purposes and a sum of Rs. 25,000 was reported to have been remitted to the Pakistan Fund in June 1947. Presumably remittance was made to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan who was then a member Interim Cabinet to the added on to the Pakistan Fund.

Mr M. A. Saiam asked whether any ban had been imposed by the Central or Provincial Government prohibiting remittance to Pakistan. "Not to my knowledge," replied the Minister.

Himachal Pradesh To Be Reconstituted?

SIMLA, Jan. 18, (U.P.I.): The Himachal Pradesh will be reconstituted as a Lieutenant-Governor's Province after the constitution of India comes into force in the latter part of 1950, it is learnt authoritatively. The integrated areas of 29 States, comprising more than 10,000 square miles with a population of 9,28,000 are now a centrally administered zone.

The future of Bilaspore State, the only State of this region which did not merge with the other States to form the Himachal Pradesh, is yet to be decided.

Dr. Y. S. Parmar, member of the Constituent Assembly representing the Himachal Pradesh, and President of the Himachal Pradesh Congress Committee, who met Sardar Patel, Minister for States, in New Delhi, informed the United Press that from all indications it was likely that a responsible Government would shortly be established in Bilaspur.

HAVANA Cuban health authorities have begun the medical examination of all persons arriving here from Panama "and other yellow fever zones"

SUPPRESSION OF LABOUR UNIONS AND ARRESTS OF LEADERS

Complaints Lodged In U. N. E. S. C. O. And I. L. O. Against India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18, (API):— Labour Ministers of the Provinces and States concluded their two-day session today after a full and frank discussion on the I.L.O. Convention of freedom of association.

Explaining the genesis of the convention Mr. S. Lal, Secretary, Ministry of Labour, said that freedom of association was regarded as one of the fundamental human rights and complaints were made to the UNESCO as well as to the ILO charging the Government of India and particularly its Provincial Governments with suppression of Trade Unions rights and indiscriminate arrests of Labour leaders. He thought that the convention could be ratified safely as it took into consideration contingencies arising out of any emergency. It also provided that "in exercising the rights provided for in this convention workers and employers and their respective organisations like other persons or organised collectivities, shall respect the law of the land".

RESOLVING DISPUTES

It was resolved that in the case of essential services of the state conditions should be provided as to make strikes unnecessary by the institution of machinery for resolving disputes by way of collective bargaining, conciliation and adjudication. In the case of employees belonging to the non-essential services they should be treated on a par with workers in private undertaking.

Regarding essential services under private ownership, it was recommended that they should be treated in the same way as essential services under the industrial disputes act. Civil servants were conceded the right to associate or organise but had no right to strike and they would be treated differently from other employees in matters of dispute.

The Conference then proceeded to a consideration of the amendment of the enactments dealing with industrial relations, namely, the Indian Trade Unions Act, 1926, as amended by the Indian Trade Unions Amendment Act, 1947 and the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the important amendments were in regard to compulsory recognition when there are two or more Unions dealing with the establishment or industry and the inclusion of outsiders in the management of the Union. As regards the former, it was decided that an employer cannot be compelled to recognise more than one Union and that he should be compelled to recognise only the one representative Union as determined by the Labour Court. It was also contended that any Union which resorts not to strike during the period of industrial truce should be recognised. Regarding inclusion of outsiders in the management of Unions, it was recommended that the present provision in the Act which restricts outsiders to one-half of the total number of officers of a registered Trade Union should be amended to one fourth or four whichever is less.

There was a division of opinion over the question whether there should be one common basic law for the registration and recognition of Trade Unions and the conciliation and settlement of industrial disputes throughout the country. It was felt in the case of industries of an all India character like insurance, banks, river transport, etc., the Central Tribunal should have powers to adjudicate.

The conference agreed that in view of the different attitude taken by employers in regard to the organisation of welfare trusts funds, Government should take steps to introduce legislation for the setting up of welfare trusts funds.

On the conclusion of the conference the chairman, thanked the labour ministers for attending the conference and expressing their views on various subjects which would be of great assistance to Government in formulating labour policy and legislation.

BOMBAY POSTMEN VOTE FOR STRIKE

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

Bombay Postmen voted in favour of strike by a large majority, it is announced by the Bombay Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union today.

Out of about 4,000 postal workers 3,222 voted in favour of strike while six persons registered their votes against the strike.

The counting of votes in the strike ballot which began on January 10 is not still complete. Though the result of Bombay's voting was announced today, the outcome of the ballot of other places is not yet available. It is gathered that the Union will be able to declare the result of the strike ballot of other places in the province within two days. All-India figures, according to the Union will be announced within this week.

Gujrat Postmen's Union Decides Against Strike

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18. (A.P.I.): The Gujerat postmen and lower grade staff union, at its extraordinary general meeting held last evening, unanimously decided against strike, and resolved to send back the ballot papers to the All-India Postal Union. A deputation of the Gujerat union will proceed to Bardoli to acquaint Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel of their decision.

Railway Strike Ballot Figures

BOMBAY, Jan. 18 (API): With results of the strike ballot to come in from six more centres, a spokesman of the G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union said tonight that a majority of the members had decided in favour of a strike.

Ballot papers so far received by the Union showed that out of 18,150 persons who had voted, 17,970 were for a strike and 180 against. The Union has a membership of 31,292.

The B.B. and C.I. Railwaymen's Union with a strength of 15,050 members has also decided in favour of a strike. Results, which were still incomplete tonight, showed that 10,000 had voted for and 50 against a strike.

B.B.C.I. EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION AGAINST STRIKE

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): The local B.B. and C.I. Railway Employees' Association founded by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has decided against the strike of railwaymen but appealed to the authorities to redress the grievances of railwaymen to avert the necessity of direct action.

E.I.R. EMPLOYEES UNION VOTE FOR STRIKE

PATNA, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): Ninety-nine per cent of the votes were in favour of strike in the strike ballot taken by the E.I.R. Employees Union of Dinapur and Gaya. Altogether 2,251 votes were cast at Dinapur of which 2,225 were for strike. At Gaya out of 2,027 votes cast 2,010 were in favour of strike.

E.I.R. ROAD WORKERS' UNION VOTE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18 (API): Out of a total of 45,178 members of the E. I. Rail Road Workers' Union, 39,085 have voted for the railway strike and 16 against. The Union also ascertained the verdict of 5,253 non-members, he added, 5,231 voted for the strike and 22 against.

NAGPUR RAILWAYMEN FOR STRIKE

NAGPUR, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): In the strike ballot of members of the Nagpur branch of the Bengal Nagpur Railway Indian Labour Union, 974 voted in favour of a strike and only sixteen against.

COPENHAGEN: Two of the crew were killed and Mr. Jacobus Van Vorrink, Dutch Labour Party leader, was hurt when their plane crashed on a remote part of the Danish island of Falster.

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT FOR MIDDLE EAST STABILITY

Bevin Voices Faith In Israel-Egyptian Armistice Talks

LONDON, Jan. 18 (Reuter): The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, declined today to give Parliament a statement on Palestine because of the "delicate negotiations" now going on between Israeli and Egyptian representatives at Rhodes.

"We have been using all our influence in conjunction with the United States in the hope of arriving at a complete armistice between Jews and Arabs", he told Mr. Winston Churchill, who had raised the matter at the re-opening of the House of Commons.

He was sure the House would agree that any discussion might have a disturbing effect.

"The main object of all concerned must be to secure a peaceful settlement of the whole question as soon as possible in the interests both of the contestants and of the stability of the Middle East.

"Fighting has ceased on all fronts and we sincerely trust the overall truce will be maintained."

Mr. Bevin then announced that the British Government was prepared to allow Jews of military age detained in Cyprus to leave as soon as the Jews provided transport for them.

A message to this effect had been sent to the Acting United Nations Mediator, Dr. Ralphe Bunche.

He hoped to be able to make a fuller statement next week.

CHURCHILL'S PLEA

Mr. Churchill said the Opposition would have to ask for a debate next week. If that was presaged by a further statement from the Foreign Secretary that would be very satisfactory.

"The House must not be prevented from discussing matters of real and burning interest by vague statements of great improvements that are on the way and important and delicate discussions that are going on" he said.

"Nor do I think that the statement made by Mr. Bevin of the release of large numbers, or considerable numbers of Jewish immigrants of fighting age from Cyprus in order that they should join the Jewish forces in Palestine, fits in very well with the drastic military action which he has taken in other directions.

"Is he not reinforcing both sides at once?" Mr. Churchill asked.

Replying to Mr. Clement Davies, Leader of the Liberals, Mr. Bevin said he would deprecate discussing details which led to the Transjordan Governments asking for the stationing of British forces in Akaba.

RECOGNITION OF ISRAEL

After Mr. Herbert Morrison, Leader of the House, had said it would be better to have a debate next week from the point of view of peace and a satisfactory settlement, Mr. Churchill asked for an assurance from the Foreign Secretary that in the interval "having gone to Akaba we shall not scuttle from it under any threat of mere violence."

He also asked whether a British Representative to the 'de facto' Government of Israel was not greatly needed at the present time.

Mr. Bevin replied that recognition was under discussion.

"There is the question of another part of the world where the whole matter of this 'de facto' recognition could create very serious trouble—Indonesia—and very great difficulties for sovereignty and all the rest of it", he added.

CRUCIAL STAGE OF TALKS

RHODES, Jan. 18 (Reuter): Israeli-Egyptian armistice talks today entered what United Nations sources described as "the most delicate phase"—the discussion of armistice positions.

If this stage, considered to be the stiffest the conference has to tackle, is satisfactorily passed, the initialling of an agreement is extremely likely.

Doctor Ralphe Bunche, the United Nations Acting Mediator, saw heads of delegations alternately this morning, receiving suggestions and counter-suggestions to a draft armistice prepared by himself and his staff.

Bunche Asks For Relief!

RHODES, Jan. 18 (Reuter): A usually reliable source here said today that Dr Ralph Bunche, acting United Nations Mediator for Palestine, had asked the Security Council to relieve him of his duties.

He wrote to the Council saying the fact that the Palestine Conciliation Commission was soon starting work would render him "redundant," this source said.

BRITISH STATEMENT DENIED

Israel today sent a memorandum to Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, saying she was "unable to accept as accurate the British statement concerning the shooting down of British aircraft by Israeli forces on January 7."

Br. Colonial Governors To Meet At Johore

SINGAPORE, Jan. 18 (Reuter): British Colonial Governors of South-East Asia will meet at Johore next Friday for a three-day conference on policy questions.

The conference will take place at the residence of the Commissioner-General in South East Asia, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.

Ceylon Governor-General's Wife Fined

ADELAIDE, Jan. 18 (Reuter): Lady Moore, wife of the Governor-General of Ceylon, Sir Henry Moore, was fined £4 in an Adelaide court today for two breaches of traffic regulations. Police said Lady Moore was driving a borrowed car when she crossed against traffic lights on the wrong side of the road and collided with another car.

Lady Moore, who is in Adelaide on a recuperative holiday with relatives pleaded guilty.

Famine Relief Measures In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18.

Baroda Government is taking all precautionary steps to mitigate famine situation. The Government it is learnt, has sanctioned Rs. 350 lacs for various relief measures in famine striken areas. This sum includes Rs. 1 crore promised by India Government for relief works in Baroda State.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Jan. 18— The Governor of Bombay visited the Exhibition of American Text Books in the Durbar Hall of the Town Hall, Bombay where he was received by Mr. C. H. Timberlake.

Mr. and Mrs. Roerich came to launch.

His Excellency received Mr. Gurdas Thadani.

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BIHAR GOVERNOR

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18, (API)— His Excellency the Governor of Bihar, Mr. M. S. Aney, arrived in Calcutta this morning on a short visit.

His Excellency inaugurated in the morning the day's worship of the relics of Sariputta and Maha Moggallana, the two chief disciples of Buddha, at the temple of the Maha-bodhi Society. Mr. Aney will leave for Patna tomorrow evening.

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MR. L. M. PATIL

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction, left Bombay this morning on a tour of the Kanara District. The Minister will return to Bombay on Tuesday, Jan. 28.

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SIR C. V. RAMAN

Sir C. V. Raman, F. R. S. Nobel Laureate, Honorary Visitor of the Royal Institute of Science, will visit Bombay to deliver a course of six lectures on the "Scattering of Light in Liquids and Solids" under the auspices of the Institute during the week commencing from 31st January next.

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MR. B. GOPALA REDDI

MADRAS, Jan. 18, (API)— Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, Madras, has resigned his membership of the Constituent Assembly.

It is understood Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the AICC., will seek election to the Constituent Assembly in the resultant vacancy.

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MR. DEVADAS GANDHI

BOMBAY, Tuesday— Mr. Devadas Gandhi, President of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference, left Bombay this evening by the Frontier Mail for Delhi.

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GEN. CARIAPPA

MADRAS, Jan. 18, (API)—General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of India, who is expected to visit Madras early in February will open a show in aid of the troops in Kashmir on February 9 at the Corporation Stadium, Madras. The show has been organised under the auspices of the Kashmir Sena Sahayak Fund by Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, Government of Madras.

REVENUE DUTY ON SILVER THREAD AND WIRE INDUSTRY

Government Decision On Tariff Board Recommendations

NEW DELHI, Jan. 19, (API)—The Government of India have decided to replace the protective duty in regard to the silver thread and wire industry by a revenue duty as from April 1, 1949.

The Government of India's resolution on the Indian Tariff Board's report relating to the industry is published today in the Gazette of India (Extraordinary). A Press Note issued today stated that the Board has held that protection has achieved its purpose in the case of this industry, that the industry is no longer in need of protection and that the existing protective duty should, therefore, be allowed to lapse on March 31, 1949. The industry has been protected since 1931 and is now well-established.

The Government has accepted the recommendations of the Board, and accordingly the protective duty will be replaced by a revenue duty as from April 1, 1949.

IMPORTANCE OF INDUSTRY

The Tariff Board holds that the silver thread and wire industry—an ancient cottage industry of India—has now attained considerable magnitude from the point of view of capital invested, number of persons employed and total production.

Called upon to face severe competition from France after World War I, the industry was able to strive because of a high revenue duty imposed by Government in 1922 and a protective duty of 50 per cent "ad valorem" in 1931; the present duty is sixty per cent "ad valorem". Since the industry is now well-established and there are no imports, the Tariff Board recommends that protection be discontinued.

The annual output of the industry, which employes 40,000 to 45,000 workers, is valued at Rupees ten crores. Main centres of production are Surat and Benaras, with a few factories at Delhi, Jullundur, Ajmer and Bangalore. The total capital invested in Surat and Banaras is about rupees three and a half crores.

Most of the raw materials required by the industry are available in India, and the quality of the indigenous product is at present as good as that of the imported article. The Tariff Board recommends the Government should establish a technical school for the training of artisans. It is also recommended that the provincial Governments concerned should set up a representative committee to report on how far and by what stages the Factories Act should be applied to this industry.

TREATY WITH PAKISTAN

Pakistan is one of the important consuming centres of silver and gold thread manufactured in India. The Tariff Board suggests that in negotiations for a trade treaty with Pakistan, the Government should bear in mind the desirability of making duty-free the movement of jari and jari products between the two Dominions. The Government should also advise Indian Trade Commissioners abroad to examine how export markets in these articles could be developed.

R

IT IS NOTICED that most people wait till the end of the month to draw their Kerosene Oil. Thus large queues are formed and both the customers and the shopkeepers are inconvenienced. In their interest the public are, therefore, informed that they should not wait till the end of the month but should buy their Kerosene as early as possible to avoid inconvenience to themselves.

R

For attempting to transport Cotton Cloth without a permit, ABDULLA ISHAQUE SULEMAN KASSAM was convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence, KISHORE SADHING PUROHIT and MANGALRAI DURGADAS were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 400 and Rs. 200 respectively. RAM JAMANUMAL and CHELA SUJANMAL were also convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 for similar offence.

For transporting Cotton Cloth without a permit SADURAM THARUMAL was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence, CHANDRABHAN DHANSING was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to suffer two months' simple imprisonment.

For selling bread of less than the standard weight and also without obtaining coupon, FARZANALLI MOHAMED ISMAIL was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 400 on first count and one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200, on second count.

For unlawfully obtaining and being in possession of bread coupons, UMARSHI PUNJA was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment for each count.

For selling whole Milk Tea, KHAIRALLI KHUDABAKSH was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Stop Press

DUTCH LABOUR RALLY'S CALL

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18 (Reuter): A special Dutch Labour Party Congress here on Indonesia has adopted a resolution calling for Holland's co-operation with the United Nations "by immediate and full implementation of her political promises to Indonesia and the Security Council, including the release of the Republican Indonesian leaders". The voting was 1,879 to 909.

17 BURMESE REBELS KILLED

RANGOON, Jan. 18. (Reuter): Nine rebels were killed today in a clash with troops near Amherst, 40 miles south of Moulmein, an official 'communique' reported. In another battle, which lasted three hours, in a village in Central Burma, Government troops killed eight insurgents, the 'communique' added.

NEW COALITION CABINET FOR GREECE

ATHENS, Jan. 18 (Reuter): King Paul tonight gave M. Themistocles Sophculis, Greek liberal leader, mandate to form a New Coalition Cabinet. The new coalition was reported to comprise seven of Greece's ten political parties.

R.S.S. ARRESTS

WARDHA, Jan. 18, (U.P.I.): Nine R.S.S. workers were arrested in Wardha today for offering Satyagraha. Some objectionable papers were found in Kelkarwadi when a search was made at the house of Krishnakant Subedar.

SAPRU'S CONDITION

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is passing a restless night and oxygen is being administered at frequent intervals. Doctors attending on him told at 11 p.m. that his condition was "not satisfactory". The blood development of toxemia, on account of non-functioning of kidneys, is making his condition "critical". An attack of broncho-pneumonia is also suspected. Sir Tej is running temperature.

HYDERABAD STRIKE BALLOT

HYDERABAD Dn., Jan. 18, (UPI): More than 95 per cent of the employees of the Nizam's State Railway have voted for strike in the strike ballot. There are about 10,000 employees in the railway system.

DURBAN RIOTS

DURBAN, Jan. 18, (Reuter):— The riots death roll rose to 121 tonight. An African was killed last night, and early today 50 Africans and Indians were injured in sporadic incidents in Pietermaritzburg.

The native was shot dead by an Indian who opened fire on him and the other Africans when they attacked his house in Durban it remained quite.

BRITAIN RECOGNISES S. KOREAN REPUBLIC

LONDON Jan 18 (Reuter)—Great Britain today recognised the Republic of Southern Korea.

Vyvyan Holt, hitharto British Consul General in Seoul has been appointed British Charge D'Affaires.

NO GRANT-IN-AID FOR COMMUNAL BODIES

Government Of India Directive To Provinces

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): The Government of India have, it is learnt, issued a directive to the Provincial Governments to take effective steps forthwith to prevent communal organisations from engaging in activities other than those essential for the 'bona fide' religious, cultural, social and educational needs of the community.

MEASURES SUGGESTED

The measures suggested by the Central Government in this respect are: (1) No notice should be taken by Government and its officers, local bodies, state-aided institutions etc. of petitions or representations from communal organisations on political matters. (2) Interviews should be denied to leaders of communal organisations who wish to make representations on political matters. Deputations of such communal organisation should not be received by any minister or officer of Government. (3) No Government grant-in-aid or patronage in any form should be given to communal organisations which indulge in political activities.

The Government of India's directive refers to the resolution passed by the Constituent Assembly regarding the regulation of communal organisations and adds that they are considering the question as to what steps, legislative and administrative, should be taken to implement it.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

So far as legislative action is concerned, it appears to the Government of India, the directive says, that it is difficult for several reasons to draw at this stage a clear line between religious, cultural, social and educational activities (which may be termed non-political activities) on the one hand and other activities (which may be termed political on the other. The main reason is that the fundamental right to be conferred by the new constitution may engender certain types of political activities justifiable even when they are pursued by a communal organisation. For instance, if some of the fundamental rights are in practice denied to members of a particular community in a particular area, then those members may justifiably organise themselves for the purpose of asserting those rights and getting the other communities to recognise them, but such an activity may well be regarded 'political in the sense of not being "essential for the 'bona fide' religious, cultural, social and educational needs of the community".

COMMUNAL ELEMENT RECOGNISED

The Draft Constitution also recognises the communal element in respect of certain matters besides fundamental rights, e.g., reservation of seats for minorities in the house of people and in the Legislative Assemblies in the States, and special provincial and special provision for Anglo-Indian community in respect of appointments to service and educational grants.

It has accordingly been decided that the implementation of the resolution in the legislative field should wait until the passing of the Constitution, when it will be clearer to what extent "political" activities of communal organisations will be justifiable on account of their close connection with fundamental rights and other provisions of the Constitution.

Meanwhile, as regards administrative action, the Government of India have decided that the measures mentioned above should be put into effect forthwith.

R

CHARCOAL AND FIREWOOD TRADE LICENSING ORDER

IN COMPLIANCE with the repeated demand by the public to regulate the trade of charcoal and firewood the Government of Bombay have promulgated the Bombay Charcoal and Firewood Trade Licensing Order, 1949. The Order comes into force in Greater Bombay and the 47 villages (of Old Bombay Suburban District) now transfewred to Thana district, with effect from 18th January 1949. In accordance with that Control Order no person is eligible to carry on the business of retailer, importer, wholesaler or producer in charcoal and firewood without a valid licence after fifteen days of the promulgation of that Order. The Order has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette (Extra-ordinary)—Part I—dated 18th January, 1949. The Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Charcoal and Firewood) has been appointed as the Licensing Authority in the above area. All persons who intend to carry on the business of charcoal or firewood—wholesaler, retailer, producer or importer—must apply immediately for the requisite licence. Licences will ordinarily be issued to those retailers and wholesalers who can prove that they have been continually in business for any 12 consecutive months during the calendar years 1943 to 1947. Persons applying for wholesaler's licence shall have in addition to prove that they hold a licence in that behalf under the City of Bombay Municipal Act of 1888 or are in occupation of a plot for storing charcoal or firewood as the case may be. Likewise persons applying for importer's licence will have to prove that they hold a Municipal licence and are in occupation of a plot for storing charcoal or firewood. The fee for a licence will be as follows:—

Producer's licence	Rs. 10/-
Importer's licence	Rs. 250/-
Wholesaler's licence	Rs. 100/-
Retailer's licence	Rs. 50/-

The fee for licence applied for should be remitted in cash with the application. Application should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Charcoal and Firewood), 10, Queen's Barracks, near Japanese Gymkhana, Bombay. It may be noted that a producer, importer, wholesaler or retailer who is granted a licence for charcoal under this Order shall not be liable to pay a licence fee for a similar licence for firewood or vice versa should the same be granted to him.

2. All importers, wholesalers and retailers will be required to deposit with the Licensing Authority the following sums of money as per clause 10 of the Control Order:

Importer	Rs.	2,000/-
Wholesaler	Rs.	1,000/-
Retailer	Rs.	100/-

3. The consumers must note that it would be an offence under the Order to keep in Greater Bombay and the 47 Scheduled villages more than 5 Bengal Maunds of charcoal and 15 Bengal Maunds of firewood during any month. Any hotel or institution which desires to keep more than the above quantity in stock should submit an application immediately stating the quantity intended to be kept in stock with reasons thereof so that necessary orders may be issued.

4. Charcoal includes (a) trade quality charcoal, (b) charcoal khar, (c) charcoal dust, (d) charcoal powder and (e) badami charcoal. Firewood includes (a) trade quality firewood, (b) saw dust and (c) scrap and waste wood used as fuel.

The Bombay Chronicle

It is perverted judgment that makes every one place himself above the rest of the world, and prefer his own good, and the continuance of his own good fortune and life, to that of the rest of the world.
—BLAISE PASCAL

THE FUTURE OF "AZAD KASHMIR"

The correspondence between the U. N. Good Offices Commission and the Pakistan Government which has been released by the latter, does not give readers a coherent idea. The papers published are evidently intended to reassure the public of Pakistan and the "Azad Kashmir" organisation —the Frankenstein Monster that the Dominion raised and finds it difficult to lay. But a careful reading reveals that the Pakistan Government has misread the situation. For example, we are told, "it was explained by the Commission that the term 'Local authorities" meant the 'Azad Kashmir Government'. although the Commission could not and did not accord recognition to that 'Government'." This is altogether meaningless. If it cannot be called a "government"—and the Commission made it quite clear that it could be regrded only as a political movement not as a "government"—then what room is there to call them "local authorities"? The admission by Pakistan that the Commission did not call the "Azad Kashmir" manifestation a "Government", gives away the whole show. The Pakistan Government seeks to confuse matters by insisting that it was informed by Dr. Lozano of the Commission's intention to ensure "a large-scale reduction and disarmament of the armed forces on both sides of the cease-fire line".

So far as the Indian and Kashmir Governments are concerned, this has no meaning in regard to "disarmament" since both have used State and Union forces which are their armies. There can be no large-scale reduction of the Kashmir forces but the Indian army will only be in Kashmir in sufficient number to ensure law and order. On the other hand, as a political party, the "Azad Kashmir Movement" cannot have its forces merely reduced, because there is little hope of a peaceful settlement with private armies tolerated. It will have necessarily to be disarmed. It seems, therefore, reasonable to interpret this sentence as meaning that for convenience several methods have been mentioned, some of them applicable to Indian forces, some to the "Azad Kashmir" forces—and none to the State forces. Read in the context of the "aide memoires" released by the Government of India, this is the only meaning which can be given to the release of the Pakistan Government. Nor must it be forgotten that the interpretation placed by the Pakistan Government on Dr. Lozano's statements to it seem one-sided and, unlike the aide memoires, not confirmed by the Commission. There is little justification to think that the U.N. Commission has given one explanation to Delhi and another to Karachi. If it is realised that Pakistan finds itself faced with the necessity of moderating the very ardour it had roused, its present attitude would be easily understood.

The Commission, however, will have to make its position clear beyond doubt so that the peace it has so strenuously laboured for, is not jeopardised by the mischief of misrepresentation. At any rate, there is no reason for agitation in India since the Government of India made its position clear to the Commission and since it had been accepted by the Commission. The more the Pakistan manoeuvres to explain a difficult position to the raiders and to its incited public, the more will its Government be discredited before the United Nations. It is in the circumstances singularly fortunate the difference between disbandment and disarmament should have been thoroughly threshed out between Dr. Lozano and the Indian Prime Minister as it has served to fix the point beyond doubt. What the Pakistan Government has tried to achieve is the virtual division of Kashmir which is totally unacceptable to India, and which Pakistan itself rejects when it mentions in its communique as the Commission's plan a plebiscite which predicates that "the whole State will accede to either Dominion according to the decision of the plebiscite." There is in this as well a prima facie case for thinking that certain distortions and interpolations have been effected in order to establish a rather flimsy case —and crudely effected at that.

Drive Against Communalism

After hospitals, clubs and gymkhanas, the Bombay Government has done well in getting down to a positive policy or nation-building and in applying itself resolutely to driving out communalism in one phase of civic life after another. The decision to clear gymkhanas and clubs which receive State or Municipal aid, of all communal taint has been in the air for some time It has evidently come to fruition now. It is reported that privately-managed communal sports associations have also been approached with a view to securing the complete elimination of this evil It is but natural that once communalism is driven out of politics, it will wither away in other spheres of life. But the Government has wisely resolved not to leave the process unaided. The all round campaign for the eradiction of communalism which is now well under way in this province, will doubtless lead to a speedier clean-up than if matters were left to adjust themselves and if we relied solely on time to bring about the necessary changes. Progress, it has been said, is a force, not a process: and the Bombay Government is giving concrete proof that it is a decided force for nationalism By its actions, it has shown that the facilities and opportunities available to Bombay citizens are to be made available to all Indians. No section of society can go very much ahead of the rest by itself. Those who are not yet alive to this social truth, must be brought into line. There will naturally be technical difficulties and legal obstacles in the way of bringing about this reform. But the technique that has proved so effective in a matter like temple-entry, which touches prejudices more closely than any other, will surely prove equally serviceable in the purely social sphere of life.

Behind all the various measures to eradicate communalism, there is one underlying principle: It is that anyone who wishes to associate himelf or herself with others in work or in play, shall not be discriminated against because of his faith or community. As a matter of fact, in the cities—and particularly in the activities generally covered by clubs, gymkhanas and societies —the religious or communal tie has practically no meaning. "The modern Jew," an Englishman once remarked, "and the modern Christian differ from each other fundamentally: One does not attend on Saturdays to his worship at the Synagogue, the other neglects his Church on Sundays—sufficient reason to divide the two religiously." This would be very true of the average club-goer. Getting the communal virus out of the city's sporting life would be ending hypocrisy where it is most unnatural. And it is one sphere where public opinion has been far ahead of the official act. Hitherto the men behind the communal clubs entrenched themselves strongly in the status quo. Now that the lead has been given by the Government, these men will have either to change their attitude or give to those who can act more in the spirit of the times.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 17.

A Dutch official spokesman today described the United States' suggestion to the United Nations for the establishment of a sovereign United States of Indonesia by April 1, 1950, as "unparalleled interference"

The spokesman said the plan, circulated among Security Council members on Jan 14 was being studied in The Hague and Batavia, but Dutch Government—Reuter.

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Apropos of the eight questions asked of Jawaharlal by comrade A. Leonidov of the Moscow "New Times", the Junior Collegue, sensing in it a challenge to his juvenile prerogatives, has drafted sixteen questions demanding that they be answered by Premier Stalin.

We have, however, rejected his questionnaire on the excuse of space.

* * *

Observers in New Delhi are reported to have expressed surprice at the Pakistan's Government's communique of January 16 regarding the U. N. Confmission's resolution of August 13, 1948 and the supplementary proposals of January 5 relating to a plebiscite in Kashmir.

We agree with the point of the New Delhi observers' criticism. But we are surprised at their surpise. It betrays ignorance on their part of Pakistan's difficulties with its Leaguers, its tribesmen and its Ibrahim Khans; an ignorance that is inexcusable.

* * *

Our Karachi correspondent reports growing trouble in the Frontier province making it harder and harder for the authorities to control the situation.

We confidently expect increasingly better and better achievements yet from Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan. Wait and see.

* * *

But what perturbs us is that the Pir of Manki Sharif inevitably annoyed with Abdul Qaiyum is showing signs of joining the "Pathanistan" movement.

Our anxiety is that this may prematurely expose the secret understanding between the Pir Sahib and India—with or without Indian gold?—to destroy Pakistan. The Pir Sahib ought to be more careful.

* * *

The Australian Foreign Minister, Dr. Herbert Evatt, urges that the five British Commonwealth countries in South-East Asia and the Western Pacific viz Australia, Ceylon, India, New Zealand and Pakistan, should give the lead not merely to the rest of the British Commonwealth but also to the world.

Sure, sure. But, of course, the fundamentals on which Ceylon, India and Pakistan are unfortunately unable—or rather unfit and unqualified —to see eye to eye with Australia should be excluded from the "lead".

* * *

Giving at a Bombay meeting his impressions of the Paris Session of the U.N. Mr. J. R. D. Tata incidentally observed that the United Nations was the only available instrument for international co-operation.

The United Nations certainly is the only available instrument if the.—er—owners thereof make it available for international co-operation.

AN ENGLISHMAN LOOKS AT NEW INDIA

Satisfaction And Apprehensions Of Sir Percival Griffiths

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON—The picture that Sir Percival Griffiths presented of new India at the East-India Association was in marked contrast to that presented by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose during his recent visit to this country. This is not surprising. There is bound to be a difference in the outlook of an ardent socialist like Mr. Bose and an ex-civil socialist like Sir Percival. Sarat Chandra Bose was naturally distressed that India had not marched on the road to progress as he had expected or desired. Sir Percival felt relieved for the moment that India had not turned as radical as he had, perhaps, feared. Yet it was Sir Percival who showed greater anxiety to view the new trends in India with sympathy and understanding; Sarat Chandra Bose was merely crying stinking fish. It is not but Sarat Bose's criticism was entirely without foundation. There was basis for some of the apprehensions he felt; he had even reason to feel dissatisfied. But the technique he adopted in ventilating his views did more harm than good to the very cause he chose to espouse. He converted his criticism in an assault of great magnitude and consequently his case suffered from exaggerations, and the picture he presented was reduced to a caricature. He did injustice to even himself when he said that if he had to choose between white and brown capitalism he would choose white capitalism. Englishmen amongst his audience smiled a smile of self-congratulation.

Indo-Pakistan Relations

Sir Percival was, ofcourse, critical of the conditions prevailing in India. But he avoided exaggeration. He even gave "the devil his due." That gave the presentation of his case an air of impartiality, though it was not entirely free from defective thinking. Indo-Pakistan relations, he recognised, had considerably improved, though he would not say that the past chapter of bitterness and rancour had been closed for good. There were apprehensions about India's intentions in Pakistan. But to him these apprehensions did not appear to be justified. India had taken Pakistan for granted and nursed no aggressive intentions. In fact New Delhi desired to make nearer approach to Pakistan because it was realised that on the friendship between the two Dominions rested the progress of both India and Pakistan. In this connection he drew the attention of the Pakistan Government to the fact that certain influential journals in Pakistan were inflaming feelings and suggested that a stop should be put to their undesirable activities if the relations between India and Pakistan were not to deteriorate. India, he said, had dealt with the question of minorities better han Pakistan. East Bengal had still a long way to go.

India, in the opinion of Sir Percival, could claim to have achieved a measure of stability. Most of the Indian States had stayed in the Union. The danger of disintegration had gone. Linguistic provinces presented another danger. But for the present it had been held and he hoped Indian patriotism would assert itself and fissiparous tendencies would be curbed. Law and order not only had not broken down, but registered a marked improvement of late. Life and property, he could say, was moderately safe in spite of recent increase in crime, but then there was increase of crime in several countries in the world.

Economic Conditions

Sir Percival's criticism was mainly directed at the economic and administration conditions. Administration moved slowly. Things did happen but slowly. There was great need of efficiency. The level of administration had to be raised. What caused him anxiety was economic stagnation prevailing in India. Indian capital had become shy. Businessmen were reluctant to embark on expansion schemes. There appeared to be lack of confidence. The Government were not unaware of this strange phenomenon. But he thought the lack of confidence in the business world was largely due to uncertainty of Government's economic policy. Unless the businessmen were sure they would be allowed to reap the fruits of their enterprise they could not be persuaded to venture on new enterprise. The taxation, in his view, was very high. Then there were labour problems. Some of the difficulties mentioned by Sir Percival do exist in some form. But to describe the present situation as economic stagnation would not appear to be strictly in conformity with facts. But there is no denying that there is not that economic activity to which the people were looking forward. Without economic activity there can be no increase in the standard of living and without a better standard of living there would no happy and prosperous India. The solution of the economic problem is not easy. But solution brooks no delay. Urgent steps must be taken to check inflation and make the life of common man a little less difficult.

Indian "Imperialism"

India, in the view of Sir Percival, was aspiring for the leadership of Asia. He felt she would one day develop a new kind of imperialism. He did not disapprove of this imperialism as it might prove in the end to be good for the cause of civilization in Asia. Sir Percival little realised that India, having herself suffered the agonies of imperialism, could never dream of becoming an imperialist Power. She covets no territory, desires no aggrandisement, wishes to impose her will on none. She will shake hands with anybody that cares to do so, will give her friendship and support to those who seek it. She will serve other Asiatic countries not in the spirit of a leader but as a comrade. The welfare of Asia demands not that India should assume the leadership of the continent but that all Asiatic countries should unite in a common effort to work for common good.

Sir Percival could not say whether India would or would not stay in the

(Continued on Page 9.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Quarrel About Name

Seth Govind Das President of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan, wants Hindi to be made the "Rashtrabhasha" and Devnagari the national script of India. He assures his countrymen that the Sammelan "never wanted to exclusive useful terms from other languages being taken in Hindi vocabulary," and that they would keep the door of Hindi open to absorb as many useful terms of other languages as could possibly by taken" since the champions of "Hindustani" the application of the name "Hindustani" to the self-same Hindi language with the admixture of words of advocate common currency for years past, one wonders why Seth Govind Dass and his Sammelan should quarrel about the name "Hindustani". In any case, it seems to us ridiculous for cultured leaders like Seth Govind Dass to quarrel over names—it is nothing less—when he and his Sammelan are prepared for the free adoption of "useful words" of non-Hindi origin.

Romulo Answers Critics

General P. Romulo who has distinguished himself as the representative of the Philippines at international conferences and has come to India to attend the Asian Conference on behalf of his country has had some plain words to say to critics of the conference. The real objection of most critics to it are well known —the West sees in the conference the beginnings of a United Asian challenge to its centuries old domination of Asian countries and peoples and the west does not like it. But the dislike has to be cloaked in something that looks nice. Hence the insinuation that the conference would be a prelude to the formation of our "Asiatic Bloc" in international affairs with all the dangerous possibilities to peace implicit in "Blocs" General Romulo effectively answers the critics and even goes to the length of asking why Asian countries should not constitute themselves into a "Bloc" as others have. As has been repeatedly affirmed, Indian leaders and other leading Asians have no desire to form any Bloc since it encourages rivalries and prejudices peace. A united front for the purpose of standing up to a common challenge is a different thing. And that is what the conference will represent. General Romulo's fighting defence is not an advocacy of an aggressive Asian Bloc but a warning of Asian temper and of consequences if the West continues to ignore or provoke Asia. The West will be wise to heed General Romulo's words.

No Parallel

During the hearing of a requisition case pending before him at the Bombay High Court, Justice Tendolkar observed that he had had not heard of any legislation in any other country in the world parallel to the Requisitioning Act. If these remarks were merely intended to show that it would not be possible to cite any analogy or precedent which could be a guide in deciding issues under the Act, the remarks would be unexceptionable. But if the remarks are also intended as adverse criticism of the Act, it should be said that the learned judge was perhaps slightly stepping out of the purview of his duties and his remarks could at best be treated as obiter dicta. The fact that any piece of legislation has no parallel, need not necessarily imply its condemnation. There is no parallel to the situation which has necessitated the enactment of the Requisitioning Act. Perhaps it has nowhere happened in peace-time, that the population of a city has swollen in such proportions as that of Bombay while the available accommodation has remained stationary. This gave rise to many hardships and the evil known as the 'pugree' system, it is to meet this specific evil and put an end to the heartless exploitation of human need and misery underlying such a system that the Requisitioning Act has been passed.

Need For Caution

While, therefore, the Requisitioning Act can be justified on the ground that it is necessary to meet the peculiar conditions which have arisen in Bombay and other urban centres in the province, the facts disclosed in a number of petitions disposed of by the learned judge must call attention to the need for vigilance and caution against abuse of the provisions of the Act by administrative officers. Justice Tendolkar was constrained to describe as "callous" the attitude of an official who filed an affidavit stating that he did not know if a dead person had any relative living with him and, with troubling to ascertain the facts, requisitioned the premises the deceased was occupying. Justice Tendolkar said that among the petitions before him were a few in which Government appeared to take the view that once the male member of a family died, every other member had to be vacated. He hoped that Government's Legal Adviser did not share this view. We join his Lordship in the hope: and we also venture to think the hope is justified in view of the fact that in a number of cases the Government have agreed to derequisition the flats which had already been requisitioned. It would, perhaps, be far better to excercise care and caution to see that such situations do not arise at all.

Towards Kerala

The premiers of Travancore and Cochin States appeared together on the platform of the United Kerala Conference at Madras the other day and asserted that the overwhelming majority of people in their respective States favoured the early unification of Kerala. This is a good augury for the materialisation of the cherished hopes of the Malayalee-speaking peoples of both the States as well as of the Malabar district and other areas in the southern presidency that they would be grouped together in one administrative unit.

Bao Dai's Gamble

The manoeuvres of the French to make Bao Dai, the exiled ex-emperor of Annam, a stooge in their hands to prop up their tottering empire in the Far East, are becoming more and more ridiculous. For months past, French officials have been discussing with him a quisling Government in control of the three States of Tonkin, Annam and Cochin-China, with himself at its head. Bao Dai could not apparently be convinced that such a Government could successfully put down the nationalist resistance movement under the leadership of Ho Chi Minh. Reports are now being spread by the French that Bao Dai has at last been prevailed upon and that he will be shortly proceeding to Indo-China to become the emperor of the Viet Nam. But since the popular resistance movement has not been crushed yet and since it is not likely to be crushed entirely even with the aid of French arms, Bao Dai will be merely courting disaster—and the execution of the Viet Namese —by playing into the hands of French exploiters.

OUR READER'S VIEWS

Dr. Rajendra Prasad's Appeal

Sir,—Dr. Rajendra Prasad appealing to the Nation on the 13th inst. for a vigorous collection drive from January 16 to 30 as a token of homage to the memory of the Father of Nation, stated that the progress of the collections for the fund has so far been poor and that all his committees and workers should redouble their efforts and institute a vigorous collection drive.

Homage to the memory of the Father of Nation cannot be shown by liberal contributions only. Liberal contributions can be made only by rich people and that does not mean the poor do not want to pay homage to the Father of Nation.

It is therefore suggested that the words "rich or poor" in paragraph 3 of the said appeal be changed into "rich" only, in view of the hardships met by the poor class people to make both ends meet.—Yours, etc

L. S. MANI.

Conductors' Manners

Sir,—On January 17, 1949 about 3 o'clock in the bus stand near Exchange Building at Kalbadevi, we were standing in the queue to travel to Fort area by 'E' route. A empty bus came up. We were about 25 people including old men and women and also children. As soon as the bus halted near the queue, people attempted to get inside the bus. But the conductor rang the bell, and in spite of many vacant seats in the bus, it left leaving many of us including old men and women behind.. We who were inside the bus, asked the conductor to stop the bus, so that others may come in But we were told by the conductor "Thum Chupraho". Can the B.E.S.T. Committee take serious action in the matter?—Yours, etc.

D. K. MENDON,
S. K. SUVARNA,
B. S. KUKIAN.

The signatories have the number of the bus and of the conductor.

—Editor.

Co-operative Societies

Sir,—While thanking Mr. R. R. Rao for his letter on the above subject in the issue of your paper dated January 14, 1949, I have to request all concerned to read Rule 45 of the Bombay Co-operative Societies Rules, the title of which is "mermership of two societies with unlimited liability prohibited". It goes on to say that "no person being a member of a society formed on a basis of "unlimited liability" shall be a member of any other society formed on a similar basis without the special or general sanction of the Registrar; and where a person has become a member of two such societies, either or both of the societies "shall be bound to remove him" from membership upon a requisition from the Registrar to that effect." In this connection I have to refer Mr. R. R. Rao and others concerned to the commentary of Mr. Gupte on "The Bombay Co-operative Societies Act with Rules" at pages XXIX of Appendix A and further. In the course of the commentary it has the course of the commentary it has been clearly stated that: "Rule 45 does not prohibit a member of a limited liability society from being a member of another society". For the sake of space, I do not propose to write further now and request those concerned to consider the various points and pros and cons on the subject and give their views.—Yours etc.,

S. NAGASUNDARAM.

Watchmen Of Kakoori Camp

Sir,—Recently there was a theft in the house of an Ex-Overseer and Incharge of the camp, who is staying in the Kakoori Camp. All his belongings and trunks were found at some distant place in the jungle.

The Gurkha Watchmen employed for the Kakoori Camp, have been allotted duties to run after hawkers vegetable and fruit-sellers and grosers who sell their wares in handcarts. These petty dealers are not permitted in the camp during the day by the Housing Commissioner

These Gurkha Watchmen merely sit together at one place and chat at night. That is why so many thefts have taken place in the Kakoori Camp at night. I have never seen a Gurkha Watchman stopping villagers using our latrines or water-taps. The Gurkha is always seen driving a Breadwalla, Ghee-walla, Kelewalla, Telwalla and Vegetable and Fruit sellers and making this camp more like a jail. The sellers are at their mercy.

Where should we buy our vegetables and other daily necessities, when all the shops are closed due to disputes between the tenants and the Contractor and when Gurkhas are not permitting sellers inside the camp.—Yours etc.,

P. D. SAWANT.

Permits For Pakistan

Sir,—The Government of India have recently introduced a system according to which an Indian Citizen has to obtain a "No Objection" Certificate in duplicate from the Police Authorities in India, before proceeding to Pakistan, so that he may have no difficulty in obtaining Permits in Pakistan from the Permit-Officers of the Government of India for return to India.

Recently I obtained such a certificate in duplicate from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay. One copy of it was kept by the Pakistan Authorities in Bombay while issuing a permit to me for going to Pakistan The other copy was retained by the Permit-Officer of the Government of India in Pakistan at the time of issuing a Permit to return to India

I am thus left with no 'No Objection" certificate with me. I have to go to Pakistan frequently and come back. It is not easy to obtain a permanent permit either from the Government of Pakistan for going to Pakistan or from the Government of India for returning to India and every visit I have to go through the same procedure of first applying for "No Objection" Certificate and so on.

Once the Indian Government issue a "No Objection" Certificate, why should it not be considered as a kind of Permit itself so that a person holding it may not have to apply for a Permit for returning to India every time he goes to Pakistan? Some arrangement—should also be made with the Pakistan Authorities for registering such "No Objection" Certificates with them so that a person holding such Certificate may not have to submit it afresh to the Pakistan Authorities every time he has to apply for a temporary permit to go to Pakistan. In case it is bonsidered essential that a Permit for returning to India ought to be obtained at the time of returning from Pakistan, similar arrangements regarding registering of "No Objection" Certificate should be made with the Indian Government Authorities in Pakistan centres concerned.—Yours, etc.

R. M. AGRAWAL.

Religion And Politics

Sir,—As befitting a secular State, leaders in the Indian Union talk of keeping politics religiously separate from religon. Politics, they maintain, may have a deep under-current of religious but the bogey of religion must never be raised to further political moves. Gandhiji, I am convinced, always laboured for building political institutions over a superstructure of spiritual values

But what are Indian leaders, in fact, doing? What I wonder, is the justification of creating such a fanfare under State-auspices over the reception of the relics of two disciples of Lord Buddha? I do not advise that State help need not be shown to preserving ancient relics, especially when those relics are embedded in some memorable religious—Hindu or Muslim —antecedents.

But Religion is, after all, one's personal affair. Buddhists should have been offered every assistance by the State for preserving those relics in the manner they liked. The State should not have been implicated in it directly, as the participation of the Governor of West Bengal and of the Prime Minister of India has conspicuously done. A section of the public might reasonably contend that the Government have taken advantage of this event, to mingle religion with politics in a subtle way. A secular State has to proceed very cautiously to convince the sceptic that it is really different from a theocratic one.

Yours etc.,

TUSHAR RANJAN PATRANABIS
Dhanbad (Bihar).

OPEN AIR

One of our most attractive wild shrubs here in India is, in my opinion, the Lantana, though it spreads so quickly that it can become a nuisance if we are tempted to introduce it into the garden. There are, however, many very pretty cultivated forms which do not spread as the wild ones do. Among these is a particularly lovely white one which grows to a large size, and which is always covered with blossom. Of the two common wild ones, one bears round heads fo vivid orange flowers, and the other pale yellow ones which fade to mauvish-pink. If we look carefully at a head of these flowers we see that the first ones to open are those forming the outer ring, and that these start to fade as the centre ones come out, which gives a two-coloured effect to the plant. As the flowers have a heavy scent in addition to their bright colouring they attract numbers of lovely butterflies to the shrub, and when the flowers give place to round juicy black berries it would almost seem that the birds, especially the bulbuls, have a secret service to inform them of the fact, so quickly do they arrive on the scene to partake of the feast. The birds are, to a great extent, responsible for the spreading of Lantana, for while they enjoy the juicy sweetness of the berries they reject the hard seed within, and this grows up wherever it is dropped to form a new plant.

D. R.

PETER PRINCE WINS ON DISQUALIFICATION

Goan Boxing Championships

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Finals of the Fifth Goan Boxing Championships organised by the Bombay Goan Athletic Association were held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall before a packed house. The standard of boxing witnessed this evening was much higher than on the previous day and was quite in line with Bombay's standard.

Keen interest was evinced in the fight between Jack D'Souza (Jr.), son of the famous Jack D'Souza, who appeared also in the ring as seconds. Jackie (Jr.) is still in his teens and by the plucky display put up against Jonas D'Souza, he shows promise of developing into a top-notcher. Though he lost to Jonas D'Souza he fought well retaliating quickly but his defence was open. His footwork was quick in attack and easy in recovery. Jonas won as he was much the better boxer and his victory was deserved.

The Senior Bantam weight fight was closely fought and Jack Cardoza who won, beating Micky Rodricks put up a splendid performance using his right to advantage, looking carefully for openings and catching his opponent on the wrong foot. Cardoza's punishing tactics paid and his straight hits scored. Micky Rodricks fought back gamely and although he was out pointed in the first round recovered to improve in the second, but Cardoza clinched the issue in the third.

The crowd was disappointed when the referee stopped the fight in the third round between Peter Prince and Michael Carvalho. Michael Carvalho had his opponent at sea in the first round. Prince usually takes quite some time to settle down, he rallied in the second and was making quite a good fight, but Michael was warned for holding and the referee disqualified him in the third round.

Two fights ended in quick verdicts. B. D'Sa beat P. Rodricks in the senior fly weight bout on a technical knock out. D'Sa started punishing his opponent from the start and mercilessly Long blows at his opponent. Rodricks was lucky to be spared being counted out in the first round as the bell rang but in the second he went down twice and came back to return some sharp blows at his victor, but again the barrage started and the referee stopped the figtht in the 2nd round. Then the Senior featherweight fight between P Roquizinho and B. E. Lobo also ended in the referee giving a technical knock out verdict as Lobo was battered badly in the first round, but survived and came in for the second and was beaten up badly bleeding profusely from the nose.

The last fight between Denis Lopez and German Rego did not come off as Rego met with an accident and could not turn up, but Denis Lopez was matched against Furtado but Furtado was too good and the boxers were very unevenly matched. the referee stopped the fight in the first round on this account.

Another fight which needs mention was the fight for the Special Feather weight contest between F. Rego and A. Afridi of Nagpada Neighbourhood House. Afridi received a good amount of punishment, but he retaliated bravely and this was certainly a good fight.

Dr. Fred D'Souza presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

Special Contest Junior "B" Class 8 st. and under)

D. Townsend (M.M.V.) beat B Cawasjee (20th century) on points.

Special Flyweight Contest

E. Reuben (Maccabi) beat K. P. Kuka (Z.P.C. and H.L.) on points.

Special Featherweight Contest

F. Rego (N.N.H.) beat A. Afridi (N.N.H.) on points

CHAMPIONSHIP FINALS

Junior "B" Class (8 st. and under)

Jonas D'Souza (N.N.H.) beat Jack D'Souza (Jr.) (B.G.A.A.) on points.

Senior Flyweight

B. D'Sa (Sir D. Petit) beat P. Rodricks (B.G.A.A.) on a technical knock out in the 2nd round.

Senior Bantam Weight

Jack Cardoza (B.G.A.A.) beat Micky Rodricks (Mazagaon Docks) on points.

Senior Featherweight

F. Roquizinho (20th Century) beat B. E. Lobo (N.N.H.) on a technical knock out in the 2nd round.

Special Welterweight Contest

Peter Prince (Rangers) beat M. Carvalho (B.G.A.A.) Carvalho disqualified in 3rd round for holding.

Senior Lightweight

Denis Lopez (B.G.A.A.) vs Fartado (B.G.A.A.) unevenly matched fight stopped in first round.

JOE LOUIS APPEARS IN EXHIBITION BOUT

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 18 (UPA): World heavyweight champion Joe Louis today squared off against Art Swiden, promising young heavyweight from Pittsburgh in a four-round exhibition that ended in a no decision.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Association Ground

3 p.m. Ismail vs. E. C. R.I.S. (Inter College Tournament.)

4 p.m. Bhimraj vs Juvenile S.C. (Second Division).

5 p.m. Young Sports "A" vs. B.P. T. "A" (Senior Division).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

3 p.m. National Sports vs. Panchgani Parsis "B". 4 p.m. St. Xavier's "C" vs Black Spiders 5 p.m. St. Xavier's "D" vs. General Motors.

G.I.P. Ground, Parel

3 p.m. St. Xavier's "E" vs. Bombay Steam Navigation. 4 p.m. Mahim Gymkhana vs. Goan Sports "B".

TENNIS

Bombay Gymkhana

7-15 a.m. Morning Session.

3-45 p.m. Evening Session.

(Western India Tennis Championships).

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE RETAIN TROPHY

Inter-College Hockey League Finals Decided Over Extra Time

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The finals of the Inter College Hockey League concluded today when St Xavier's College beat Khalsa College by three goals to one. This was one of the most interesting finals in collegiate hockey witnessed.

Khalsa College who have rarely figured on a big occasion as the finals earned the right of making St. Xavier's fight to the very end for victory. Khalsa College scored the first goal through their right outer Dennis who shot off a rebound from O. Frank the college custodian which was the result of a penalty corner hit. Before this St. Xavier's had an opportunity of going ahead when a penalty bully was awarded against Khalsa for kicks by a defender, Williams of St. Xavier's took the bully with D'Costa of Khalsa but D'Costa beat him to it. Khalsa crossed over with this slender advantage of a solitary goal.

St. Xavier's College mustered courage for their reputation as holders was now at stake and towards the last few minutes Terence Le Febour, who had moved up as centre forward from centre-half position scored off a pass from M. D'Sa the left outer. Extra time was played and as a result St. Xavier's College scored two goals in the last five minutes of the extra time. Fialho the left inner scored both goals, the first was the result of a pass from the right outer Mathias, and the second goal was from a melee shot which the goalie swung at and deflected into his own goal. A sensational finish to a thrilling encounter.

The teams:—

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE:—O. Frank; J. Fernandes, G. D'Souza; C. Pereira, T. Le Febour, G Carvalho; R. Mathias, G. Williams, Chris Pereira A. Fialho, Martin D'Sa.

Khalsa College:—Martin Lobo; D'Costa, Alva; Denzil, A. D'Sa, C. Martins; A. Dennis, Mendonca, A. Dias, J. Alphonso, Shirgaokar.

WARM RECEPTION TO TOURISTS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 18 (API): A warm reception was accorded to the West Indies touring Cricket Team which arrived here this evening by air from Bombay.

The Team consisted of Mr. Goddard, captain and ten others. George Headley and Everton Weekes who were on the sick list till recently, are expected to arrive here to-morrow by air. Ferguson, Atkinson and Richards who are convalescing at Calcutta after their recent illness, will reach Madras by train on January 20. Mr. Lacy, the Manager of the Team, is also expected to join the Team on January 20 from Bombay.

A large gathering of Officials of the Madras Cricket Association and Cricket enthusiasts were present at the Aerodrome to welcome the Tourists. On arrival, the members of the Team were introduced by Mr. C. R. Ranagachari, the Madras Cricketer, to Mr. C. R. Patabhiraman, President of the Madras Cricket Association, Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Honorary Secretary of the M.C.A. and other Officials.

Mr. Goddard, the Captain of the West Indies Team, told the A.P.I. that they had a pleasant air trip and hoped that the fixture against the South Zone would be an interesting one.

WILLIE PEP SHOWS FLASHES OF OLD SPEED

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18 (UPA): Former featherweight champion Willie Pep, showing flashes of his old speed and punch, scored a unanimous decision over Teddy "Red Top" Davis, a Brooklyn Negro, in ten brisk rounds.

FESTIVAL HOCKEY TOURNMENT

Draw And Team's Players Announced

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following is the draw for the Festival Tournament for which six teams have been invited:—

REST Bye: Goa vs. Combined Colleges; Bombay vs. Combined Railways; Maharashtra bye.

The following will represent the various teams:—

BOMBAY:—A. Lobo (S.K.); O Ferreira (S.K.) Capt., Gentle (Tata's) Perumal (Tata's), A Middle Coat (Dockyard), Boonawala (Young Sports), Prem Nath (Tata's) Woodcock (Lusis), R. Rodrigues (S.K.), C. Braganza (Lusis), Coutinho (Tata's) Reserves:—Roberts (Times), Correia (Times), L. D'Souza (Times). Manager: Mr. C. E. Rordigues.

THE REST:—Brown (Times); Carvalho (Tata's), Beasley (Young Sports); Martin (Dockyard), Amir Kumar (Dockyard) Capt. Joe Rodericks (Times) McMurray (Dockyard), John Vaz (Times), I. Abraham (Dockyard), K Le Febour (Dockard), John D'Souza (Dockyard). Reserves:—John D'Souza (S.K.), Rego (B.P.T.) Wilson D'Souza (Lusis), R. Fernandes (B.P.T.) Manager:—Mr. F. W. Hanson.

GOA XI:—Leo Pinto (Tata) Capt.; Joachim D'Souza (Goan S.C.), Walter D'Souza (Lusis); F. Gama (Lusis), Tony Vaz (Times), Maxie Vaz (Lusis); C. Gomes (Goan S.C.), J. D'Mello (Tata's), Lenny D'Souza, (Tata's), A. Braganza (Goans S.C.); Lawrie Fernandes (Tata's). Reserves:—Diogo Fernandes (Tata's), George Pereira (Tata's), Peter Ferrao (Tata's). Manager:—Mr. Jos. Gonsalves.

COMBINED COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS:—Anto (Little Flower); Alva (Khalsa), G. D'Souza (S.X.C.), V. Barretto (G.M.C.), T. Le Febour S.X.C.), Capt. Motivala (G.M.C.); R. Mathias (S.X.C.), G. Williams (S.X.C.) M. D'Mello (Syd.), M. M. Mehta (V. J.T.), M. D'Sa (S.X.C.). Reserves:—O. Frank (S.X.C.), Panday (Ruia), C. Rodrigues (G.S.M.), A. Fialho (S. X.C.). Manager:—Bro. Noguera.

COMBINED RAILWAYS:—:Donley (G.I.P.); Nabi Shah (G.I.P.), Jadhav (B.B. and C.I.); Mulla; (G.I.P.), Pavey (G.I.P.): Agre (B.B. and C.I.); Kishen Lal (B.B. and C.I.) Capt. A. Fernandes (G.I.P.), Saxley (B.B. and C.I.), Munir (G.I.P.), G. Fernandes (B.B. and C.I.). Reserves:—Ismail Khan (B.B. and C.I.), Dias (B.B. and C.I.), Joginder (B.B. and C.I.), Mullen: (B.B. and C.I.). Manager:—Capt. E. J. Austen.

The Maharashtra team will be announced later.

The festival tournament for the Bhiwandiwalla Cup commences on 1st February on the association ground.

INTER-COLLEGE HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Wilson College Trounced By Siddarth: Coutinho's Double Hat-Trick

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Inter College knockout Hockey Tournament Siddarth College trounced Wilson College to the tune of ten goals to nil. Wilson College were lucky to escape with so small a defeat. Coutinho had the privilege of scoring a hat-trick in each half.

Siddarth College scored six goals in the first half three of them by Coutinho, Meni two and Joe Pinto one goal. Then in the second half Coutinho repeated his performance scoring 3 more and Meni scored off a penalty bully.

PAREL HOCKEY LEAGUE

Goan Sport's 'A' Held By Tramway Men

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Senior Division of the Parel Hockey League, Goan Sports "A" were held to a goalless draw by B.E.S.T. Sports Club, Goan Sports had by far the better of the exchanges and were rather unlucky to lose.

Second Division:—General Motors 0, Khatau S.C. 0.

Third Division:—Bombay Metal and Alloys walk over E.C. and R.I.S.; Lever S.C. "B" walk over Tata SC. "B"; Khar Selected 1, Thana District Police 0; Young Aryan Goans 1, Western Rangers 0.

Britain Gives World Ice Hockey Championships A Go By

AUTHORITIES CRITICISED FOR SPENDING MONEY SAVED ON BETTERING STANDARD AT HOME

LONDON, Jan. 15 (Reuter): Britain's decision not to enter a team in the World Ice Hockey Championships in Stockholm next month, because of the shortage of good British-born players, has evoked much criticism here.

The British Ice Hockey Association decided to give the Championship a miss this year and utilise the estimated cost of sending a team, £900, on the advancement of the game at home.

Some critics thought a better policy would have been to send a team of keen and talented amatures to give them the invaluable experience of playing against the world's best.

Ice Hockey in Britain is dominated by Canadians, most of them professionals, and while these players continue to be imported there is little chance of developing home talent.

To encourage and develop British players, the Association will organise a knock-out tournament, the competing to be the Junior sides attached to the National League Teams County Sides from Surrey, Middlesex and Sussex and a London Hospital Team.

The speed and skill displayed in the Canadian Style Ice Hockey, as played in the Winter Olympic Games and the World Championship, has impressed enthusiasts in Soviet Russia, but the traditional Russian style of play remains more popular.

The old type of Ice Hockey, played in Soviet Russia for more than 50 years, is a form of Football on Ice with 22 players—a side—and a larger pitch.

The majority of the 40,000 players favour this game, but the highly-trained Canadian Teams, who always play outdoors, will compete in the Championships of the Soviet Union.

Perhaps, the exploits of Czechoslovakia, one of the best Ice Hockey Nations in the world, will do much to increase interest in the Canadian Style game, which is now in its third season in the U.S.S.R.

Madhav Rao Extended Fully In Western India Tennis

MADAN'S IMPRESSIVE DISPLAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Further progress was made in the Western India Lawn Tennis matches today, when yesterday's postponed matches were decided in the morning.

Among the interesting matches decided in the morning, the most important was the one between Madhav Rao of Madras and young Kunju Mashruwala. Little did anybody think that Kunju would come anywhere near beating his wellknown opponent. Playing a patient game and waiting for his opportunities to use his forehand, Mashruwala after losing the first set equalsed. True Madhav Rao was finding the change of courts quite unsuitable for his game. The Bombay Gymkhana courts are harder and truer to the bounce. It would become extremely difficult to play a forceful player, whose strokes would never let an opponent the necessary time to cover the courts.

Mashruwala after making a bold bid lost the best set, and an interesting first round match.

In another long-drawn out match between A. S. Barrett and D. N. Dady, the latter not possessing the ability to cover the court, although possessing excellent strokes, lost the encounter in two straight sets.

The following were the results of the matches played in the evening.

MEN'S SINGLES

J. M. Kantawalla beat N. D. Vyas, 6-4; 6-0; P. L. Narayan Rao beat B. P. Baliga, 6-3; 6-3; K. V. Madan beat Rajkumar Jain, 6-1; 6-1; Naresh Kumar beat K. C. Mahindra, 6-1; 6-1; G. N. Pawar beat C. Khory, 6-1; 6-3; A. N. Other beat J. K. Umrigar 6-0; 6-1. D K Nerurkar beat P K. Ghuwalewala, 6-2, 7-5.

MEN'S DOUBLES

K. C. Mahindra and K. Grover beat M. V. Ramchandran, 6-3, 6-3. J. M. Mehta and J. M Kantawalla walk over G D. Bhagat and A. N. Other; R N Bhagwat and R. K. Sanghani beat V. L. Alexander and J. Jameson, 5-7; 6-0; 6-3; P L. Narayan Rao and D. Mhadev Rao walk over R K. Mody and M. Maccadam; Vishnu Mohen and G Narain beat J. H. Shodhan and K. C. Mashruwala, 6-3; 6-4; K. Wattumull and G D Bhagat beat M. P. Fatehsinghji and G. M. Khory 4-6; 6-2; 7-5; Naresh Kumar and K. B. Madan walk over N. D. G. Rao and S V. Sampat; J. V Doshi and A R. Kavarana beat J. V. Kamath and R. C Vin; 6-1; 6-2; S. K. Bhardwaj and A. N. Other walk over "A" Pair; S. M. Sajjad and F Alikhan beat B. S Rama Rao and R. R. Ruia; 6-4; 6-2; A. R. V. Peermohamed and L. M. Khatau walk over P K Ghuwalewala and Partner; K H. Kapadia and C. J. Cooper beat I R. Mehta and B. P. Baliga, 6-1, 6-1.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Mrs. L. Dayal beat Miss R. Bhanderi 6-0; 6-0; Mrs. S. Jameson beat Miss V Alexy, 6-4, 6-4; Miss L. Woodbridge beat Miss M. E. Ghaswala, 6-1; 6-1; Mrs. B Stewart beat Miss J. Holden, 6-0, 6-2.

MATCHES FOR WEDNESDAY

MORNING

COURT NO. 2. 7-15 a.m. G. Vasant vs. J V. Doshi; 7-45 V Mohan vs. V. L. Alexander.

NO. 3. 7-15 J. Pacheco or S. T. Panjwani vs. G M. Khory; 7-45 Naresh Kumar vs. Pawar.

NO. 4. 7-15 P. N. Sarangpani vs. M. M Shinde; 7-45 J. M Kantawalla vs U. S. Bangera.

NO. 5. 7-15 R. N. Bhagwat or Hyderabad "A" vs. L R. Mehta; 7-45 J. H Shodhan vs. P L. Narayan Rao.

NO. 6. 7-15 K. B. Madon vs. B. S. Rama Rao 7-45 A S. Barrett vs. K. Watumull.

NO. 7. 7-15 K. H. Kapadia or B. S. Shirgaonkar vs. N D G Rao, 7-45 C. J Cooper vs. A R. V. Peermohamed.

NO 8. 7-15 Afsar Hussein or Hyderabad "B" vs. D. K Nerurkar. 7-45 D. Madau Rao vs. S K. Bharadwala or L M. Khatau.

EVENING

COURT NO. 2. 3-45 p.m. F Bekkevold vs. R R Ruia, 4-15 P L Narayan Rao and D. Madau Rao vs. A. R. V. Peermohamed and L. M Khatau 4-45 Miss V. Alexy and K. B. Madon vs. Miss L M. Merchant and Partner.

NO. 3. 3-45 J. Charanjiva vs. A. R. Kavarana or G. D Bhagat, 4-15 Hyderabad Pair vs. G. Vasant and J. Charanjiva 4-45, Miss J. Ingram and F. Bekkevold vs A N Other and A R V Peermohamed.

NO. 4 3-45 Mrs. L. D. Mudie and Mrs. R H. Pollard vs. Miss L. Woodbridge and Miss L. M. Merchant, 4-15 J. W. Anson and Partner or U. S. Bangera and M. M. Shinde vs K Watumull and Partner, 4-45 Miss L. Woodbridge and B. S. Rama Rao vs. Mrs L. D. Mudie and J W Anson.

NO. 5. 3-45 Miss J. Holden and Miss A Master vs. Miss V Alexy and Miss J. Ingram, 4-15 J V Doshi and A R Kavarana vs. S K Bharadwaja and Partner, 4-45 Miss R Bhandari and N. Bhandari vs. Mrs. Jameson and Partner.

NO. 6. 3-45 Mrs. B. Stewart and Partner vs. Miss M E. Ghasvala and Miss R Billimoria, 4-15 V L. Alexander and J. Jameson, vs. V. Mohan and G. Narayan 4-45 Mrs. R. S. Mody and Partner vs. A. N. Other and S T. Panjwani.

NO. 7 4-30 M. V. Ramchandran and S. G Inamdar or K. C. Mahindra and Partner vs. K. H. Kapadia and C J. Cooper, 5-00 Miss J. Holden and J K. Umrigar vs. Mrs. B. Stewart and Parther.

Friendly Cricket Match In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In a friendly cricket match between the Bombay Automobile Employees Union and the Bombay Insurance Employee's Association, the latter won by an innings and 38 runs. The first four wickets of the winning team had fallen for no run scored, and later were 7 runs for 5 wickets, but the tail batsmen batted very well.

American Thomas Cup Team Averages 30 Years

CHICAGO, Jan 18 (Reuter): Americans Six-man Baamnton Team to meet Malaya in the Thomas Cup Inter-Zone Final at Glasgow on February 21 and 22 has an average age of about thirty years. The team, the first to represent the United States in International Competition outside their own country, will be led by twenty-eight year old Dr. David Freeman, who has dropped only one game in an unbeaten run of ten years play. Freeman, who became "World Champion" in American eyes by beating Indian star player, Davinder Mohanlal is trebled American Champion, having won the Singles, Doubles and Mixed Doubles. He was United States' Army Tennis Champion and National Junior Tennis Champion in 1939. A Physician whose home is in Pasadena, California, Freeman was recently discharged from the United States Army in which he served in the Medical Corps during the war.

Here are thumb-nail sketches of the other members of the team. Carl Loveday was runner up to Freeman in the Singles Championship in 1941, 1942 and 1947, and is number three player of the Team, he is 29 years of age, lives at Montelair, New Jersey and is in the publishing business.

Marten Mendez, of San Diego, California, was beaten by Freeman in the 1948 Singles final and he ranks second in the Singles. He is 32 years old and is a good Squash player.

Wynn Rogers was Doubles Champion with Freeman in 1948 and won the Mixed Doubles with Mrs Virginia Hill, of Glendale, California, in 1947. He ranks fifth in the National Singles list but will share the Thomas Cup Doubles matches with Freeman. A School-teacher by profession, Rogers comes from Arcadia, California.

Clint Stephens, six-ranked Singles player, was runner-up with Bob Williams in the National Doubles Championship last year Stephens, who is 29, and his business Executive, comes Baltimore, Maryland. He plays an excellent game of golf.

Bobby Williams, who is 25, ranks fourth in the Singles and second in the Doubles. He is fine exponent of the doubles game and he will team up with Stephens in the Thomas Cup clash.

The Team's Coach is Ken Davidson, of Los Angeles, California, who was a great Amateur player before turning professional. He is widely known in Badminton circles in Britain. Davidson, a Scottish International, used to demonstrate Badminton the stage and did comic turns and he had the distinction of appearing in a Royal Command Performance in London just before the last war.

Good Day For Xavier's

FIRST DIVISION HOCKEY LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

St. Xavier's College "B" beat Ganeshkind S.C. by a solitary goal scored in the last few minutes of the second half. St. Xavier's College are now in a position to gain the runners-up position in the first division of the league.

After a blank first half when St. Xavier's dominated play and had chances glorious but failed in the circle, they had to be content with getting a last minute goal to win from Ganeshkind. Fialho scored for the collegians off a pass from the right outer Pereira which he banged to the boards from close in.

On the Parsi Cyclists Ground Telephone Club and Cathedral Old Boys drew each side scoring twice. This was a third division game.

Canterbury Wins Plunket Shield Cricket On Points

DUNEDIN (New Zealand), Jan. 18 (Reuter): Canterbury, who finished the Plunket Shield Cricket series equal on points with Otago, have won the Shield on figures based on runs scored for and against them. Scoring an exciting one wicket victory over Wellington in the final match of the series today, Otago brought their total of points to 12 to equal Canterbury. Wellington finished with ten points and Auckland with eight. The rules provide that in the event of a tie on points the winners shall be determined by subtracting the average of runs per wicket scored against each team from the average of runs per wicket scored by the team. Canterbury had a minus average of .09 compared with Otago's minus 4.3.

Mel Patton To Quit Track In Favour Of Work

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 18 (Reuter) Mel Patton the 24-year-old American Sprinter said today that he is quitting the track.

Patton who ran 100 Yards in 9.3 seconds last year for a New American and Unofficial World Record, said he intended to work instead of competing during his final session of eligibility at the University of Southern California. He added that he has to support his wife and 2-year old daughter and so will work part time for his father-in-law.

Patton won the Olympic 200 Metres in London, was fifth in the 100 Metres and anchored the victorious United States 400 Metres Relay Team. He is to graduate next June but is eligible for competition at the University, this coming spring.

M.C.C.'S FOURTH INNINGS VICTORY

Young Captures 6 For 38

EAST LONDON, Jan. 18, (Reuter): Maryleboners gained their anticipated easy win against Border here today when they dismissed them for 89 in their second innings to win by an innings and 27 runs. This was the fourth victory with an innings to spare gained by M.C.C. since their tour opened. Jack Young the left arm spinner finished off the innings when taking his sixth wicket to give him figures of six for 33 while C. Gladwin played a big part as he made the catch for that last wicket by Young and also dismissed three men himself during the forty minutes of play after lunch which sufficed to end the match. M.C.C. led by 116 on the first innings having declared yesterday at 272 for nine in reply to Borders 156.

BORDER (1ST INNINGS) 156

M.C.C. (1ST INNINGS) for 9 decl. 272

BORDER (2ND INNINGS)

C. White c and b Young	1
W. Treadaway c Hutton b Young	15
A. Curnick b Young	4
K. Kirton c Watkins b Young	2
R. Phillips c Watkins b Young	11
D. Fenner c Mann b Jenkins	2
S. Birch lbw b Gladwin	8
R. Thorne c Crapp b Gladwin	18
R. Beesley b Gladwin	16
C. Lowndes c Gladwin b Young	3
D. Woods not out	0
Extras	9
Total	89

WICKETS FELL AT: 1/3; 11/2; 15/3; 27/4; 41/5; 41/6; 65/7; 84/8; 87/9.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gladwin	16	8	31	3
Tremlett	1	0	1	0
Young	20-7	5	38	6
Jenkins	6	4	10	1

Extras (Ryes 4, Legbyes 1, Noballs 4.)

HARRIS SHIELD FINALS

Anjuman-i-Islam Score 234 For 6 Wickets: Podar Out For 94

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The finals of the Harris Shield Cricket Tournament for Schools commenced at the Brabourne Stadium today. Anjuman-i-Islam, the reigning champions are once again in the finals and now are opposed by Anandilal Podar High School. Podar High School took first knock and were dismissed for 94 runs. The cheap dismissal of the Podar batsmen was due to the immaculate bowling of Taffique Hussein and A. S. Kadir who returned the analysis of 3 for 19 and 3 for 17 respectively. Throughout this tournament both bowlers have been responsible for the collapse of their opponents. The only batsman to shape well for Podar, was K. P. Parekh who scored 28 runs.

Anjuman-e-Islam in reply have made 234 for the loss of 6 wickets and are well set for a big victory. Abdulla their captain made 58 runs before being l.b.w. to Ratansey; then Umer Mitha was unlucky to be run out at the end of the day's play when he was 48 and never looked like getting out. A. I. Kadir another star performer during the entire season is still batting with 74 runs to his credit. His total consists of 10 fours, and but for one stumping chance he has played a brilliant innings executing some beautiful strokes all round the wicket. Aederi and Ratansey have each taken 2 wickets at a cost of 62 and 64 runs respectively.

The following are the scores:—

Podar High School (1st innings): Pandia c Saiffudin b Farooque 4, Parekh c Toffique Hussein b A. I. Kadir 28, S. Adekar c and b A. S. Kadir 15, Mehta N. J. (capt.) b Toffique Hussein 1, G. Adekar b Toffique Hussein 10, Tellethari run out 0, Aederi not out 8, Mehta Natvar c and b Toffique Hussein 6, Altangadi b M. Farooque 2, Desai c Saiffudin b A. S. Kadir 0, Ratansey b A. S. Kadir 4. Extras 16, Total 94.

Fall of wickets: 1 for 8; 2 for 38; 3 for 39; 4 for 64, 5 for 64; 6 for 69; 7 for 78; 8 for 86; 9 for 89, 10 for 94.

Bowling Analysis:—M. Farooque 8/2/11/2; Ellan 3/1/8/0; Saiffudin 3/2/3/0; A. S. Kadir 8.3/2/17/3; Toffique Hussein 12/3/19/3; A. I. Kadir 5/1/17/1; Mukadam 2/0/3/0.

Anjuman-e-Islam High School (1st innings): A. S. Kadir b Aederi 4, A. Hamid b S. P. Adekar 16, Saiffuddin lbw R. S. Aederi 2, K. Abdulla lbw Ratansey 58; Toffique Hussein c Adekar b Ratansey 20, A. I. Kadir batting 74, Umer Mitha run out 48, M. Farooque, Mukadam, Siddique and Ellam to bat. Extras 12. Total (for 6 wickets) 234.

Fall of wickets:—1 for 15; 2 for 17; 3 for 40; 4 for 95; 5 for 108; 6 for 234.

Bowling Analysis:—R. S. Aederi 20/1/62/2; Mehta N. J. 15/2/44/0; Adekar S. P. 7/0/25/1; Ratansey 17/1/64/2; Natvar Mehta 2/0/6/0; Tellechari 6/0/21/0.

Lightweight Boxer Retains World Title

BIRMINGHAM, Jan 18 (Reuter): Billy Thompson, 23-year-old holder of the British Lightweight Championship, retained his European Title at the Embassy Sportsdrome here tonight when he gained a narrow points decision over Joseph Preys of Belgium.

The capacity crowd of six thousand people, thousands were shut out, who had sat patiently through fifteen rounds of the dullest and most uninspiring boxing seen in a Championship Fight for many years showed their dissatisfaction at the decision by loud booing.

Thompson, although his performance was anything but satisfactory, had done most of the forcing, and apart from the last two rounds when his 28-year-old opponent demonstrated his best punches, the British Champion was in the ascendancy.

Thompson, who scaled 9 stone 3-3/4 pounds, had a three quarter pound advantage over Preys.

HANDICAPS FOR SATURDAY'S RACES

The following are the handicaps for Bombay Races Twelfth Winter Meeting to be held on Saturday, January 22:—

THE EVE CHAMPION CUP. (Terms-Indian Horses, 4 yrs. old and over). 1-1/4 Miles.

Royal Jester 9-4, Jawahir 9-1, Ferial 9-1, Shan-E-Hind 9-0, Jaiwant 8-11, Jeanne d'Arc 8-11, Jonathan 8-11, Kirti 8-8, Serenade 8-8, Maduri 8-8, Jane Jigar 8-7, Roop's Fancy 8-7, Kunigal Star 8-7, Here Again 8-7, Cherry Brandy 8-7, Navvara 8-4 Aman 7-8.

THE WAVELL PLATE. (Horses, C. II.) 6 Furlongs.

Parting Summer 9-2, Crystal 8-12, Fair Haven 8-9, Zam Zam 8-8, Ma'maselle 8-7, Rim Jhim 8-7, Aman 8-5, Sunbathing 8-3, Illicit 8-1, Snehprabha 8-1, Repartee 8-0, Jonathan 7-12, Fie 7-11, Simon's Sister 7-10, Raj Doot 7-10, Near Image 7-10, Je Reviens 7-8, Pippy 7-8.

THE BILKHA PLATE. (Indian Horses, C III). 7 Furlongs.

Diniar 9-3, Maratha Mandir 9-3, Churchill 9-0, Adeline 8-12, Tomcat 8-10, Malakeh 8-8, Arowhena 8-6, Find Out 8-6, Bhopal Star 8-5, Dev Doot 8-4, Truman 8-3, Once Again 8-2, Pride d'Antibes 8-2, Parthian 8-2, Independence 7-13, Duke of Ramgarh 7-12, Windsor Park 7-12, Chin Up 7-12, Aan Baan 7-12, M and B 7-12, Georgie 7-11, Khundil 7-11, Paramount Power 7-11, Pom Pom II 7-11, Here Again 7-10, Shubh Luxmi 7-10, Same Again 7-9, Artistic 7-8.

THE BERAR CUP. (Indian Horses, C IV). About 1-1/2 Miles.

Rana Pratap 9-3, Nirvana 9-0, Grace 9-0, Filmindia 8-13, Moulin Rouge 8-6, Coeur d'C 8-5, Prospero 8-3, Super Charge 8-2, Panditji 8-2, Cockpit Pride 8-2, Ariel Mail 8-1, Pan Supari 7-12, Taslaroon 7-12, D. Day 7-11, Show On 7-9, Happy Returns 7-9, Patent Bid 7-7, Ayyaz 7-6, Mardan 7-5, Bronzewing 7-5, Fashion Parade 7-3.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. (Indian Horses, 4 yrs. old and over, C V, Maidens). 1 Mile, Division I.

Gay Sire 9-3, Poppet 8-12, Kotidhwaj 8-9, Full Poppy 8-9, Makfar 8-9, King's Star 8-6, Desert Hawk 8-5, Chetna 8-4, Sinhgarh 8-3, Shivneri 8-3, Ganga Singh 8-1, On and On 8-0, Duchess of Ramgarh 7-11, Esmail Pasha 7-9.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. (Indian Horses, 4 yrs. old and over, C V, Maidens). 1 Mile, Division II.

Little John 9-4, Morning 8-11, Chandrakor 8-11, Dark Roy 8-9, Gwalior Express 8-8, Man Mandir 8-5, Kaumari 8-5, Hind Vijay 8-4, Reuter 8-1, Bella 8-0, Yemin-ul-Mulk 7-13, Icy Hot 7-12, Puri Pakodi 7-12, Adorable 7-8, Amar Hind 7-6.

To be ridden on even terms by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 10 or more winners.

THE SARGODHA PLATE. (Indian Horses, 4 yrs. old and over, C V, Maidens). 1 Mile, Division III.

Crown of Kolhapur 9-0, Peer Shah 8-8, Lalkar 8-6, Shah of Iran 8-6, Jahan Zaiz 8-6, Who Knows 8-2, Marvel 8-2, Time Bomb 8-2, Abdel 8-2, Indian Heiress 7-13, Sarojini 7-12, Big Hit 7-10, Mon Ami 7-9, A.C.C. 7-9.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE. (Terms-Indian Fillies, 3 yrs. old only, C V). 5 Furlongs, Division I.

Queen Elizabeth 9-3, Gamble for Love 9-3, Rukhsana 9-3, Tamasha 9-3, Flying Princess 9-3, Whirlwind 8-7, Lizalee 8-7, Lily 8-7, True Love 8-7, Andromeda 8-7, Gwen 8-7, Chrissie Darling 8-7, Odds Again 8-7, Tabassum 8-7, Lady Doctor 8-7, Chhoti Begum 8-7, Georgette 8-7, Belle Amie 8-7, Maha Maya 8-7.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE. (Terms-Indian Fillies, 3 yrs. old only, C V). 5 Furlongs, Division II.

Topflight 8-7, Whirlpool 8-7, Viveca 8-7, Flying Miss 8-7, Raj Luxmi 8-7, Kantaka 8-7, Mah Khurshid 8-7, Armina 8-7, Dinkie 8-7, Smiles and Tears 8-7, Desert Law 8-7, Tamanna 8-7, Cool and Collected 8-7, Rasili 8-7, Grace Darling 8-7, Night Queen 8-7, Honey Bunch 8-7, Happy Queen 8-7, Sparkling Star 8-7, Maleka Saheba 8-7.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

DEMAND FOR CHANGE OF RULE IN BOXING

LONDON, Jan. 15 (Reuter): It is virtually and unwritten rule of Boxing that a Champion can have six months of grace after a Title Fight, but too often the period is extended by as much as twelve months.

Sometimes, this is because there is not a worthy contender, or else other Boxers with equal claims of having a tilt at the Champion are in the throes of eliminators to find the best man.

Yet, there is a growing feeling in Britain that the Boxing Board of Control would render a great service to the Boxing public, not to mention the Boxers, themselves, if the Rule enabling them to call on a Champion to defend his title after six months grace, was more stringently enforced.

The problem is confused when Boxers hold more than one title, as in the case of Rinty Monaghan, Belfast, Holder of the World Flyweight Crown. Now that he has agreed to defend this against France's Maurice Sandeyron, it means that his British and Empire Titles need not be defended until six months after April 5 when he puts his World Title at stake.

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Barha;	Lahore
Bindki	Lucknow
Bombay	Lucknow Aminabad Park
Bombay, Kalbadevi Road	Lucknow City
Buxar	Ludhiana
Calcutta	Lyallpur
Calcutta, Burra Bazar	Mathura
Candausi	Meerut
Dehra Dun	Moradabad
Delhi	Moradabad City
Deoria	Musscorie
Dibai	Muzaffarnagar
Etawah	Nainpur
Faizabad	Nagpur City
Fatehpur	Naintal
Firozabad	New Delhi
Ghaziabad	Orai
Gorakhpur	Patna
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DUTCH OUT TO WALK AWAY WITH WAR GAINS

India And Indonesia Attack Holland In Security Council

LAKE SUCCESS, JAN. 17, (REUTER): INDIAN AND INDONESIAN DELEGATES TO THE UNITED NATIONS ATTACKED HOLLAND IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY WHEN THE DEBATE ON INDONESIA WAS RESUMED AND ADJOURNED UNTIL WEDNESDAY.

The Council had no new resolution to discuss despite negotiations over a Cuban proposal mentioned at the last meeting and it was understood that Dr. Philip Jessup, the United States representative, had been unable to get enough support.

WEAKENING THE REPUBLIC

Indonesia's L. M. Palar accused Holland of maintaining a blockade and trying to weaken and exhaust the Republic in defiance of the Renville agreement of January last year providing for a truce and political discussions. He said the Dutch had violated the agreement by setting up states in areas under dispute and, by lining up other states created by themselves, had presented a prefabricated interim administration.

The terrible economic condition upon us by the continuous Dutch blockade and the continuous threat of a military attack, which became more and more actute has not fascilitated the task of my Government in the discharge of her obligations," Mr. Palar said.

He declared the Dutch had exploited every means of psychological warfare and had not made any "sincere efforts" to straighten out difficulties with the help of the Good Offices Committee.

He said the creation of an interim Government and the United States of Indonesia would not solve the problem.

"To the Dutch", he said "it would mean the consolidation of their war of aggression and the gains acquired through this aggression."

WITHDRAWAL OF DUTCH TROOPS IMPERATIVE

"With regard to west Java, East Java, and Madura, I want to remind the council that the establishment of such states succeeded only at their third attempt and then only by arrests of several of the delegates whom they (the Dutch) feared were too much inclined towards the Republic.

"Free elections, in our opinion, can only be held if conducted and supervised by a United Nations Agency without the presence of Dutch occupying forces and free from the machinations of the Dutch civil administration.

"Emphasis is laid by the Dutch delegate on the transfer of sovereignty by the Dutch Government to the United States of Indonesia, but it would mean a transfer of sovereignty to a Governmental set-up established not as an expression of the will of the people, but unilaterally by the Dutch in such a way that Dutch domination would be secure."

"Restoration of the Republican Government as a political body only, with some territory, will leave our Government at the mercy of the Dutch and their peculiar conceptions of bona fide negotiations," Mr. Palar said. "We have stressed time and again the view that any solution in Indonesia and any Governmental structure or elections should be set up or held under the auspices of the Security Council since in our opinion this would be the only guarantee to arrive at a stable and peaceful settlement."

SENSELESS COMPARISON

Sir Benegal Ram Rau (India) took up Dr. Van Roven, the Dutch Delegate, on his remarks about Kashmir last week and said: "He could not have chosen a worse analogy to justify his Government's defiance of the Security Council resolution.

"India has a free conscience in regard to Kashmir and only the day before the Netherlands representative made his statement, most of the Security Council members expressed their great appreciation of India's attitude."

Sir Rama Rau emphasised the importance of getting a resolution passed before Thursday, the date of the Asian Conference in New Delhi.

The conference had no intention of going outside the United Nations, he said, but it was important to know before-hand the views of the Council.

Outlining India's views on a solution, Sir Benegal Rama Rau said: "It is imperative that the imprisoned leaders should be released immediately and established as an authority with which further negotiations could be carried on."

"The Security Council should take a more active part in the implementation of any resolution or scheme that is passed by it.

"If the Good Offices Committee could be reconstituted as a commission of this Council and be made the agency through which the Security Council's resolutions and decisions are carried out, I feel that the objective would be reached much more expeditiously than under procedure that has hitherto been followed."

Sir Benegal suggested that troops should be withdrawn under the new commission and authority of the Republic restored as soon as possible.

"It is important", he said, "that withdrawal should be completed by March 1, for the holding of the plebiscite should be preceded by a few months of settled administration."

"It is also important that the establishment of the interim government should not take place in an atmosphere vitiated by the presence of Dutch troops in areas where they are not required for the maintenance of law and order" Sir Rama Rau said.

"Definite dates should be fixed for the plebiscite, and for the transfer of sovereignty to the United States of Indonesia.

"It is clear that any Republican Government set up during the transition should have the necessary financial and other resources for discharging effectively the normal functions of government.

"It should not be dependent on the Dutch for these resources."

Sir Benegal Rama Rau said that the Delhi Conference would meet in a different atmosphe if it knew that the Security Council had an effective plan for dealing with the Indonesian situation, and that the Council would not hesitate to use its powers under the charter.

A letter from the Indonesian delegation was read asking the Council to help them keep in touch with their leaders and for transport and safe conduct for any Republican officials who might want to come to Lake Success.

The Council President General A.G. L. McNaughton (Canada) said he would ask the United Nations Secretariat to make the transport available.

INDO-CHINESE SITUATION

French Spokesman Expects Early Solution

NICE, Jan. 17 (Reuter): M. Leon Pignon, French High Commissioner to Indo-China, declared today after his second interview at Cannes with ex-Emperor Bao Dai, of Annam: "I am convinced that a rapid solution can now be envisaged".

He said that a decision by the French Government in regard to Bao Dai's return to Indo-China was imminent.

At the same time, M. Pignon told reporters after the interview that a final decision of the Indo-Chinese situation would not be taken until Bao Dai conferred with General Nguyen Van Xuan, President of the Provincial Central Vietnam Government, either in Paris or Cannes.

A Communique issued following the interview said that the proposals submitted by the High Commissioner had been examined and that ex-Emperor Bao Dai wished to render homage to the understanding of the French Government in view of finding a satisfactory solution to the Vietnam problem.

After a third interview tomorrow, M. Pignon is expected to leave Cannes by plane for Paris where he will submit a report to M. Paul Coste-Floret, French Minister of Overseas Territories, who in turn will inform the Cabinet of the interviews' outcome. ference tonight over the talks.

CONSTRUCTION OF SOJITRA-DHOLKA LINE

Great Link Between Gujerat And Kathiawar

BARODA, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): The Railway Board has approved Baroda Governments proposal to construct a new meter-gauge line from Sojitra to Dholka and extend the line from Bhadran to Bhaili and Baroda as also convert the present narrow-guege line between Sojitra and Bhadran into a metre-gauge one.

Announcing this at the Baroda Legislative Assembly, Mr. Jivraj Mehta, Premier of Baroda, stated that the Sojitra-Dholka line besides providing a direct link between Baroda and Saurashtra would bring Bombay direct to that peninsula. There was a tremendous bottleneck at Sabarmati which would be considerably relieved by the proposed new line. It would not only form a great link between Gujerat and Kathiawar and be a rapid means of communication between Bombay and Saurashtra, but would also make transport easy between Bombay, North Gujarat and Rajputana.

Dr. Mehta added that early steps were being taken to complete the survey of the lines.

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CHARGES FRAMED AGAINST MORARKA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A CHARGE OF OFFERING BRIBE TO A PUBLIC SERVANT WAS FRAMED AGAINST GOCULCHAND D. MORARKA, WELL-KNOWN MILL MAGNATE BY MR. K. J. KHAMBATTA, PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE, ESPLANADE COURT, ON THE CONCLUSION OF THE PROSECUTION EVIDENCE IN THE CASE, TODAY.

Rao Bahadur Damjibhai J. Shah who also figured as an accused in the same case was charged with abetment of the offence. Both the accused pleaded notkuilty. The application of the prosecution that the charges should be framed under Act 2 of 1947 was however rejected by the magistrate.

Earlier Mrs. Einsteine Miranda giving evidence narrated the circumstances which led to the arrest of the accused. She stated that she was informed by her husband Inspector Miranda of the Anti-Corruption Branch towards the end of March 1948, that he was investigating a criminal case against. Mr. Morarka and that the latter was trying to bribe him through certain friends and to pursuade him to drop the proceedings against him. Mrs. Miranda added that her husband had however warned Morarka against such a procedure.

Proceeding Mrs. Miranda deposed that Rao Bahadur Damjibhai Shah was first introduced to her on May 4, 1948 when he had come to her husband with a proposal for offering him Rs. 1 lakh provided Inspector promised to hush up the case of having contravened the High Currency Demonetization Ordinance of the Government of India against Morarka. Her husband had already determined to lay a trap for the arrest of Rao Bahadur after accepting the bribe offer.

Mrs. Miranda further stated that it was a part of the plan that she should be taken into confidence. When Rao Bahadur Dhamjibhai came to Miranda's flat on May 5, 1948, to pay the amount, Superintenden Bashiruddin of the A.C.B. and some of his colleagues had already been informed; and it was arranged that a police party should wait at a spot near Miranda's flat to break into the flat after the money had actually been handed over to the officer. When the money was handed over to Inspector Miranda, Mrs. Miranda slipped out of the house by a back door and informed the police party who later raided the house and arrested Rao Bahadur Damjibhai Shah.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to February 22.

Mr. B. D. Boovariwalla conducted the prosecution. Mr E. B Ghaswalla, Mr C N Kanuga and Mr. Amritlal Kapadia appeared for Mr. Morarka, while the second accused was defended by Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur and Mr. H. P. Desai.

INDO-PAKISTAN AGREEMENT ON SURPLUS STORES

The question of surplus stores lying in one Dominion and sold by the Disposals Organisation before the partition to a purchaser now resident in the other Dominion was discussed at the Inter-Dominion Conference held in New Delhi in December 1948. It was agreed that all such purchasers would be allowed the option of taking delivery of the stores before the 28th February 1949 or of asking for the cancellation of sale.

Where the purchaser exercises the option of taking delivery of the stores before the 28th February 1949, the Government of the Dominion where the stores are lying will give him facilities for transporting the stores to the other Dominion if the purchaser so desires.

Where the purchaser prefers the other alternative and asks for the sale to be cancelled, the Government of the Dominion where the stores are lying, will refund to him in full any money which was deposited by him without deduction of any demurrage or rent. These arrangements will also apply to evacuees, and refund, where opted of, will be made to them direct instead of to the Custodian of Evacuee Property.

Persons now resident in India who purchased before partition surplus stores which are now lying in Pakistan are advised that they should exercise their option before the 28th February 1949 and request the Government of Pakistan either for delivery of stores or for a cancellation of the sale and for a refund of the money deposited by them.

Purchasers now resident in Pakistan who before the partition purchased stores now located in India should similarly exercise their option and apply to the Director-General of Disposals, New Delhi, or the Textile Commissioner, Bombay or the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta, as the case may be.

SARDAR'S ADVICE TO CONGRESSMEN

Co-operate With Govt. In Building India

BARDOLI, Jan. 18 (UPI)—Addressing a meeting of Congress workers of Surat, Broach and Panchmahal districts and adjoining States yesterday, Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India asked Congress workers to co-operate with the Government at least for five years and thus enable it to make the foundation of India strong.

"It is a tradition of Asia that after achieving freedom, nations have lost their freedom once more and become slaves" warned Sardar.

He added: "Since hundreds of years India was suffering from the disease known as anaemia. Still we have not got the blood and to get pure blood we need a few years. Some people believe that after tchieving freedom they can do whatever they like; but that is not permissible".

Referring to transport problem of India, Sardar Patel said that Indian railways became old during the war. Railway stocks were taken away from India to abroad. Formerly, India could get locomotives within ten days' of placing an order, but now no locomotives were yet coming although orders had been placed since years back.

Sardar Potel also referred to corruption and bribery prevailing in the country This must be entirely stopped he said.

Sardar Patel also complained that some Congressmen were instigating peasants and thus they were weakening the Congress. If they were not satisfied with the administration of any minister they could throw him out, if they thought that they would be able to run the administration better.

Sardar Patel stressed the need for growing more food in order to save money being spent on imports from abroad.

CANBERRA, Jan. 17 (Reuter)—Australia will grant naturalisation to ex-Polish soldiers and airmen who have lived for a year in the Dominion and for four of the past eight years in the British Commonwealth, or are serving with British commanders.

ARMED ROBBERY BY CITY POLICEMEN

Sub-insepctor And Three Constables Arrested On Grave Charge

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Sub-Inspector of police attached to the City Prohibition Department, assisted by three Police Constables held up a gold merchant of Andheri at the point of a revolver and snatched away a bag containing Rs. 6,900 last week-end, the anti-corruption branch of the Bombay Police reported today.

This "limb of the law", Sub-Inspector Sohoni of the Southern Preventive Section, it is further stated, promptly placed the victim under arrest on the pretext of finding ganja in his possession and whisked him off to the Worli Police Station from Queen's Road, the scene of the hold-up.

Sohoni, along with his assistants, was arrested by the ACB during the course of Monday and Tuesday after police investigations, following a complaint lodged by the gold merchant Narayandas Hansraj.

The complainant accompanied by a friend, Gordhandas Purushottam, was proceeding home from his shop at Andheri with the day's collection of Rs. 6,900 on January 15. It was about 7 p.m. when they reached the Christian Cemetery at Queen's Road. Suddenly two persons accosted them on the pretext of getting a match box for lighting a cigarette. The unwary gold merchant and his friend was instantly faced by the police officer, armed with a revolver, and his constable assistants, who were alleged to have snatched away the money bag containing the currency notes.

The terrorised merchant shouted for help, but was immediately placed under arrest by the Sub-Inspector on a charge of illegal possession ganja and was marched to the Worli Police Station.

The complainant who was subsequently released on bail informed the matter to the Princess Street Police and the case was immediately taken up personally by Deputy Commissioner Rajadhyaksha. Further investigations were conducted by Superintendent Bashirudin of the A.C.B. who, with the assistance of Dy. Inspector Mistri and S.I. Tipnis, arrested Sohoni and the other police constables involved in the commission of the offence.

The stolen cash has not been so far recovered. The police constables who were arrested in this case are Dawood Ahmed, Abdul Gani Babalal and Ibrahim Miya, all attached to the Colaba-Sewri section of the Prohibition Police.

Another person named John Menezes was also taken into custody by the police.

Sub-Inspector Sohoni was granted bail in a sum of Rs. 10,000 while the other four accused were bailed out on a sum of Rs. 2,000 each at the Esplanade Police Court.

GOLD BARS AND COINS SEIZED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Customs Police seised this morning Rs. 5 lakhs worth of gold bars and mohurs which were being smuggled into Bombay from the Middle East. The gold was recovered from a ship which arrived from Iraq.

In another haul, the Prohibition Department of the Bombay Customs seized 36 gold bars and two hundred gold coins collectively valued at Rs. 50,000 from a passenger on board the ship "Ratnagiri" which arrived from Marmagoa.

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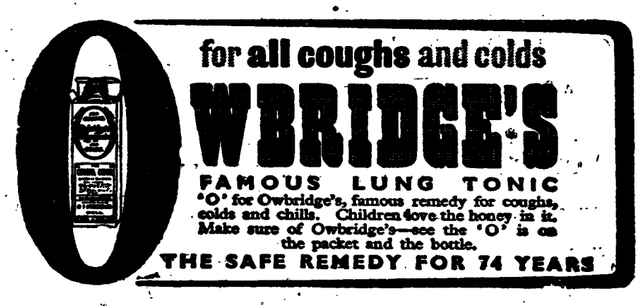

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Food Rationing In Kaira Town

Statutory rationing of foodgrains, namely, rice, wheat, bajri, barley, jowar, maize, overseas millets, including milo and their products, has been introduced in the small towns of Nadiad, Anand, Kapadwanj, Borsad, Mehemedabad, Dakor, Umreth and Kaira, all in Kaira District, from Jan. 18, 1949. An order has been issued under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 restricting the acquisition and possession by various persons of the rational articles in these eight towns.

Diploma In Tanning Course

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has Authorised the Board of Technical and Industrial Training to award Diplomas with the title "Dip. Tech." to all those who successfully complete the courses at the Government Tanning Institute and the Leather Working School, Bandra, and to those who may successfully complete any diploma course at any other post-Matriculate non-Collegiate Institution in future. Students who have already obtained these diplomas are allowed to use the title "Dip Tech."

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 18 (API): Following is the weather summary for Tuesday, Jan. 18th 1949:—

A fresh western disturbances is probably approaching west Rajputana. Rainfall has occurred locally in upper Assam. Isolated very light showers are also reported from the Darjeeling hills. Night temperatures have fallen appreciably over the region extending from Saurashtra and the south-east Punjab to the west Central Provinces and Vindhya Pradesh and risen in Assam and West Bengal.

Forecast valid until the evening of 19th:— Fainfall will be widespread in upper Assam and occur at a few stations in lower Assam and sub-Himalayan West Bengal. Cloudy weather will prevail in north Rajputana and the East Punjab. Night temperatures will rise in Rajputana and the East Punjab and fall in the east United Provinces, the east Central Provinces and Chota Nagpur.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 18 (API): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from Dec. 1, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on Jan. 18, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 92 64 0 0 minus 0.1; Ahmednagar 85 50 0 0 minus 0.4; Bangalore 79 55 0 0.2 minus 0.4; BOMBAY 90 71 0 0 minus 0.2; Calcutta 85 64 0 0 minus 0.3; Colombo 87 71 0 10.3 plus 2.8; Delhi 73 47 0 0 1 minus 0.7; Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 53 0 0 minus 0.5; Lucknow — 51 0 0 minus 0.6; Madras 82 66 0 1.7 minus 4.7; Mahabaleshwar 75 56 0 0 minus 0.4; Mysore 82 57 0 0 minus 0.5; Nagpur 86 57 0 0 minus 0.7; Patna 77 54 0 0 minus 0.4; Poona 87 51 0 0 minus 0.2; Sholapur 89 57 0 0 minus 0.5; Simla 47 34 0 1.6 minus 0.8; Surat 88 66 0 0 minus 0.1.

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Parsi: Amardad 19, 1318
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m Sunset: 6-25 p.m.
Nightide: 03-0C., 15-21.
Lowtide: 09-21, 21-08

Today's Engagments

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: 3-40 p.m.

DEMOCRATIC GROUP: Meeting of Democratic Group of Indian Merchants' Chamber at 5-30 p.m., at Monginis to consider action to be taken regarding forthcoming election of committee of Indian Merchants Chamber.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: At the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street, at 6-15 p.m., on "Essence of Zarathostrain Religion in the Gathas."

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION: Lectures on "First Aid to the Injured" under auspices of Parsi Ambulance Centre, will commence today Wednesday, (19th January), in Lady Willingdon Building, Dhobitalao, at 6-15 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Talk on "Religion, True and False" to be followed by questions and answers, today (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m., at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

F. S. U. EXHIBITION: 'Lenin Against Imperialism' at 48, Benham Lane, Girgaum, open from 5 to 9 p.m., today and tomorrow. Admission Free.

SILVERFISH: Indian musical concert by Radio-Artist Sjt. Krishnalal Dalal and H. M. V. and A. I. R. Artists, Mr. Jayant Joshi and Mr Sammukhbabu, today, at 5-45 p.m.

Mr. Braz A. Fernandes

Mr. Braz A. Fernandes, Vice-President of the Bombay Historical Society has been appointed corresponding member of "L'Ecole Francaise d'Extreme Orient", for a period of three years. Mr. Fernandes is the author of the annual Bibliography of Indian History and Indology which the Bombay Historical Society is publishing from 1938 and which scholars greatly appreciate.

Mr. Fernandes has also collected a fund of information about old Bombay which he is publishing on the occasion of the Society's Silver Jubilee. He has written a useful guide to Bassein and its old monuments.

Part-Time Women Teachers In Secondary Schools

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In order to meet the present shortage of teachers, especially in girls' schools, the Government of Bombay has directed that women teachers should be appointed on a part-time basis in secondary schools.

The following pay-scales have been prescribed for part-time women teachers, both in Government and non-Government secondary schools:

Trained Matriculates, Rs. 25-2-55.

Trained Graduates, Rs. 40-3-85 (Two advance increments to Graduates with B. T.).

The minimum amount of work for entitling a part-time woman teacher to a scale of pay will be 10 hours a week. Part-time women teachers doing less than this amount of work will not be held eligible for the scale, but will be appointed on a contractual basis and remunerated accordingly.

Radio

BOMBAY, Wednesday, Jan. 19.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Madan Bongie 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-:0 R. A. Paigankar Bhoopali Todi on Bensari 8-45 Krishan Dhawan 9-0 Vasundhara Shrikhande 12-0 p.m Rang Tarang 12-30 K. L. Saigal 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mishra Sangeet 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour 2-0 David Lloyd 2-15 Albert Sandler and his Trio 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Vasundhara Shrikhande 5-15 Gokulibai Kakodkar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Madan Bongie 6-30 Gokulibai Kakodkar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 R. A. Paingankar 7-30 Talk in Hindi 7-45 Sham-Ke-Raag 7-55 Varya Varchi Varat 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 R. A. Paingankar 8-45 "Shekhchalli" Feature in Gujarati written by Rambhaben Gandhi 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Current Events 10-0 V. R. Sardeshmukh 10-30 Gokulibai Kakodkar.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. Marathi Gani 5-45 p.m. Krishan Bhawan 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 ks/s)

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Krishan Dhawan 8-15 Madan Bongie 9-0 V. D. Sardeshmukh 9-20 Vasundhara Shrikhande 10-0 Rusi Modi—Viola Dorothy Clark at the Piano 10-20 Marek Weber and his Orchestra 10-30 Goan Folk-Songs.

BARODA, Jan. 19.

250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Film Music 8-30 As in Bombay 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Local Announcements 6-15 For Rural Areas (Gujarati) Relayed from Bombay 6-35 Film Songs 7-0 Stree Sammelan 7-30 Krishnarao Kolhapur 7-45 Topical Talk 8-0 Haridas Paleja 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Chandrashekar Pandya 8-45 Krishnarao Kolhapur 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Air Artist 9-30 Haridas Paleja 9-45 Drut Khayal.

'RADIO TIMES OF INDIA'

With the publication of the January 1 issue of the "Radio Times of India," the fortnightly journal enters its fourth year of publication. It contains articles from among others, Mr. R.S. Bhatnagar (on 'Radio Journalism'), Brig. B.D. Kapur (on 'Radio in World War'), Maj. B. M. Chakravarti ('Calaba of Amateur Radio'), and an interview with Mr. S. S. S. Thakur (by Mr. B. R. Baja]), and Radio Industry in India (by Mr. B.D. Toshniwal), providing interesting reading material for radio fans. The issue is artistically designed and edited and published by Mr. D. D. Lakhannpat, 29 New Queen's Road, Bombay-4.

NO GOVERNMENT RELIEF FOR UNAUTHORISED REFUGEES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In order to ensure satisfactory progress of the relief and rehabilitation measures which are being taken on a planned and systematic basis, the Government of Bombay has directed that all refugees coming into this Province should get themselves registered

From experience gained so far it is found that a large number of refugees have unauthorisedly infiltrated into the various refugee camps in this Province, particularly the more popular ones like the Kalyan and Sabarmati Camps, and into other parts of the Province.

As such unauthorised infiltration tends to swell the number of refugees and is likely to jeopardise the interests of the refugees themselves, the Government has directed that all refugees who come into this Province with or without authority from the Government of India should get themselves registered. Otherwise it will not be possible to obtain information as to which of them have come into this Province and from where.

Unsponsored refugees coming to join their families in the Province will be allowed to join them. In such cases a family will strictly include husband, wife, children, parents and unmarried brothers and sisters. If such families are staiyng in camps, the refugees will be allowed to remain in the camps, provided no fresh accommodation is required by them. Those who have sufficient means in this Province to rehabilitate themselves will be admitted into this Province, but will not be entitled to camp accommodation.

All other refugees who do not fall within these categories, if they enter the Province, will be doing so at their own risk, and the Government will not be rseponsible for provision of shelter, relief or rehabilitation benefits to them.

Fancy Dress Ball In Aid Of Infantile Paralysis Clinic

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Fancy Dress Ball in aid of the Infantile Paralysis Clinic will be held at the Taj from 8 p.m., to midnight on February 8. The programme includes a small dinner, dancing, fast moving cabaret, luck prorgamme and prizes. Price of tickets Rs. 12, to be had from the Taj and Bapsy Sabavala. SUBJECT FOR HEAD DRESS: Continents, countries, provinces, Art (Painting & sculpture), Music, drama, (Novels, plays, poems, proverbs) Medicine, Science, History, Unions, Clubs, Institutions, Associations, Local Problems (prohibition, inflection, currency, beggar problem, refugee problem), Cinema, Press, Advertisements, For Trades and Firms. For suggestions ring up Bapsy Sabavala, (Tel. 41032), from 10 to 11 a.m. All Head Dresses will be carefully kept for you till the parade starts.

HOLLYWOOD: Martha Vickers, 23 year-old film actress, said here that she was engaged to Mickey Rooney, the actor. She will be his third wife, and he her second husband.

COMMUNIST MENACE IN MADRAS

Govt. To Adopt Sterner Measures

MADRAS, Jan. 18. (A.P.I.): The Government had been receiving reports about murders committed by Communists in Irullapadu and other village of Nantiga Taluk, Krishna District bordering Hyderabad, stated Mr. B. Gopala Reddy, leader of the House answering a question in the Madras Assembly today.

The Minister added that the Government were taking necessary steps to put the Communists under check.

Replying to another question the Minister said that the Government were aware that about 25 Congressmen had been murdered in Bezwada during the last 3 months and it was true that complaints to that effect had been received by Government. It had happened in spite of police vigilance. The Government had now decided to take sterner measures to put down the Communist menace.

Earlier the Minister stated in reply to a separate question that in July last Mr. Veeravaprasad, Congress Leader of Krishna was stabbed and no arrests had been made in connection with the incident and the police had treated the case as undetectable.

LONDON, Jan. 17 (Reuter)—Sir Miles Thomas, the man, who last autumn was given the task of reorganising the British Airways Overseas Corporation, is to be the new chairman of that organisation.

U. S. TRADE UNIONIST'S VISIT TO KURLA

(From Our Correspondent)

KURLA, Jan. 18.

Mr. Socolo, a prominent American Trade Unionist who has been touring India to study labour conditions in this country visited the office of the Kurla Mill-Workers' Union on Saturday and discussed with the workers questions of common interest to labour.

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Socolo said that labourers in the United States were very well paid and they had a lot of amenities provided for them free of cost. That was the main reason why Communism could not make any headway in America.

The colour bar which was so prominent a feature in American life was totally absent in mills and factories and whether a worker was a White or a Negro, they joined hands with each other to improve their lot and to promote the best interest of the industry.

In the United States, the two best organised Unions had a membership of nearly 75 lakhs each and their leadership was in most competent hands. The speaker was happy at the progress made by Kurla Mill Workers' Union and wished the Indian trade union movement a bright and glorious future

GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Vigorous efforts are now being made to increase Kurla's contribution to the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund. The Collector of the Bombay Suburban District has approved of the resolution of the now defunct Kurla Municipality donating a sum of Rs. 10,000 to the Fund and Mr. Shah, the Administrative Officer, has forwarded the amount to the proper authorities

WORRIED ABOUT JOINT PAINS? HERE'S A UNIQUE ASPIRIN SPIRIT SOLUTION

If you suffer from bruises, sprains or pains arising from inflamed or swollen joints, here is splendid news. *Radian B* has come to soothe your limbs back to suppleness. This wonderful all-purpose liniment has several unique and interesting features that lift it right out of the ordinary. When sprinkled on the affected area, that master painkiller ASPIRIN, combined with other active principles and aromatic essential oils, is introduced with wonderful effect to the very spot that hurts. With gentle massage, *Radian B* is readily absorbed through the skin, and penetrates deep down to the tissues and nerves. Pain, inflammation and swellings simply melt away. *Radian B* employs an original principle. Soothing and highly antiseptic, *Radian B* can be applied without fear of aggravation to any area, however sore and painful.

Owing to it's complete absorption *Radian B* leaves no "oily" after-effects, and can be used without risk of soiling or staining the garments. The odour is refreshing, aromatic, and quickly disperses. Diluted, it becomes a safe and effective gargle. As a strong and effective antiseptic for cuts and minor burns—a chest-relieving inhalant, and for use against mosquito and insect bites, it is efficacious, powerful, and gentle. Be wise and place this magnificent and versatile remedy in your medicine cabinet without delay. Relieve your pains the pleasant way—the ASPIRIN spirit way—the *Radian B* way.

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From all Chemists and Stores or direct from Messrs. Framjee & Sons, G.P.O. Box 542, Bombay. 1:

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The Beauty Soap of the Film Stars

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Professors of English Economics and Commerce for the Sibsagar College on a monthly remuneration of Rs. 150.- (with prospects of increment). Candidates must be at least a Second Class M.A. or M.Com. of a recognised Indian University. Applications stating age, qualifications, position, previous experience, if any, with copies of testimonials will be received upto 25th January 1949. Selected candidate must join immediately. Professors' quarters available near college. Principal, Sibsagar, College. P.O. Sibsagar, Assam. 2975

Wanted the following staff:— Qualified X-ray technician. Rs. 85-5-100 p.m., Clerk-cum-Typist Rs. 100-10-120 p.m., Driver Rs. 90 - p.m., Peon Rs. 40/- p.m. Salary includes all allowances. Apply in writing to the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Prov. Anti-T. B. Association, Red Cross Building, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. 2944

Wanted Salesman by large European, firm, minimum qualification Matriculation or an equivalent examination. Age limit 24 to 30. Must furnish Cash Security of Rs. 500 - starting remuneration Rs. 60/- plus Rs. 18/- D. A. (now in force) and Special allowance of Rs. 15/- Good prospects for right type of men. Should be prepared to move into Mofussil. Apply in own handwriting stating previous experience and sending copies of testimonials, if any, to Box No. 2942 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a qualified Lady Health Visitor for an Organised Home Treatment Clinic. Will have to work in the Clinic as well as Home visiting. Salary Rs. 100-10-150, plus Rs. 10.- Uniform allowance per mensem. Appointment, in the first instance, for one year; may be extended upto three years. Details of work and other information can be had from the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Province Anti-Tuberculosis Association, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. 2944

Wanted a Medical man for an Organised Home Treatment Clinic, with M.B.B.S., T.D.D. and/or special experience in Tuberculosis work. Will be expected to do home visiting as part of duties. Salary Rs. 350-25-500 p.m., inclusive of all allowances. Appointment, in the first instance, for one year; may be extended upto three years. Details of work and other information can be had from the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Province Anti-Tuberculosis Association, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. (2944)

WANTED:— Automobile Field Service Representative for dealer contact and organising Service and Parts Facilities for important centres in India. Position requires good education and thorough knowledge of Service Promotion and Modern Service Methods. Applicant must be capable of holding Service Schools and have thorough Practical Service Experience. Only qualified persons need apply, stating salary. Premier Automobiles Ltd., Agra Road, Kurla. (2443)

Wanted a smart, competent Lady Shorthand-Typist, knowing filing, general office routine. Apply with copies of testimonials to P. O. Box 2011, Bombay 2.

Wanted a highly qualified and experienced Secretary for a Textile Mill Owners Association in Northern India. Past experience in Textile Associations and/or Chambers of Commerce preferred. Salary no consideration for a really Competent man. Apply to Box No 2757 "Bombay Chronicle"

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch for New Year— Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for new classes just commenced for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (175)

Matriculation, B.A., B.Sc., B. Com., Ph. D., D. Litt., L. T., LL.B. etc. to deserving people without examinations. Particulars against 4 as stamps. Crawford University Lucknow. 2844

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

PERSONAL ADLETS

A comprehensive advertising service offer through press Hoardings, Cinema slides, all throughout India, Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon. Distinctive advertising designs, original selling ideas, translations in all vernaculars a speciality Apply Box No. 2928 "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. 97

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTIFICATION

THE UNDERMENTIONED OFFICERS will be available for interview in their respective offices (except while they are on tour) during the hours on the days shown against each of them.

(1) Office:—Industrial Assurance Building, Churchgate, Bombay.

Provincial Transport Officer, Provincial Rationing Authority.	From 3 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Dy. Provincial Transport Officer, Dy. Provincial Rationing Authority.	From 11 a.m. to 1-30 p.m. From Monday to Friday. From 2 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. From Monday to Friday in emergency cases only.

(2) Office:—State Transport Office, Asian Airway's Building Worli, Bombay.

Provincial Motor Transport Controller.	From 3 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Dy. General Manager, State Transport.	Monday to Friday. From 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. from

Any person who may want to interview the Officers outside the hours mentioned above can interview them only by previous appointment with the Officers concerned.

PROVINCIAL TRANSPORT OFFICER.

Dated: 17th January, 1949. 2987

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay and from Non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of an Accountant in the grade of Rs. 140-8-220-10-240 in the office of the Joint Director of Technical Education, Bombay. Candidates will also be eligible for D.A. as sanctioned by Government from time to time.

Candidates should be graduates of a recognised University. They must possess thorough knowledge of Accounting and Audit procedure in Government office for at least 5 years. Any certificate or Diploma in Accountancy or Book-keeping will be an additional qualification. Higher starting will be given to deserving candidates.

Candidates should not ordinarily be more than 25 years of age in case of Advanced Classes and 23 years in case of Backward Class and Intermediate classes. Those already in Government service should apply through proper channel.

The post is temporary in the first instance but is likely to be made permanent.

Applications with copies of testimonials etc., should reach the Joint Director of Technical Education, Elphinstone Tech. High School Bldg., Dhobi Talao, Bombay, on or before 25th Jan. 1949. 2983

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S.&T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Cloth (White, Khaki, Pagree and Woollen) and Uniform Clothing for 1949'50 will be received by the General Manager up to noon on SATURDAY, the 29th January, 1949.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay No. 1, on payment of Rs. 2/- per each Tender Form. 2984

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Senate of the University has, with the approval of Government, decided to hold the Entrance Examination for the benefit of pupils from Schools in Goa and in the Indian States which are not merged with the province of Bombay. The Entrance Examination will commence on the 22nd March, 1949. Applications on the prescribed form for permission to appear at the Entrance Examination must be forwarded to the Registrar through the Heads of recognised Schools, six weeks before the commencement of the Examination.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY.
University Registrar.
Bombay, 17th January, 1949. 2985

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.
ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT.
TENDER NOTICE.
Specification No. ELG/T-10.

No. T.4-S.7:—Sealed Tenders, in accordance with the above specification, are invited for the supply of steel Towers, Insulators, Conductors, guys, etc. and for erection of the Surat-Billimora 66 KV Transmission Line of the South Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme, and will be received in the office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, upto 5 p.m. on or before the 18th April, 1949.

2. Specification and General Conditions of Contract copies can be had from the office on cash payment of Rs. 50/- per set. Firms outside Bombay may obtain copies on remittance by money order. No refund of payments can be made.

V. R. VAIDYA,
Executive Engineer (Transmission).
for Electrical Commissioner
with the Government of Bombay.
Bombay, dated the 17th Jan. 1949. 2971

NOTICE.

WANTED an ENGINEER B.E. (Civil) for District Local Board Amreli. Pay Rs. 200 25/2 400, Travelling Allowance Rs. 75/-, and Dearness Allowance Rs. 30/- per month. Candidates for the post should apply with testimonials before 1st February 1949 to the President District Local Board, Amreli, (Kathiawar).

(Sd) M. V. PATEL,
President,
Amreli District
Local Board.
(2907)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Bombay invites tenders for the supply of Lime Quick Dry White for water softening containing not less than 85 p.c. calcium oxide required for both broad and metre gauge systems.

Copies of tender forms can be had from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 or the Supdt. of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Ajmer. Tenderers not on this Rly.'s approved list should quote their Banker's References.

Tenders should be submitted in sealed cover to the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Bombay 11 on or before 8th February, 1949. 2990

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Railway invites tenders for the supply of 30 Rectangular tanks, 1600 galls. capacity, material steel class II. The tender forms can be had on application from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 free of charge. Firm not on the approved list of tenderers of this Railway should give their Banker's references. Tenders are returnable to the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 in sealed cover on or before 1st February 1949. 2991

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY.
TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS IN ENGLISH are invited for "REBUILDING ABUTMENTS AND WING WALLS OF—

Bridges No. 680, 681, 682, 683 between Nadiad and Gothaj and Bridge No. 701A, between Kanij and Barejadi stations.

The cost of the whole work is estimated to be about 2.4 lakhs.

(2) Tenders should reach the office of the Chief Engineer B.B. & C.I. Railway, General Offices, Churchgate, Bombay, not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 31-1-1949 and they will be opened on the same day at 12-30 hours in the same office.

(3) Tender documents together with schedules of approximate quantities can be obtained from the office of the undersigned during office hours on payment of Rs. 10/- only which will not be refunded.

(4) Plans can be seen in the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges), B.B. & C.I. Railway, during office hours and can be supplied if required, on payment of Rs. 20/- per set.

(5) Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

H. R. EVELEIGH,
Chief Engineer.
2973

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 31-1-1949 for the supply of milk at the Railway Canteens at Lonavla, Dhond, Kalyan and Sholapur. The approximate quantity required for each canteen in the morning is 30 seers and in the evening 10 seers. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Poona. 2980

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel Bombay 13, invites tenders for the Purchase of old and unserviceable stores, available for disposal at the Stores Sub Depot, Jhansi. Forms obtainable either from the Controller of Stores' Office or from the Depot Superintendent, Stores Sub-Depot, Jhansi, at Rs. 3/- per copy not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 7-2-1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). (2959)

NOTICE.

WANTED—Two lecturers (scale Rs. 300-20-400-25-450/- per month plus dearness allowances, etc.) one in Mathematics (minimum qualifications Science Graduate) and the other in Engineering (minimum qualifiacations—Graduate in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering). Applications stating age, teaching experience with copies of testimonials should reach the Asstt. Director of Personnel (Employments), Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, before the 7th February, 1949. 2988

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATION for "WAITING LIST" for the posts of Clerks and Typists are invited form persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim Refugees from Pakistan.

QUALIFICATIONS:—

The Candidates should have Passed (a) the Matriculation Examination or any other equivalent examination. The candidates for the typists posts should have a minimum typing speed of 35 words per minute.

AGE:—

The candidates should be over 18 and below 25 years of age at the time of appointment. (This age limit may be relaxed by 3 years in the case of Backward and Intermediate Class Candidates).

PAY:—

The Matriculates, Graduates and Honours Graduates will get a starting pay of Rs. 75/-, Rs. 85/- and Rs. 95/- respectively in the scale of Rs. 75-5-140-E.B.-6-200.

The candidates will be eligible for dearness allowance admissible under the rules.

The applications should be sent to reach the office of the undersigned before 31st January 1949.

Dy. PROVINCIAL TRANSPORT Officer.
Industrial Assurance Bldg.,
Churchgate, Bombay. 2986

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

SEALED TENDER for the supply of White Metal for Bearings will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 26th January, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 2989

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on 22nd October 1948 my son Mr. Sultan Rahimbhoy Peerbhoy transferred to me by way of gift his business of supplier of furniture on hire, decorator, etc., carried on in the name of Dadar Mandap Furniture and Decorating Company at Randeria Building, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, together with the goodwill and all stock-in-trade and furniture lying either at the said premises or the godowns at Randeria Building and at Dallas Building, Ash Lane, Dadar.

SHIRINBAI R. PEERBHOY,
Sole Proprietor. 176

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of about 263 tons Brass Dross, Assorted Drums, rubber scrap and mops cotton tape emery, etc. on FRIDAY, 21-1-49 at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Ordnance Factory, Ambernath, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit, balance by 28-1-49 and delivery by 15-2-49.

AUCTION SALE TODAY.
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY NEAR BALLARD PIER TRAM JUNCTION AT FRERE ROAD AND MINT ROAD, FORT.

M/s GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for Mrs. J. P. Katgara the surviving executrix of the Estate and Effects of Mr. J. P. Katgara, sell by Public Auction on Wednesday 19th inst. at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

Leasehold land with tenements at Mint Road and Frere Road admeasuring 265 7/9 sq. yds., or thereabouts bearing C. S. No. 1123 of Fort Area, Street No. 302, Frere Road and 91 Mint Road.

For further particulars apply to M/s Mulla & Mulla, Solicitors or to us.

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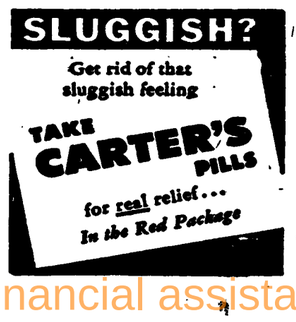

SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES

On December 19, 1948, Mr. K. G. Mashruwala, Editor of the "Harijan", referred to five questions put to him by several correspondents. He observed that he had left it to the authorities concerned to explain but they had not done so till then and he could not postpone ventilating these queries. The "Harijan" has now published the replies to two of the questions from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's principal Private Secretary. The other three referred to matters outside the Central Government's immediate concern, one relating to the Bombay Governor's salary which, after Sir Maharaj Singh's reduction voluntarily from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 5,500 a month, was still about Rs. 2,500 more than that drawn by other Governors, and the other two protesting against a cold weather Congress session and the Rs. 10/- minimum admission ticket charged by the Congress for admission to the Jaipur session. We give below the two questions affecting the Central Government and the answers received:

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL

The principal attack is against the salary of about Rs. 20,000 per month drawn by the Governor-General. Most of the questioners have expressed surprise that "perhaps the most frugal and the simplest leader of our country" should be made the recipient of an indefensibly high salary, to reside in an immensely big palace and move about with an unnecessarily large number of campmen.

The net salary that the Governor-General receives after deduction of income-tax and super-tax is about Rs. 7,200. A large part of it is spent on essential expenditure which cannot be avoided in the circumstances. It has now been decided to fix the salary at Rs. 5,500 free from tax.

Government House is not merely the residence of the Governor-General, but is also the State Guest House and the place for State Receptions. It has also numerous offices and is also the Cabinet meeting place. Some of its Reception Rooms are being used for an Exhibition of Indian Art, Thus the expenditure on Government House is not for the Governor-General, but for a variety of purposes connected with the State.

OUR AMBASSADORS

The salaries to Indian Ambassadors range from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 12,000 per month plus representation allowances. It is alleged that they spend a good deal on giving entertainments. Not only so, but even liquor is served at these parties. What is the justification for these salaries as also for the use of liquor? It is in accordance with India's prohibition policy?

It is not correct that the Ambassadors are paid salaries between Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 12,000. Ambassadors are divided into three classes, viz. Class I, II and III who are in receipt of a salary of Rs. 3,500, Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 2,750, respectively. In addition, they receive a representation allowance which varies from place to place, and which is expected to cover their entertainment and also the increased cost of living in the countries in which they are posted. The cost of living is particularly high on account of inflation and exchange rates and our Diplomatic representatives and their staffs are often finding it difficult to maintain themselves even on existing salaries and allowances.

The following figures will show that the representation allowance, granted to our Ambassadors, is extremely modest as compared with that enjoyed by the representatives of other countries. For instance, the Ambassador for the United Kingdom in Paris receives a representation allowance of Rs. 17,800 and our representative Rs. 3,500. The Ambassador for U. K. in Cairo receives Rs. 8,800, while our Ambassador gets Rs. 3,500. The Ambassador for U. K. in Iran gets Rs. 4,800 while our Ambassador in Iran gets Rs. 2,000 per month.

Instructions have been issued prohibiting the use of liquor at official parties.

BHOPAL CONGRESS AFFAIRS

Appeal To Nehru And Sardar To Intervene

(From Our Correspondent)

BHOPAL, Jan. 18.

Bhopal District Congress authorities who have delared their resolve not to comply with the directive of Madhyabharat Provincial Congress, today, shiftted office records and other property of the Congress of Bhopal to unknown place.

Mr. Rajmal a member of the General Committee has sent a telegram to the President M.P.C.C. Gwalior, alleging that the General Secretary of Bhopal Congress Mr. Srivastava has removed office records and property under police escort

The people of Bhopal accorded a warm welcome to members of the three-man Committee appointed by Madhyabharat Provincial Congress who arrived here this morning. This Committee was to take charge of Bhopal Congress today but due to the decision of the body not to abide by the mandate of the Provincial organisation and intricate situation has risen.

Bhopal Muslims and Pro-Nawab Congressmen have sent telegrams to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Pandit Nehru and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya requesting them to put aside the Provincial Congress decision and intervene in Bhopal Congress.

MENON TO VISIT BHOPAL ON MONDAY.

(From Our Correspondent)

BHOPAL, Jan. 18.

Mr. Menon, Adviser to the State Ministry India Government who was to have come here tomorrow to study facts and meet Bhopal's Nawab for the merger of Bhopal State will now visit Bhopal on 24th instant, it is learnt.

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 17 (UPA): The Travancore Government announced today termination of the services of the Irish-born art adviser, Dr. J. H. Cousins.

OUR LONDON LETTER

"Angel-Faced Editor"

INDIAN JOURNALISTS' HOMAGE TO LATE MR. BRELVI

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON: The news of the death of Mr. Brelvi, the editor of the "Bombay Chronicle", came as a shock to Indians in London. Many of them had seen him when he visited Europe a few months ago. None could then imagine that he would be leaving us so soon.

Mr. Brelvi was in indifferent health, but he was still vigorous and never for a moment showed any signs of exhaustion either while holding press conferences or addressing meetings. He used to go out on fairly long walks with me, and it struck me that the European visit had done him good. Only on New Year's Eve he sent me a seasonal greeting, and wrote of a few plans he had in mind. I could not believe when I learnt at Reuter's Office on Monday that Mr. Brelvi, whom I had known since 1918, had passed away.

MAN OF COURAGE

His death, as Sir Francis Low, former editor of the "Times of India", said is a great tragedy. India and Indian journalism never needed him more, than today when both India and the Indian press are passing through the stress and strain of a transition. His level-headed views would be missed both by his colleagues in the profession and political leaders. It is on this aspect that Sir Francis Low laid stress when he addressed a meeting of Indian journalists which mourned the death of Mr. Brelvi. Mr. Brelvi was a Congressman, but not a Congressman who owed blind allegiance to a party. The Congress, like every other party, could not always be right. Mr. Brelvi stood by the Congress when it was right, and tried to put it right when he thought it was wrong. This he was able to do because he had the rare gift of taking a detached view at a time when one might be apt to be carried off one's feet. He did not usually indulge in strong language but when he felt called upon to employ strong expressions, he did not hesitate to do so. That is why what he wrote and spoke commanded serious consideration even in the highest quarters. This slender man of peace, a man to whom bellicosity was alien, a man who might have sometimes given the impression of lacking guts was in reality a personality of great courage and at times showed determination and firmness far greater than that showed by those called men of iron will.

MAN OF INTEGRITY

Sir Francis Low, while pointing out how Mr. Brelvi helped in resolving many difficulties that arose between Indian editors and the Government, during the war, by his sweet reasonableness, said that he never surrendered his independence. Even impatient youth was fascinated by his charming personality. That was largely because, as another speaker pointed out, he was a man of the highest integrity. All causes of real progress could always rely on Mr. Brelvi's support. Mr. Brelvi was in the unique position of having no foe but many friends. That was because he was a gentleman in the truest sense of the term. Mr. Edwin Howard, who edited one of the leading newspapers in the Far East, recalled that during the war, he had met Mr. Brelvi, along with Sir Francis Low and Mr. Chandra and others in Singapore. He did not then know much about Mr. Brelvi's work as an editor, but it did not take him long to realise that he was meeting a man with the highest moral qualities.

IDEAL CITIZEN

Moreover, the qualities of Mr. Brelvi, were not of mere form they were of fact. He possessed tolerance, forgiveness, charity, ability to understand another's point of view-virtues possessed by few persons in the present insane world. Mr. Cately, formerly of the "Pioneer", said he could see Mr. Brelvi standing, slender, serene, and smiling. Few could resist the charm of his personality. Mr. Brelvi was not a communalist an ideal citizen for a secular Indian State. He believed in a new India where all would have equal opportunities, irrespective of race or creed. This angel-faced editor was not only a great journalist, but a great Indian. Above all, he was a great humanitarian.

GREAT LOSS TO JOURNALISM

It is felt by all journalists that by the death of Mr. Brelvi, the newspapermen in India have lost a great champion of their cause, a man who could be relied upon to give his ungrudging support to any reasonable plan for the amelioration of the condition of working journalists.

The greatest sympathy is felt here for Mr. Cama and others of the "Bombay Chronicle" in what must be a great loss. The sorrow of both British and Indian journalists working for Indian newspapers in this country over the death of Mr. Brelvi is deep and sincere. The tributes paid to the memory of Mr. Brelvi as Mr. Cately said, were neither empty nor formal. They came from the heart of the speakers. Mr. Brelvi's death, as Sir Francis Low said, was a great blow to Indian journalism. Indeed, it was more than that, it was a blow to India.

Jubbulpore Letter

CITY CONGRESS MOURNS LOSS OF BRELVI AND NATESAN—'NO RELIEF FOR HEADMASTERS'

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 13.

The Jubbulpore City Congress Committee, which met at Jubbulpore with its president, Shri Hari Har Vyas, passed condolence resolution on the death of Shri S. A. Brelvi, Editor, the "Bombay Chronicle" and of Shri G. A. Natesan, Editor, the "Indian Review". The meeting paid glowing tributes to the patriotic and nation-building services of these two illustrious and noble sons of Mother India and felt that their loss has created a void in the Country.

SCIENCE EXHIBITION

Doctor V. S. Jha, Secretary to the Government of C. P. and Berar, Education Department, inaugurated the exhibition arranged by the members of the Science Society of the students of the Model High School, at Jubbulpore. Dr. Jha exhorted the students to pay more attention towards the study of science as it has got a greater scope for development in Free and Independent India. He advised them to become renowned scientists and help Country in regaining the glory that was Ind. Dr. Jha appreciated the models which were prepared and presented to the exhibition by the students and encouraged them by awarding them the prizes.

HEADMASTERS' DISAPPOINTMENT

The recommendations of the Provincial Pay Commission and their acceptance by the Government of C.P. and Berar have, surprisingly enough, overlooked the case of the head masters of the Government high schools in the Province and have failed to give these head masters any relief either in the shape of the revision of the scales of their pay or dearness allowance. This has created considerable disappointment among the head masters and they pray the Provincial Government to consider their case sympathetically.

SAUGOR CONVOCATION

The Saugor University, which is going to hold its second convocation at Saugor on January 15, has decided to confer honorary degrees of Doctor on the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Daulatram, Food Minister, Government of India; Pundit Makhan Lal Chaturvedy, poet and the editor of the "Karmveer"; Maha Pandit Rahul Sanskratayan and Shri Pannalal Padumlal Bukshi, a renowned Hindi author of C. P. The Hon. Shri Jairamdas Daulatram will deliver the inaugural address.

LORD NUFFIELD SAILS FOR AUSTRALIA

New Export Achievement

Departing on the liner "Dominion Monarch" on a trade tour of South Africa, Australia and New Zealand with the object of still further increasing vehicle exports, Lord Nuffield stated in an interview that in the first 49 weeks of 1948, the Nuffield Organisation exported over 50,000 vehicles—an average in excess of 1,000 a week—representing 15 million pounds of overseas earnings.

"This", Lord Nuffield declared, "is an increase of 40 per cent. on the Organization's 1947 export record and more than double that of 1937, the best pre-war years".

Concert In Aid Of Milk Fund For Children

BOMBAY, Jan. 18.

The Cowasjee Jamsedjee Memorial Fund Committee will hold a concert at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, on Wednesday, at 6-30 p.m., in aid of the Sir J. J. P. B. Institution's Milk Funds for poor boys and girls, considering the problem of food scarcity and undernourishment all over the world.

Mr. Paranjoti, Director A. I. R. and the Choir have generously come forward to help the cause and are putting up a programme.

Madame Olga Craen, the well-known pianist will be the Guest Artist on the occasion. The proceeds will be donated to the authorities of the J. J. Schools for milk and nutrition supply to poor Children and Committee will be grateful for any donations from friends and sympathisers. Tickets for the concert have been fixed for Rs. 5, Rs. 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1 and may be available from Messrs. S. Rose & Co., Ltd., (Tel. No. 20395) or from Mrs Mehra R. Vakil, (Tel. No. 22924).

MILITARY TATTOO FOR POONA

Flame Throwers, Tanks In Action

POONA, Jan. 18.

Poona is to be entertained with a grand tatoo that will last for three night of the forces welfare week to be held at the Race Course from 5th to 12th February. A Fun Fair and exhibition will run continuously throughout the week, whilst two nights will be devoted to a variety entertainment at the Wadia College, and one to a dance at the Club of Western India.

The Tattoo will include such items as mass bands, a mass physical training display, a bridge building demonstration by Indian Army Engineer and an elephant procession.

The Royal Indian Navy and R.I.A.F. are also listed for special display, whilst plenty of thrills and action are promised by Flame Throwers, Tanks in action, Motor Cycle trick-riding, and an Infantry Platoon in assault. The Mahrattas are providing pageantry and colour with the reproduction of an old-time battle scene which gained the Regiment one of its Battle Honours, that of the Battle of Masulipatam.

Brig. N. M. Mohite Commander, Poona Sub-Area is in charge of the organisation and arrangements. Funds collected during the week will be for the the welfare of Armd Forces personnel and their families.

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1949

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BID TO FORESTALL NEHRU'S INITIATIVE

Dr. Sutan Sjharir Released

WILL NOT TOE THE LINE TILL ALL OTHER LEADERS ARE FREED

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 18 (UPA): The United States delegation to the Security Council was today reported to be drafting a resolution aimed at imposing United Nations supervision on the gradually deteriorating Indonesian situation.

Definite action was sought to forestall the possibility the Asian Conference beginning at New Delhi Thursday might seek to take matters in its own hands due to United Nations inaction.

SOEKARNO'S ADVISER FREE

BATAVIA, Jan. 18 (Reuter): Dr. Sutan Sjharir, personal Adviser to President Soekarno, today returned to Batavia in comparative freedom.

Dr. Sjahrir talked for ninety minutes with the Dutch Prime Minister, Dr. Drees, and Jonnheer Michiels Van Verduynen, Netherlands Ambassador to Britain.

He told 'Reuter' afterwards that the talks were "purely informal and personal and covered a wide range of subjects."

Dr. Sjahrir said that nothing had been fixed for the future, but that he might meet Federal leaders informally and arrangements might be made for him to communicate with Dr. Soekarno and other Republican leaders.

With five other Indonesian Republican Government leaders, including Dr. Soekarno himself, Prime Minister Mohamed Hatta, and Foreign Minister Hadji Agu Salim, Dr. Sjahrir had been detained on Banka Island, northern Sumatra, by the Dutch since the start of the "Police Action" last December.

(Last night, the Netherlands Government said "severe measures" would be taken against those responsible for the conditions under which the Republican leaders were living on Banka Island. This announcement followed criticism by the Good Offices Committee).

Dr. Sjharir told correspondents he had not been required to sign any pledges. He was allowed to leave for his home with friends immediately he arrived here.

The extent of his freedom was not yet known.

Asked to comment on the Indonesian political situation, Dr. Sjahrir said: "I have been completely out of touch".

Dr. Sjahrir's political associates said they were confident he would maintain the attitude of the other leaders that no formal political contacts could be made with the Dutch until all Indonesian leaders were freed and the Indonesian Republican Cabinet permitted to meet.

High Dutch sources here did not exclude such a possibility and it was understood that the question was being discussed at the Hague.

Dr. Drees has practically completed his task here, it was authoritatively learned today.

His mission was "to promote constructive co-operation in the building up of the whole of Indonesia".

SUMATRA LETTER TO NEHRU

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. (A. P. I.): The Emergency Republican Government of Sumatra in a letter to the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, has expressed the hope that the Asian Conference would set an example for United Nations and the Security Council 'how to work and co-operate between nations for the aims laid down in the Atlantic Charter which upto now the U.N.O. and the Security Council have failed to realise'.

The letter which was radioed from Sumatra was delivered to the Prime Minister yesterday by Dr. Soedarsono, Indonesian Representative in Delhi.

18 COUNTRIES TO PARTICIPATE IN CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18. (A. P. I.): Representatives from nine out of the eighteen countries who will participate in the Asian Conference on Indonesia have arrived in Delhi. The others are expected to arrive either late tonight or tomorrow.

Eighteen countries have accepted India's invitation to attend the Conference which is scheduled to begin here on January 20. Fourteen of these countries are sending delegates to represent them while the other four—China, Nepal, New Zealand and Siam—are sending observers.

NEHRU ENTERTAINS DELEGATES

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, entertained the delegates and observers who are already here at a luncheon this afternoon.

Though, officially the first session of the Conference is scheduled to be held at 10-30 a.m. on January 20 in the Council of State Hall, it is expected that the delegates who would have arrived by tomorrow evening will meet earlier informally at Hyderabad House to determine the procedure and agenda of the Conference. The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, this evening visited Hyderabad House and inspected the arrangement made for holding the 'closed meetings' of the Conference. Some of the delegates are staying at Hyderabad House.

TASK FOR CONFERENCE

On the task that will face the Conference, informed quarters here point out that India, apart from being the host and a participating country, has left it entirely to the Conference to lay down its prosedure of business.

To facilitate the work and for a proper appreciation of the situation however, the Government of India are preparing a factful memorandum on Indonesia, which will be circulated to the delegates.

The main task of the Delhi Conference, it is believed, will be to create such an atmosphere as will impel the Netherlands Government to relinquish their hold on Indonesia

ACCEPTANCES

A press note issued today says:

Acceptances to the Government of India's invitation to the forthcoming Conference on Indonesia have been received from Afghanistan, Australia, Burma, Ceylon, China, Egypt, Ethiopia, Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, Nepal, New Zealand, Pakistan, the Phillippines, Saudi Arabia, Siam, Syria and Yemen. China, Nepal, New Zealand, and Siam will be represented by observers.

DELEGATES AND OBSERVERS

The following is a list of delegates and observers:—

H. E. Sardar Najibullah Khan (Afghanistan), Dr. J. W. Burton (Australia), H. E. Yaw Nyein and the Hon. Ble U Win (Burma), the Hon. Mr. S.

(Continued on Page 9)

NEHRU WITH SIKKIM PRINCESS AT CALCUTTA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru chatting with Maharajkumari of Sikkim at a reception held at the Banqueting Hall of the Government House, Calcutta

DURBAN RIOT AREAS QUIET

DURBAN, Jan. 18. (Reuter): Although sporadic incidents occurred in Durban last night, all the week-end riot areas were quiet today, with police maintaining their watch on possible trouble spots.

Four more people died in hospital today, bringing the deathroll up to 120.

REHABILITATION PROBLEMS

The authorities met today to discuss rehabilitating the estimated 30,000 riot victims.

Police reported today that a European was arrested in Maritzburg last night on an allegation that he was inciting Africans. At Edendale, near Maritzburg, an Indian house was stoned, another set on fire, and a store looted.

EIGHT NATIVES BEHIND DURBAN RIOTS

DURBAN, Jan. 18, (U.P.I.): Evidence is accumulating that riots in Durban were well-planned although they may have been touched off earlier than contemplated.

A native spokesman at Cato Manor, the focal point of riots, admitted that eight natives were responsible for the leadership but they had gone into hiding.

MOVE TO BAN COMMUNIST PARTY IN S. AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 18, (U.P.I.): The Minister of Defence in Dr Malan's pro-Fascist Government, Mr. Swart, is to table a motion to outlaw the Communist Party during the next session of Parliament which opens on January 21.

This is the latest development in South-Africa's fast-moving domestic politics, which continue to centre very much round the figure of Mr. N. C. Havenga, leader of the Afrikaner Party, which shares the Government with Dr. Malan's Nationalists.

POLICEMAN KILLS TWO CONSTABLES

CALCUTTA, Jan 18 (API): Two constables were killed and two others seriously injured when a police man fired into a constables' retiring room in Howrah in the suburbs of Calcutta, this morning.

The incident occurred at the premises of a Gas Company where a police picket is on duty day and night as it is a "protected place."

The motive of the crime is not yet known. Five shots were fired, killing one constable immediately on the spot, while another succumbed to his injuries in hospital.

Another policeman had a providential escape. A bullet penetrated the pillow on which he was resting his head, but he himself was uninjured.

One constable has been arrested. It is alleged that the assailant, after firing, threw away his rifle into a neighbouring bush and raised an alarm that dacoits had raided the premises.

NETAJI'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATIONS

Orders under Section 144 CR. P. C., which are in force in Calcutta, will be relaxed for the purpose of celebrations of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose's birthday only, on the 23rd January from 5 a.m. to 5 p.m.

The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, has agreed to a programme of celebrations which will include 'Prabhat Feries", flag hoistings, processions and a meeting at the Ochterloney Monument, in Central Calcutta.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED IN CALCUTTA FIRING

Tear Gas Used To Disperse Student-Processionists: Dusk-To-Dawn Curfew Imposed

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18 (A.P.I.): Two persons were killed and eleven others injured when the police opened fire on student demonstrators in front of the university building in college street this afternoon. Several members of the police force, including a seargeant, were injured as a result of stone throwing. The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta has imposed curfew from 6 p.m. today to 6 a.m. tomorrow.

POLICE USE TEARGAS

The Calcutta police used teargas to disperse two processions of students in Calcutta this afternoon, held in violation of orders under section 144, Cr. P. C., which are in force in the city.

The students after holding a meeting on the University Lawn to record their protest against the use of tear gas to disperse a demonstration by East Bengal refugees in the city a few days ago, were moving towards the secretariat. They were stopped by the police who warned them against violating orders under section 144 Cr. P. C. The students, however, defied the warning, whereupon they were dispersed with teargas.

An hour later another procession assembled in Dalhousie Square and attempted to proceed towards the secretariat, but it was also similarly dispersed by the police. Ten seudent leaders have been arrested in this connection.

The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta has imposed curfew from 6 p.m. today (Jan. 18) to a.m. tomorrow (January 19) in the area affected by this afternoon's disturbances following attempts made by students to bring out processions from the university building in College Square.

The police opened fire for the second time when demonstrators set fire to a running tram car, at the crossing of College Street and Harison Road, several hundred yards from the university buildings.

Some tram cars were set in fire in the college street area and other cases of arson were also repeated from the locality.

The police used teargas three more times to disperse crowds assembling just outside the curfew area.

The situation was quiet soon after 6 p.m., but strong police pickets are patrolling the area.

With the death in hospital of two more persons injured in today's incidents in Calcutta, the casualties reached four killed and 13 admitted to hospital with injuries. Two police sergeants were also admitted to hospital with injuries and some other police were treated and discharged.

Nine tramcars and one state transport bus were set on fire and burnt by the demonstrators.

SAPRU SERIOUSLY ILL

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 18 (API): Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is seriously ill and his condition is causing anxiety.

Sir Tej, who has been bed-ridden for over a year, got an attack of uninaemia early this morning with the result that his kidney is not working.

Oxygen is being given to Sir Tej. Penicillin injections were also given twice during the day.

Since early this morning, Sir Tej has been very restless. His voice has become faltering and inaudible, but he could recognise all the visitors who called on him this evening.

PARIS: M. Henri Bonnet, French Ambassador in Washington, has been appointed French delegate to the Inter-Allied Commission for the Far East.

BOMBAY'S STREET - VENDORS

13. The Cloth - Merchant

These two with the rather dejected expression are making an effort to earn an honest anna—well, more or less—without pushing around for business premises. From what one can make out, it is hard work, and the consolation is that you can squat at it. People have become rather suspicious of peddlars these days, specially when their wares are cloth. Is it a fast colour? Is it unshrinkable? They ask—the horrid fellows. It is no use going round to the houses because the men are away and the women—well, you know. So on the roadside, where the honest office-going John Citizen suddenly remembers of that purchase he has forgotten, one can pluck them as they come.

Communist Terms For Peace In China

DEMAND FOR SURRENDER OF TEN GOVERNMENT LEADERS

Soviet Turns Down Nanking Request To Act As Mediator

NANKING, Jan. 18 (Reuter): All communication between Nanking and points more than fifty miles to the north was reported cut today as Government troops prepared for the expected Communist onslaught on the capital.

Railway trains moving northwards on the Pukow-Pengpu line stopped at Kwangtien, about 54 miles north-west of Nanking. Telephone contact with Pengpu had been lost for 24 hours.

'RED' PATIENCE RUNNING OUT

The Communists are demanding the surrender of the Government leaders at the top of their "war criminals" list as their price for a negotiated peace, a usually reliable Nanking source said today.

Government observers were sceptical about the possibility of Dr. Sun Fo's Cabinet taking any direct action to secure peace, although Communist patience was said to be running out and advocates of peace were in a majority in all organs of the Kuomintang (Government Party).

SOVIET REFUSAL

Reuter reported from Moscow today that the Soviet Government had turned down a Chinese request for the Soviet to act as Mediator in peace negotiations.

Russia said she believed the creation of a democratic and peace-loving China was a matter for the Chinese people themselves and could be achieved most rapidly by direct negotiations between the parties without foreign interference.

The unwillingness of the Soviet Government to mediate in the present critical stage of the Chinese civil war led observers in London to conclude that the Chinese Communists are themselves unlikely at this stage to agree to a negotiated peace.

In London today, Chinese Ambassador Dr. Cheng Tien Msi saw Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, and well-informed diplomatic quarters said Mr. Bevin told him that Britain could not comply with China's mediation request.

A Shanghai despatch said that the City Council today circulated appeals to provincial and city councils throughout China to send delegates to a peace promotion conference planned in Shanghai for February 10.

The British emergency planners—a committee responsible for British evacuation arrangements in the area—circularised Shanghai's 4,000-strong British community today offering facilities in case of emergency.

BRISTOL: Mr. Whitney Straight, Chief Executive Officer of British Overseas Airways Corporation said new secret "Bristal 175" airliners might be flotted with gas turbine engines for the Trans-Atlantic run.

U. N. OBSERVERS FOR KASHMIR

TOKYO, Jan. 18, (U.P.A.): Allied headquarters announced today that 18 American Army and Air Force officers have been loaned to the State Department to help observe the United Nations Kashmir cease-fire by Pakistan and India.

The first of two groups will leave Haneda Airport Wednesday under command of Colonel Alexander T. McCone. The second group will leave Friday.

BRITAIN'S 'NO' TO CHINA

LONDON, Jan. 18, (Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin today informed Cheng Tien Msi, Chinese Ambassador in London, that Britain was unable to mediate between the Chinese Government and the Communists, well-informed London diplomatic quarters said.

SARDAR'S S. O. S. TO MENON

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18.

It is learnt here that Sardar by an "S.O.S." has called Mr. Menon to reach Bardoli on 20th. A confidential letter also has been despatched from Bardoli to Dr. Pattabhi, in connection, it is surmised, with Bhopal affairs.

Interim Government For Hyderabad?

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 18.

It is learnt from Congress workers who have returned from Bardoli that the Interim Government will be formed in Hyderabad State under the Premiership of S. V. Rammurthy ex-Diwan of Udaypur State which will function till the elections of the Constituent Assembly.

A.P.I. VERSION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18, (A.P.I.): It is authoritatively stated today that there is no truth in the reports published in a section of the press that an Interim Government or a Caretaker Government for Hyderabad is being contemplated at the present.

U.S. Envoy To Pakistan Dead

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18 (Reuter): Mr. Paul H. Alling, first United States Ambassador to Pakistan, died today in Bethesda (Marvland) Naval Hospital.

In a special statement, the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. Robert Lovett, expressed his "deep distress"

"Mr. Alling returned to the United States some months ago for medical treatment and it had been our hope that he would speedily be restored to health and enabled to resume his duties in Karachi" Mr. Lovett said.

Mr. Alling, a career diplomat, was 52 years old. "As the first American Ambassador to Pakistan he had established our relations with that country on a basis of friendship and mutual confidence," Mr. Lovett said.

Bill To Replace Public Companies Ordinance

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

The Public Companies (limitation of dividends) Bill has been gazetted and will be introduced in the Dominion parliament on its opening day, February 1.

The Finance minister also proposes to move on same day that bill be taken into consideration. The bill replaces public companies (limitation of dividends (Ordinance issued on Oct. 29 (last year).

TODAY'S CONDOLENCE MEETING.

The Working Committee of the Indonesian League of India will meet at 6 p.m., today (Wednesday), at the League's Office, to mourn the death of Mr. S. A. Brelvi.